

Date: 14.10.2019

To The Listing Manager, Listing Department, The Bombay Stock Exchange Limited , Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers, Dalal Street, Mumbai-400001.	To The Listing Manager, Listing Department, The Metropolitan Stock Exchange of India Limited , Vibgyor Towers, 4th floor, Plot No C 62, G - Block, Opp. Trident Hotel, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (E), Mumbai – 400 098, India. Telephone : +91 22 6112 9000, Fax : +91 22 2654 4000
---	--

Sub: Annual Report under Regulation 34 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

Ref: Security code: 511658 ISIN: INE027D01019

Dear Sir/Madam,

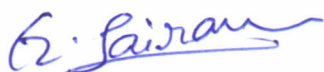
With reference to the subject cited above, Pursuant to Regulation 34 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, we are enclosing herewith the Annual Report of the Company for the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2019, which has been duly approved and adopted by the Members as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 at the Annual General Meeting of the Company held on Wednesday, the 25th day of September, 2019.

This is for your information and records for the exchange.

Please acknowledge the receipt for the same.

Yours faithfully,

For M/s. Nettlinx Limited



Sai Ram Gandikota

Company Secretary & Compliance Officer





26th

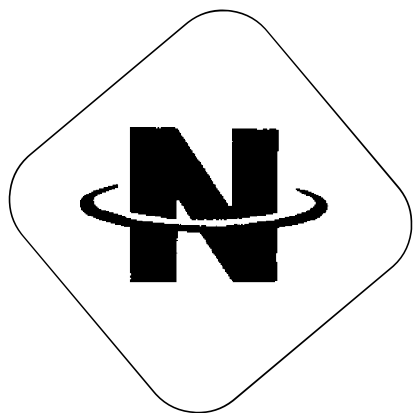
— **කල** —

**Annual Report
2018 – 2019**

NETTLINX LIMITED

Your Power to Communicate

26th
ANNUAL REPORT
2018-2019



CORPORATE INFORMATION**BOARD OF DIRECTORS:**

Dr. Manohar Loka Reddy	- Chairman, Promoter and Non-Executive Director
Mr. Kothuri Kameswara Rao	- Independent and Non-Executive Director
Mr. Venkata Hanumantha Rao Joginapally	- Independent and Non-Executive Director
Mr. Chandra Sekhar Pogula	- Whole Time Director & CEO
Ms. Radhika Kundur	- Woman and Non-Executive Director
Mr. Kiran Venkatasiva Kakarla	- Independent and Non-Executive Director
Mr. Subramanyeswara rao Kakarala	- Independent and Non-Executive Director
Dr. Erwin Leopold Dieck	- Independent and Non Executive Director

Chief Financial Officer

Mr. Mahaganesh Sanku

Company Secretary & Compliance Officer

Mr. Sai Ram Gandikota

Corporate Identification Number: L67120TG1994PLC016930

REGISTERED OFFICE

5-9-22, Flat No.303,
3rd Floor, My home Sarovar Plaza,
Secretariat, Saifabad,
Hyderabad, Telangana-500063.
Ph: 91-040-23232200/23231621
Fax: 23231610 E – Mail: secretarial@nettlinx.org
Website: www.nettlinx.com

STATUTORY AUDITORS

C RAMACHANDRAM & Co.,
Chartered Accountants
3-6-237, Unit # 606,
Lingapur La Builde Complex,
Himayatnagar, Hyderabad,
Telangana 500029, India.

SECRETARIAL AUDITORS

VCSR & Associates,
Company Secretaries,
Flat No.305A & B, 3rd Floor,
Pancom Business Center,
Ameerpet, Hyderabad-500073, India.

INTERNAL AUDITORS

Sampath Soora & Associates
Chartered Accountants
H.No:1-34, Abbapoor, Mulugu,
Warangal-506343, Telangana.

BANKERS

M/s HDFC Bank Limited
1st Floor 6-3-249/5/1, ANR Center Road No.1,
Besides Taj Krishna Hotel, Banjara Hills,
Hyderabad-500034, Telangana

REGISTRARS AND SHARE TRANSFER AGENTS

Venture Capital and Corporate Investments Pvt. Ltd.,
Regd. Off: 12-10-167, Bharat Nagar,
Hyderabad – 500 018, Telangana.
Tel: 91-40-23818475/23818476/2386808023
Fax: 040 – 23868024
E – Mail: info@vccilindia.com

STATUTORY COMMITTEES**Audit Committee**

Mr. K. Kameswara Rao	-	Chairman
Mr. J. V. Hanumantha Rao	-	Member
Mr. Kiran Venkatasiva Kakarla	-	Member

Nomination and Remuneration Committee

Mr. K. Kameswara Rao	-	Chairman
Mr. J. V. Hanumantha Rao	-	Member
Mr. Kiran Venkatasiva Kakarla	-	Member

Stakeholders Relationship Committee

Mr. K. Kameswara Rao	-	Chairman
Mr. J. V. Hanumantha Rao	-	Member
Mr. Chandra Sekhar Pogula	-	Member

Risk Management Committee

Mr. K. Kameswara Rao	-	Chairman
Mr. Chandra Sekhar Pogula	-	Member
Mr. Kiran Venkatasiva Kakarla	-	Member

Internal Compliants Committee

Ms. Radhika Kundur	-	Chairperson
Mr. Chandra Sekhar Pogula	-	Member
Mr. J. V. Hanumantha Rao	-	Member
Ms. P. Saritha	-	External Member

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that the 26th Annual General Meeting of the Company M/s. Nettlinx Limited will be held on Wednesday, the 25th September, 2019 at 10.30 A.M., at the Registered Office of the company situated at 5-9-22, Flat No.303, 3rd Floor, My Home Sarovar Plaza, Secretariat, Saifabad, Hyderabad, Telangana-500063 to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS

Item No. 1 – Adoption of financial statements:

To receive, consider and adopt the audited financial statements of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2019 along the Reports of the Board of Directors and the Auditors thereon.

Item No. 2 – Appointment of Director:

To appoint a director in place of Dr. Manohar Loka Reddy (Holding DIN:00140229) who retires by rotation and, being eligible, seeks reappointment.

EXPLANATION:

Based on the terms of Appointment, Executive Directors and the Non-Executive, Non-Independent Chairman are subject to retirement by rotation. Dr. Manohar Loka Reddy is the longest serving member on the Board, retires by Rotation and, being eligible, seeks reappointment. To the Extent that Dr. Manohar Loka Reddy is required to retire by rotation, he would need to be reappointed as a director. Therefore, shareholders are requested to consider and if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an ordinary resolution:

RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 152 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the approval of members of the company be and is hereby accorded to the reappointment of Dr. Manohar Loka Reddy (Holding DIN:00140229) as a director, to the extent that he is required to retire by rotation.

SPECIAL BUSINESS:

Item No.3. Re-appointment of Mr. Kothuri Kameswara Rao (DIN: 00271944) as an Independent Director

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following Resolution as a Special Resolution:

“RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Sections 149, 152 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 (“Act”), the Companies (Appointment and Qualifications of Directors) Rules, 2014, read with Schedule IV to the Act and Regulation 17 and other applicable regulations of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (“SEBI Listing Regulations”), as amended from time to time, Mr. Kothuri Kameswara Rao (DIN: 00271944), who was appointed as an Independent Director at the 21st Annual General Meeting of the Company and who holds office up to September 28, 2019 and who is eligible for re-appointment and who meets the criteria for independence as provided in Section 149(6) of the Act along with the rules framed thereunder and Regulation 16(1)(b) of SEBI Listing Regulations and who has submitted a declaration to that effect and in respect of whom the Company has received a Notice in writing from a Member under Section 160(1) of the Act proposing his candidature for the office of Director, be and is hereby re-appointed as an Independent Director of the Company, not liable to retire by rotation, to hold office for a second term of five years commencing with effect from September 29, 2019 upto September 28, 2024.”

Item No.4. Re-appointment of Mr. Venkata Hanumantha Rao Joginapally (DIN: 02682027) as an Independent Director

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following Resolution as a Special Resolution:

“RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Sections 149, 152 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 (“Act”), the Companies (Appointment and Qualifications of Directors) Rules, 2014, read with Schedule IV to the Act and Regulation 17 and other applicable regulations of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (“SEBI Listing Regulations”), as amended from time to time, Mr. Venkata Hanumantha Rao Joginapally (DIN:

NETTLINX LIMITED

02682027), who was appointed as an Independent Director at the 21st Annual General Meeting of the Company and who holds office up to September 28, 2019 and who is eligible for re-appointment and who meets the criteria for independence as provided in Section 149(6) of the Act along with the rules framed thereunder and Regulation 16(1)(b) of SEBI Listing Regulations and who has submitted a declaration to that

effect and in respect of whom the Company has received a Notice in writing from a Member under Section 160(1) of the Act proposing his candidature for the office of Director, be and is hereby re-appointed as an Independent Director of the Company, not liable to retire by rotation, to hold office for a second term of five years commencing with effect from September 29, 2019 upto September 28, 2024."

By order of the Board of Directors
For Nettlinx Limited

Date: 09.08.2019
Place: Hyderabad

Sd/-
Dr. Manohar Loka Reddy
Chairman
DIN: 00140229

NOTES:

1. The relative Explanatory Statement pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") setting out material facts concerning the items of Special Business as set out above is annexed hereto. The relevant details as required under Regulation 36(3) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations"), of the person seeking re-appointment as Director under Item No.3 to 4 of the Notice, are also annexed.
2. **A Member entitled to attend and vote at the Annual General Meeting (AGM) is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote instead of himself and the proxy need not be a Member of the Company.** The instrument appointing the proxy, in order to be effective, must be deposited at the Company's Registered Office, duly completed and signed, not less than FORTY-EIGHT HOURS before the commencement of the AGM. Proxies submitted on behalf of limited companies, societies etc., must be supported by appropriate resolutions / authority, as applicable. A person can act as proxy on behalf of Members not exceeding fifty (50) and holding in the aggregate not more than 10% of the total share capital of the Company. In case a proxy is proposed to be appointed by a Member holding more than 10% of the total share capital of the Company carrying voting rights, then such proxy shall not act as a proxy for any other person or shareholder.
3. During the period beginning 24 hours before the time fixed for the commencement of the meeting and ending with the conclusion of the meeting, a member would be entitled to inspect the proxies lodged at any time during the business hours of the Company, provided not less than three days notice in writing is given to the Company.
4. Members/Proxies should bring the duly filled in and signed attendance slip mentioning therein details of their DP ID and Client ID/ Folio No. which is enclosed herewith to attend the meeting.
5. In case of joint holders attending the Meeting, only such joint holder who is higher in the order of names will be entitled to vote at the Meeting.
6. Corporate Members intending to send their authorized representatives to attend the Meeting pursuant to Section 113 of the Companies Act, 2013 are requested to send to the Company, a certified copy of the relevant Board Resolution together with their respective specimen signatures authorizing their representative(s) to attend and vote on their behalf at the Meeting.
7. The Register of Members and Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from Tuesday, 17th September, 2019 to Wednesday, 25th September, 2019 (both days inclusive) for the purpose of payment of payment of dividend, if any, for the financial year ended 31st March, 2019 and the Annual General Meeting (AGM).
8. Members intending to seek clarification at the Annual General Meeting concerning the accounts and any aspect of operations of the company are requested to send their questions in writing to the Company so as to reach the company at least 7 (seven) days in advance before the date of the Annual General Meeting, specifying the points.
9. Members holding shares in physical form are requested to intimate the following details directly to the Company's Registrar and Share Transfer Agent, Venture Capital and Corporate Investments Pvt. Ltd. Regd. Off: 12-10-167, Bharat Nagar, Hyderabad – 500 018, Telangana.
 - (a) Bank Mandate with full particulars for remittance of dividend directly into their bank accounts, if declared at the meeting.
 - (b) Changes, if any, in their address at an early date.
 - (c) Application for consolidation of folios, if shareholdings are under multiple folios.
 - (d) Despatch of share certificates for consolidation.
 - (e) Request for nomination forms for making nominations as per the provisions of the Companies Act.
10. Members are requested to quote ledger folio numbers in all their correspondences.
11. Members holding shares in dematerialized form (electronic form) are requested to intimate any changes in their respective addresses, bank mandates etc., directly to their respective Depository Participants.
12. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) has mandated the submission of Permanent Account Number (PAN) by every participant in the securities market. Members holding shares in electronic form are, therefore, requested to submit their PAN to the Depository Participants with whom they are maintaining their demat accounts.

Members holding shares in physical form can submit their PAN details to the Company/ Registrar and Share Transfer Agent, Venture Capital and Corporate Investments Private Limited, Regd. Off: 12-10-167, Bharat Nagar, Hyderabad – 500 018, Telangana.

13. In terms of Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2013, a member of the company may nominate a person on whom the shares held by him/her shall vest in the event of his/her death. Members desirous of availing this facility may submit nomination in prescribed Form-SH-13 to the company/RTA in case shares are held in physical form, and to their respective depository participant, if held in electronic form.
14. Any director himself or any member intending to propose any person as a director other than a retiring director, has to give a notice as to his intention to propose him/her as a candidate for that office not less 14 (fourteen) days before the meeting along with deposit of ₹.1,00,000 (Rupees One Lakh).
15. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs has taken a "Green Initiative in the Corporate Governance" by allowing paperless compliances by the companies and has issued circulars stating that service of notice/documents including Annual Report can be sent by e-mail to its members. To support this green initiative of the Government in full measure, members are requested to register their e-mail addresses in respect of electronic holdings with the Depository through their concerned Depository Participants. Members who hold shares in physical form are requested to send their e-mail address to the Registrar and Share Transfer Agent Venture Capital and Corporate Investments Pvt. Ltd. Regd. Off: 12-10-167, Bharat Nagar, Hyderabad – 500 018, Telangana, India.

The Notice of the AGM along with the Annual Report 2018-19 is being sent by electronic mode to those Members whose e-mail addresses are registered with the Company / Depositories, unless any Member has requested for a physical copy of the same. For Members who have not registered their e-mail addresses, physical copies are being sent by the permitted mode. Members may note that this Notice and the Annual Report 2018-19 will also be available on the Company's website viz. www.Nettlinx.com. The physical copies of the aforesaid documents will also be available at the Company's Registered Office in Hyderabad for inspection during the normal business hours on

working days. Even after registering for e-communication, members are entitled to receive such communication in physical form, upon making a request for the same, by post free of cost. For any communication, the shareholders may also send requests to the Company's email id: secretarial@nettlinx.org; info@vccipl.com

16. Members are requested to note that the Company's Equity Shares are compulsorily traded in demat form for the investors, effective from 26th March 2001. Members are requested to open Depository Account in their names with a Depository participant to dematerialize their holdings. This would be necessary for facilitating the transfers of Company's Equity shares in all Stock Exchanges connected to the Depository System.
17. Members who are holding shares in identical order of names in more than one folio are requested to send to the Company the details of such folios together with the share certificates for consolidating their holdings in one folio. The share certificates will be returned to the members after making requisite changes thereon.
18. The requirement to place the matter relating to appointment of Auditors for ratification by members at every Annual General Meeting is done away with vide notification dated May 7, 2018 issued by Ministry of Corporate Affairs, New Delhi. Accordingly, no resolution is proposed for ratification of Appointment of Auditors, who was appointed in the Annual general Meeting held on 27th September, 2017.
19. The route map showing directions to reach the venue of the Twenty-Sixth AGM is annexed.
20. **Voting through electronic means:**
 - I. In compliance with provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013, Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 as amended by the Companies (Management and Administration) Amendment Rules, 2015 and Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations, 2015, the Company is pleased to provide members facility to exercise their right to vote on resolutions proposed to be considered at the Annual General Meeting (AGM) by electronic means and the business may be transacted through e-Voting Services. The facility of casting the votes by the members using an electronic voting system from a place other

than venue of the (AGM) ("remote e-voting") will be provided by National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL).

- II. The facility for voting through ballot paper shall be made available at the AGM and the members attending the meeting who have not cast their vote by remote e-voting shall be able to exercise their right at the meeting through ballot paper.
- III. The members who have cast their vote by remote e-voting prior to the AGM may also attend the AGM but shall not be entitled to cast their vote again.
- IV. The remote e-voting period commences on Saturday, September 21, 2019 (9.00 a.m. IST) and ends on Tuesday, September 24, 2019 (5.00 p.m. IST). During this period members' of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on Tuesday, September 17, 2019 i.e. cut-off date, may cast their vote by remote e-voting. The remote e-voting module shall be disabled by NSDL for voting thereafter. Once the vote on a resolution is cast by the member, the member shall not be allowed to change it subsequently.
- V. The process and manner for remote e-voting are as under:
 - A. In case a Member receives an email from NSDL [for members whose email IDs are registered with the Company/Depository Participants(s)] :
 - (i) Open email and open PDF file viz; "nettlinx e-voting.pdf" with your Client ID or Folio No. as password. The said PDF file contains your user ID and password/PIN for remote e-voting. Please note that the password is an initial password.
 - (ii) Launch internet browser by typing the following URL: <https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/>
 - (iii) Click on Shareholder - Login
 - (iv) Put user ID and password as initial password/PIN noted in step (i) above. Click Login.
 - (v) Password change menu appears. Change the password/PIN with new password of your choice with minimum 8 digits/characters or combination thereof. Note new password. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.

- (vi) Home page of remote e-voting opens. Click on remote e-voting: Active Voting Cycles.
- (vii) Select "EVEN" of "Nettlinx".
- (viii) Now you are ready for remote e-voting as Cast Vote page opens.
- (ix) Cast your vote by selecting appropriate option and click on "Submit" and also "Confirm" when prompted.
- (x) Upon confirmation, the message "Vote cast successfully" will be displayed.
- (xi) Once you have voted on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.
- (xii) Institutional shareholders (i.e. other than individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) are required to send scanned copy (PDF/JPG Format) of the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. together with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory(ies) who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer through e-mail to chveeru@gmail.com with a copy marked to evoting@nsdl.co.in.

- B. In case a Member receives physical copy of the Notice of AGM [for members whose email IDs are not registered with the Company/Depository Participants(s) or requesting physical copy] :
 - (i) Initial password is provided as below/at the bottom of the Attendance Slip for the AGM:

**EVEN (Remote e-voting Event Number)
USER ID PASSWORD/PIN**

- (ii) Please follow all steps from Sl. No. (ii) to Sl. No. (xii) above, to cast vote.
- VI. In case of any queries, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) for Members and remote e-voting user manual for Members available at the downloads section of www.evoting.nsdl.com or call on toll free no.: 1800-222-990.
- VII. If you are already registered with NSDL for remote e-voting then you can use your existing user ID and password/PIN for casting your vote.
- VIII. You can also update your mobile number and e-mail id in the user profile details of the folio which may be used for sending future communication(s).
- IX. The voting rights of members shall be in proportion to their shares of the paid up equity

NETTLINX LIMITED

share capital of the Company as on the cut-off date of Tuesday, September 17, 2019.

Any person, who acquires shares of the Company and become member of the Company after dispatch of the notice and holding shares as of the cut-off date i.e. Tuesday, September 17, 2019, may obtain the login ID and password by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in or Issuer at secretarial@nettlinx.org or RTA at info@vccipl.com

However, if you are already registered with NSDL for remote e-voting then you can use your existing user ID and password for casting your vote. If you forgot your password, you can reset your password by using "Forgot User Details/Password" option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com or contact NSDL at the following toll free no.: 1800-222-990.

- X. A member may participate in the AGM even after exercising his right to vote through remote e-voting but shall not be allowed to vote again at the AGM.
- XI. A person, whose name is recorded in the register of members or in the register of beneficial owners maintained by the depositories as on the cut-off date only shall be entitled to avail the facility of remote e-voting as well as voting at the AGM through poll paper.
- XII. Mr. Veeranjanyulu, Partner of M/s. VCSR & Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries (Membership No. FCS 6121) has been appointed for as the Scrutinizer for providing facility to the members of the Company to scrutinize the voting and remote e-voting process in a fair and transparent manner.
- XIII. The Chairman shall, at the AGM, at the end of discussion on the resolutions on which voting is to be held, allow voting with the assistance of scrutinizer, by use of "remote e-voting" or "Poling Paper" for all those members who are present at the AGM but have not cast their votes by availing the remote e-voting facility.
- XIV. The Scrutinizer shall after the conclusion of voting at the general meeting, will first count the votes cast at the meeting and thereafter unblock the votes cast through remote e-voting in the presence of at least two witnesses not in the employment of the Company and shall make, not later than three days of the conclusion of the AGM, a consolidated scrutinizer's report of the total votes cast in favour or against, if any, to the Chairman or a person authorized by him in writing, who shall countersign the same and declare the result of the voting forthwith.
- XV. The Results declared alongwith the report of the Scrutinizer shall be placed on the website of the Company www.nettlinx.com and on the website of NSDL immediately after the declaration of result by the Chairman or a person authorized by him in writing. The results shall also be immediately forwarded to the BSE Limited, Mumbai and MSEI Limited.
21. All documents referred to in the accompanying Notice and the Explanatory Statement shall be kept open for inspection at the Registered Office of the Company during normal business hours 10.00 AM to 5.00 P.M. on all working days (except Saturdays) up to and including the date of the Annual General Meeting of the Company.

By order of the Board of Directors
For Nettlinx Limited

Sd/-

Dr. Manohar Loka Reddy
Chairman
DIN: 00140229

Date: 09.08.2019
Place: Hyderabad

Explanatory Statement

(Pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013)

As required by Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act"), the following explanatory statement sets out all material facts relating to the business mentioned under Item Nos. 3 to 4 of the accompanying Notice:

Item No. 3: Re-appointment of Mr. Kothuri Kameswara Rao (DIN: 00271944) as an Independent Director:

Based on recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee, the Board of Directors proposes the re-appointment of Mr. Kothuri Kameswara Rao (DIN: 00271944) as Independent Director, for a second term of five years from September 29, 2019 upto September 28, 2024, not liable to retire by rotation. Mr. Kothuri Kameswara Rao was appointed as Independent Director at the 21st Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of the Company and holds office up to September 28, 2019. The Company has, in terms of Section 160(1) of the Act received in writing a notice from a Member, proposing his candidature for the office of Director.

The Board, based on the performance evaluation and recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee, considers that given his background, experience and contribution, the continued association of Mr. Kothuri Kameswara Rao would be beneficial to the Company and it is desirable to continue to avail his services as Independent Director.

The Company has received a declaration from him to the effect that he meets the criteria of independence as provided in Section 149(6) of the Act and Rules framed thereunder and Regulation 16(1)(b) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations"). In terms of Regulation 25(8) of SEBI Listing Regulations, he has confirmed that he is not aware of any circumstance or situation which exists or may be reasonably anticipated that could impair or impact his ability to discharge his duties.

In the opinion of the Board, he fulfills the conditions specified in the Act and SEBI Listing Regulations for appointment as an Independent Director and is independent of the management of the Company. The terms and conditions of his appointment shall be open for inspection by the Members at the Registered Office of the Company during the normal business hours on any working day (except Saturday) and will also be kept open at the venue of the AGM till the conclusion of the AGM.

Kothuri Kameswara Rao is a post graduate in Geology. He Joined SBI as a Probationary Officer in the year 1967 and retired in the year 2003 as chief General manager. During this span of 36 years served at different

places and held various positions of responsibility in the areas of General Banking, credit, Foreign, Exchange, Audit and Inspection and Treasury. During 2000-2003 worked as the Managing Director of DFHI Limited (a subsidiary of SBI) a company engaged in trading of Government Securities, a Board level Appointment.

He has considerable experience in Banking Industry and held various Top level positions in State Bank of India and at the time of his retirement he was Chief General Manager of State Bank of India.

He brings with him a rich experience in diversified areas like Finance, Accounts, Audit, costing & restructuring by virtue of his vast domain experience.

Further details and current directorships have been given in the Annexure to this Notice.

In compliance with the provisions of Section 149 read with Schedule IV to the Act and Regulation 17 of SEBI Listing Regulations and other applicable Regulations, the re-appointment of Kothuri Kameswara Rao as Independent Director is now being placed before the Members for their approval by way of Special Resolution.

The Board recommends the Special Resolution at Item No. 3 of this Notice for approval of the Members.

Except Mr. Kothuri Kameswara Rao and his relatives, none of the Directors and Key Managerial Personnel of the Company and their respective relatives is, in any way, concerned or interested, in the Resolution set out at Item No. 3 of the Notice.

Item No. 4: Re-appointment of Mr. Venkata Hanumantha Rao Joginapally (DIN: 02682027) as an Independent Director:

Based on recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee, the Board of Directors proposes the re-appointment of Mr. Venkata Hanumantha Rao Joginapally (DIN: 02682027) as Independent Director, for a second term of five years September 29, 2019 upto September 28, 2024, not liable to retire by rotation. Mr. Venkata Hanumantha Rao Joginapally was appointed as Independent Director at the 21st Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of the Company and holds office upto September 28, 2019. The Company has, in terms of Section 160(1) of the Act received in writing a notice from a Member, proposing his candidature for the office of Director.

The Board, based on the performance evaluation and recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee, considers that given his background, experience and contribution, the continued association of Mr. Venkata Hanumantha Rao Joginapally would be beneficial to the Company and it is desirable to continue to avail his services as Independent Director.

NETTLINX LIMITED

The Company has received a declaration from him to the effect that he meets the criteria of independence as provided in Section 149(6) of the Act and Rules framed thereunder and Regulation 16(1)(b) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations"). In terms of Regulation 25(8) of SEBI Listing Regulations, he has confirmed that he is not aware of any circumstance or situation which exists or may be reasonably anticipated that could impair or impact his ability to discharge his duties.

In the opinion of the Board, he fulfills the conditions specified in the Act and SEBI Listing Regulations for appointment as an Independent Director and is independent of the management of the Company. The terms and conditions of his appointment shall be open for inspection by the Members at the Registered Office of the Company during the normal business hours on any working day (except Saturday) and will also be kept open at the venue of the AGM till the conclusion of the AGM.

Mr. Venkata Hanumantha Rao Joginapally is a graduate in commerce and is a post graduate in management from Shivaji University. He is indenting agency for Aarti Industries Ltd, Mumbai for southern region and has also

been representing Nandolia organics Private Limited, a Gujarat based company since 2000.

He brings with him a rich experience in diversified areas like management, Accounts, Audit, costing & restructuring by virtue of his vast domain experience.

Further details and current directorships have been given in the Annexure to this Notice.

In compliance with the provisions of Section 149 read with Schedule IV to the Act and Regulation 17 of SEBI Listing Regulations and other applicable Regulations, the re-appointment of Mr. Venkata Hanumantha Rao Joginapally as Independent Director is now being placed before the Members for their approval by way of Special Resolution.

The Board recommends the Special Resolution at Item No. 4 of this Notice for approval of the Members.

Except Mr. Venkata Hanumantha Rao Joginapally and his relatives, none of the Directors and Key Managerial Personnel of the Company and their respective relatives is, in any way, concerned or interested, in the Resolution set out at Item No. 4 of the Notice.

By order of the Board of Directors
For Nettlinx Limited

Sd/-

Dr. Manohar Loka Reddy

Chairman

DIN: 00140229

Date: 09.08.2019
Place: Hyderabad

PROFILE OF DIRECTORS BEING APPOINTED

As required by Regulation 36(3) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the particulars of Appointment/Re-appointment of Directors are given below:

Name of the Director	Mr.Kothuri Kameswara Rao	Mr. Venkata Hanumantha Rao Joginapally
Category	Non-Executive Independent Director	Non-Executive Independent Director
DIN	00271944	02682027
Date of Birth and Age	13/04/1943 & 76 years	20/01/1963 & 56 Years
Qualification	1. M.Sc Geology	1. MBA from Shivaji University
Nature of Expertise/Experience	Total 38 years banking experience	Industrialist
First Appointment on the Board	22.05.2006	25/04/2009
Terms & Conditions of Appointment/Re-appointment	Appointed as Independent Director	Appointed as Independent Director
Remuneration Details	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
No. of shares held in Nettlinx Limited as at March 31, 2019	Nil	Nil
Relationship with other Directors/Manager/KMP	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
No. of Board meetings attended out of 4 meetings held during the year	2(Out of 4)	4(Out of 4)
Other Directorships	Listed Public Companies	Listed Public Companies
	1. Nettlinx Limited	1. Nettlinx Limited
	Public Companies:	Public Companies:
	NIL	1. Sri venkateswara Green Power Projects Limited
	Private Companies:	Private Companies:
	1. Sai Roshni Capital Private Limited	1. Nettlinx Realty Private Limited
	Foreign Companies:	Foreign Companies:
	Nil	Nil
	Section 8 Companies	Section 8 Companies
	NIL	NIL
	LLPs:	LLPs:
	NIL	NIL
Committee Positions	Chairman:	Member:
	1. Audit Committee	1. Audit Committee
	2. Stakeholders Relationship Committee	2. Stakeholders Relationship Committee
	3. Nomination and Remuneration Committee	3. Nomination and Remuneration Committee
	4.Risk Management Committee	4. Risk Management Committee
		5.Internal Complaints Committee

BOARD'S REPORT

To

The Members,

Your Directors take pleasure in presenting their Twenty Sixth Annual Report and the audited Statement of Accounts, highlighting the business operations and financial results for the financial year ended March 31, 2019. Consolidated performance of the Company and its subsidiaries has been referred to wherever required.

1. FINANCIAL SUMMARY OR HIGHLIGHTS/ PERFORMANCE OF THE COMPANY:

The summarized standalone and consolidated results of your Company and its subsidiaries are given in the table below:

On the basis of standalone financial statements, the performance of the Company appears as follows:

(Amount ₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	2018-2019	2017-2018
Revenue from Operations	1203.63	1038.91
Other Income	287.41	244.20
Total Income	1491.04	1283.11
Total Expenditure	928.64	896.82
Profit before Interest and Depreciation	761.42	451.71
Finance Cost	124.68	103.89
Depreciation	74.34	55.05
Profit before exceptional items and Tax	562.40	386.30
Exceptional Item	0.00	0.00
Profit/(Loss) Before Tax	562.40	386.29
Deferred Tax Asset	-6.56	7.04
Current Tax	165.24	113.68
Less: Provision of MAT	0	0
Net Profit/ (loss) after Tax	403.71	265.57

On the basis of consolidated financial statements, the performance of the Company appears as follows:

(Amount ₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	2018-2019	2017-2018
Revenue from Operations	2059.82	1571.70
Other Income	286.87	245.11
Total Income	2346.68	1816.81
Total Expenditure	1881.44	1626.11
Profit before Interest and Depreciation	819.46	477.32

Depreciation	82.93	63.46
Finance Cost	271.24	223.17
Profit before exceptional items and Tax	465.28	190.69
Exceptional Item	0	0.00
Profit/(Loss) Before Tax	465.28	190.70
Deferred Tax Asset	-7.65	8.89
Current Tax	165.24	113.68
Less: Provision of MAT	0	0
Net Profit/ (loss) after Tax	307.69	68.12

2. BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE COMPANY'S WORKING DURING THE YEAR/STATE OF COMPANY'S AFFAIR:

During the year under review, the gross revenue of the Company increased to ₹.1203.63 Lakhs as compared to ₹.1038.91 Lakhs in the previous year. The Profit after tax for the year was ₹.403.71 Lakhs as compared to ₹.265.57 Lakhs in the previous year.

3. CHANGE IN THE NATURE OF BUSINESS, IF ANY:

Consolidation of Clients, rationalization of market segments & expansion of Sales force will be the Focused approach in Financial Year 2019 – 2020 to achieve the targeted numbers. During the Financial Year 2018–2019. The plan is to profitably balance out and integrate Top line growth with reasonable bottom lines.

4. MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS, IF ANY, AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY WHICH HAVE OCCURRED BETWEEN THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR OF THE COMPANY TO WHICH THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS RELATE AND THE DATE OF THE REPORT

There are no Material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the company.

5. FUTURE OUTLOOK:

Renewed thrust with a larger Sales force to tap the growing market during Q 2 , Q 3 & Q 4 will take up the Top line under stand alone to a level of ₹.1800.00 lakhs, up from the previous year's ₹.1203.63 Lakhs, an estimated growth of around 49.54 % YoY.

Standalone:

In the ISP segment, there is immense competition in both the twin states of Telangana State & Andhra Pradesh State. On one hand, Home grown and dominant localized State level A & B category ISPs are fighting for larger market shares with bigger brand presence & reach. On the other side, National TELCOs are also directly marketing all their Voice, Data & Video service offerings in the same markets. Margins are shrinking with

NETTLINX LIMITED

incremental fixed costs. Fall in Internet Bandwidth buying prices is getting negated with higher demand from end consumers from the point of view of both quality & quantity of bandwidth, which poses a challenge in optimizing usage of Internet bandwidth management. State Governments on both sides are exploring the possibility of providing Free Wi-Fi in select Cities & principal towns. This may add to the existing fierce competition. Additionally, Reliance Jio Communications is expected to play havoc in the market with their aggressive combo offerings and marketing campaigns. Against the above backdrop, Nettlinx has strategically positioned itself in a niche market segment comprising of larger reliance on SMEs, Educational Institutions & Business Broadband than relying on third party Cable Operators network as opposed to only the home broadband segment & whole sale bandwidth by most others. Under these circumstances, Nettlinx will be able to overcome competition and scale over all the hurdles and achieve the desired and budgeted financial numbers.

Consolidated:

Nettlinx Realty Private Limited:

With an objective of profitable diversification under the Nettlinx Holding Company, Nettlinx Realty Private Limited has chalked out ambitious plans as the real estate sector is booming across the principal cities in India and is poised to grow rapidly in the next few years. As a first step towards achieving this objective, The Company, several years back, has acquired a land at Gachibowli at Hyderabad. Additionally it has bought another land at Nagpur identifying its potential and to take advantage of Nagpur becoming a major multi modal cargo hub and this land is very close to the SEZ. The Company has initiated the process of considering possible tieup with leading Companies to jointly leverage this land bank for possible conversion into residential / commercial property development projects.

The initial investments on these two lands got appreciated manifold owing to huge demand and land rates going up north. In Both these specific locations where the land is situated, exponential residential apartments are coming up from multiple developers. We should be able to monetize over a period of 2 – 3 years as we are going to enter development agreements with leading Companies.

SALION SE:

Salion SE is a subsidiary of Nettlinx Aquaculture Private Limited. It has acquired 95% of Salion SE of Germany.

Salion SE is an Management consultant company based out of Berlin, Germany. The Corporation manages more than Euro 1.70 Million investments. It has a specialized team which advises on M&A and financing of M&A transactions.

This strategic investment will help Nettlinx build a war chest for future acquisitions of High tech companies in the industrial space in Germany.

The Company derives advantage through this route on account of extended leverage it gets in a low interest country where in the current interest rates are lesser than 2% PA against the interest rates prevailing in India which hover around 10% PA.

Salion SE has excellent credit rating and presently can leverage this investment to the tune of around Euro 20 Million. For overseeing this new project, Mr. Abraham Joy is on the supervisory board of Salion SE to take care of the overall operations along with his team.

NETTLINX INC:

Nettlinx Inc. is a 17-year-old US (registered office in NJ) corporation. We are into software consulting, network services, application development, and outsourcing and managed cloud services. Clients include big companies like IBM, Microsoft, Vanguard, HCL to name a few.

Currently, we are developing a micro ERP application framework. It is aimed at small businesses which do not need the complex structure that a full-fledged ERP provides. The target market small businesses which do not have the need or utilize their own IT department. Currently, it is in production with two pharmaceutical distributors.

SRI VENKATESWARA GREEN POWER PROJECTS LIMITED:

Sri Venkateswara Green Power Projects Limited (SVGPPL) was incorporated in the year 1999 to establish power projects in the non renewable energy sector. "14 MW Waste to Energy Power Plant Based on RDF" facility at Yacharam Village & Mandal, Range Reddy District, Telangana State, utilizing the MSW from GHMC.

SVGreen has entered into a Concession Agreement with GHMC on 10th November 2010 for the supply of 700 TPD Hyderabad MSW to the project site – Re Ratified vide G.O. No. 448 date 26.07.2017. (MA&UD – Govt. Of Telangana).

With all the required permissions in place, the present project envisages developing and implementing a viable and environmentally sustainable 14 MW Energy from Waste, which would scientifically process and dispose the MSW. The project facility covers processing and treatment of MSW, which includes:

- 1000 TPD MSW receipt and processing plant
- 14 MW Waste to Energy Plant for combustible component
- Leachate collection and Treatment system
- Inert management facility

NETTLINX LIMITED

The company has already acquired land admeasuring about 25 Acres in Yacharam Village, near Hyderabad. The project site is about 2 kms. From SH-19, Nagarjunasagar Highway, 55 km from city center, 22 km from ORR.

- The project has received consent for Establishment from state Pollution control board.

6. **SUBSIDIARIES:**

Company has Three wholly owned subsidiaries namely Nettlinx Inc., Salion SE and Nettlinx Realty Private Limited, One Subsidiary namely Sri Venkateswara Green Power Projects Limited. There are no associate companies within the meaning of Section 2(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act").

Nettlinx Aquaculture Private Limited is amalgamated into Nettlinx Limited with effective from the Appointed Date 01.04.2017.

The details of financial performance of Subsidiary/ Joint Venture/Associate Company is furnished in Annexure-A.

7. **RESERVES:**

The Directors do not propose to transfer any amount to the General Reserves. ₹. 403.71/- Lakhs has been transferred to the Reserves during the financial year 2018-19, being the surplus for the year end 31st March, 2019.

8. **SHARE CAPITAL:**

The Authorized Share Capital of the company is ₹.34,50,00,000 divided into 3,45,00,000 equity shares of ₹.10 (Rupees Ten Only) each.

The Issued, Subscribed and Paid up Capital of the Company as on March 31, 2019 is ₹.11,46,33,120 divided into 1,14,63,312 equity shares of ₹.10 (Rupees Ten Only) each.

The company has forfeited the issued 1795127 convertible share warrants on the Board of Directors meeting of the company held on 10.08.2018.

A. **BUY BACK OF SECURITIES:**

The Company has not bought back any of its securities during the year under review.

B. **SWEAT EQUITY:**

The Company has not issued any Sweat Equity Shares during the year under review.

C. **BONUS SHARES:**

No Bonus Shares were issued during the year under review.

D. **EMPLOYEES STOCK OPTION PLAN:**

The Company has not provided any Stock Option Scheme to the employees.

9. **DIVIDEND:**

Due to conservation of Profits, your Board could not recommend any dividend for the financial year 2018-19.

10. **DEPOSITS:**

The Company has not accepted any deposits from public and as such, no amount on account of principal or interest on deposits from public was outstanding as on the date of the balance sheet.

11. **DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL:**

DIRECTORS:

Mr.Kothuri kameswara Rao (Holding DIN: 00271944) was appointed as an independent director at the 21st Annual General Meeting (AGM) held on September 29, 2014 for a period of five years.

Mr. Venkata Hanumantha Rao Joginapally (holding DIN 02682027) was appointed as an independent director at the 21st Annual General Meeting (AGM) held on September 29, 2014 for a period of five years.

Their terms are going to expire on 28.09.2019.

Based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, their re-appointment for a second term of five years is proposed at the ensuing AGM for the approval of the Members by way of special resolution.

The Board recommends the resolution as set forth in item No.3 and 4 of the notice for approval of the members. For the perusal of the shareholders, a brief resume of the Director being re-appointed along with necessary particulars are given in the Explanatory statement of the notice.

RE-APPOINTMENTS:

In accordance with the provisions of Companies Act, 2013, Dr. Manohar Loka Reddy, Director of the company would retire by rotation and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment. The Board recommends their reappointment at the ensuing Annual general Meeting of the company.

RESIGNATIONS:

Mr. Rohith Loka Reddy relinquished the position of managing Director with effect from 10.08.2018 due to pre occupations and personal reasons. The Board places on record its appreciation for his invaluable contribution and guidance.

STATEMENT ON THE DECLARATION GIVEN BY THE INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS AS PER SECTION 149(6) OF COMPANIES ACT, 2013:

The company has received necessary declarations from the Independent Directors under section 149(7) of Companies Act, 2013, that they meet the criteria of independence as laid down under section 149 (6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 25 of Securities And Exchange Board Of India (Listing Obligations And Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

DETAILS OF KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONAL (KMP):

Pursuant to the provisions of section 203 of the Act, the key managerial personnel of the Company are –Mr. Chandra Sekhar Pogula, Chief Executive Officer and Whole Time Director, Mr. S.Mahaganesh, Chief Financial Officer and Mr. Sai Ram Gandikota, Company Secretary.

NUMBER OF MEETINGS OF THE BOARD:

Four meetings of the board were held during the year. For details of the meetings of the board, please refer to the corporate governance report, which forms part of this report.

No Extraordinary General Meetings of the company during the Financial Year.

Meeting of Independent directors meeting held on 14.02.2019.

The intervening gap between the Meetings was within the period prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.

Board evaluation:

The board of directors has carried out an annual evaluation of its own performance, board committees and individual directors pursuant to the provisions of the Act and the corporate governance requirements as prescribed by Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations").

The performance of the board was evaluated by the board after seeking inputs from all the directors on the basis of the criteria such as the board composition and structure, effectiveness of board processes, information and functioning, etc.

The performance of the committees was evaluated by the board after seeking inputs from the committee members on the basis of the criteria such as the composition of committees, effectiveness of committee meetings, etc.

The board and the nomination and remuneration committee reviewed the performance of the individual director son the basis of the criteria such as the contribution of the individual director to the board and committee meetingslike preparedness on the issues to

be discussed, meaningful and constructive contribution and inputs in meetings,etc. In addition, the chairman was also evaluated on the key aspects of his role.

In a separate meeting of independent directors, performance of non-independent directors, performance of theboard as a whole and performance of the chairman was evaluated, taking into account the views of executivedirectors and non-executive directors. The same was discussed in the board meeting that followed the meetingof the independent directors, at which the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors wasalso discussed. Performance evaluation of independent directors was done by the entire board, excluding theindependent director being evaluated.

POLICY ON DIRECTORS' APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION AND OTHER DETAILS:

The Company's policy on directors' appointment and remuneration and other matters provided in section 178(3) of the Act has been disclosed in the corporate governance report, which forms part of this report.

12. DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT:

In pursuance of Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, your directors confirm:

- (a) That the directors in the preparation of the annual accounts the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanations relating to material departures.
- (b) That the directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at the end of the financial year and of the profit and loss of the Company for that period.
- (c) That the directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safe guarding the assets of the company and for preventing and deleting fraud and other irregularities.
- (d) That the directors had prepared the annual accounts on the going concern basis.
- (e) That the directors had laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively.
- (f) That the directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

13. AUDITORS AND AUDITOR's REPORT:

STATUTORY AUDITORS:

M/s. C.Ramachandram & Co, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 002864S) allotted by The Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) was appointed as Auditors of the company for a term of consecutive five years at the 24th Annual General Meeting held on 27th September, 2017.

They have confirmed that they are not disqualified from continuing as auditors of the company.

The notes on financial statements referred to in the Auditor's report are self-explanatory and do not call for any further comments. The auditor's report does not contain any qualification, reservation, adverse remark or disclaimer.

SECRETARIAL AUDITOR:

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 and The Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, the Board had appointed M/s VCSR & Associates, Company Secretaries, to carry out Secretarial Audit for the financial year 2018-2019.

SECRETARIAL AUDITORS' REPORT:

The auditors' report and secretarial auditors' report does not contain any qualifications, reservations or adverse remarks. The Secretarial Audit report is annexed herewith as "(Annexure B)" & "(Annexure B1)". The report is self-explanatory and do not call for any further comments.

AUDITORS CERTIFICATE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE:

As required by Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations") the Auditor's Certificate on Corporate Governance is enclosed as Annexure-C to the Board's Report. The Auditors certificate for Financial Year 2018-2019 does not contain any qualifications, reservations or adverse remarks.

14. **EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN:**

As provided under section 92(3) of the Act, the extract of annual return is given in Annexure-D in the prescribed Form MGT-9, which forms part of this report.

15. **PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES:**

a) The information required under section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 is annexed as Annexure-E to this report.

b) Pursuant to Rule 5(2) of Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, during the Year under review, None of the employees of the company employed throughout the financial year, was in receipt of remuneration for that year which, in the aggregate, was not less than sixty lakh rupees; None of the employees of the company employed for a part of the financial year, was in receipt of remuneration for any part of that year, at a rate which, in the aggregate, was not less than five lakh rupees per month; None of the employees of the company employed throughout the financial year or part thereof, was in receipt of remuneration in that year which, in the aggregate, or as the case may be, at a rate which, in the aggregate, is in excess of that drawn by the managing director or whole-time director or manager and holds by himself or along with his spouse and dependent children, not less than two percent of the equity shares of the company.

16. **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS REPORTS:**

The Corporate Governance and Management Discussion & Analysis Report, which form an integral part of this Report, are set out as Annexure-F and Annexure-G respectively together with the Certificate from the auditors of the Company regarding compliance with the requirements of Corporate Governance as per SEBI Listing Regulations.

17. **TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES:**

All contracts / arrangements / transactions entered by the Company during the financial year with related parties were in the ordinary course of business and on an arm's length basis.

There are no materially significant related party transactions made by the Company with Promoters, Directors or Key Managerial Personnel etc, which may have potential conflict with the interest of the Company at large. Hence no disclosure in Form AOC-2 is required. All related party transactions are presented to the Audit Committee and the Board for its approval.

The Related Party Transaction Policy has been devised by your company for determining the materiality of transactions with related parties and dealings with them.

18. INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND THEIR ADEQUACY:

The details in respect of internal financial control and their adequacy are included in the management discussion & analysis, which forms part of this report.

19. AUDIT COMMITTEE:

The details pertaining to composition of audit committee are included in the Corporate Governance Report, which forms part of this report.

20. VIGIL MECHANISM:

In pursuant to the provisions of section 177(9) & (10) of the Companies Act, 2013, a Vigil Mechanism for directors and employees to report genuine concerns has been established. The Vigil Mechanism Policy has been uploaded on the website of the Company at www.nettlinx.com

21. RISK MANAGEMENT:

The board of directors of the Company has formed a risk management committee to frame, implement and monitor the risk management plan for the Company. The committee is responsible for reviewing the risk management plan and ensuring its effectiveness. The audit committee has additional oversight in the area of financial risks and controls. Major risks identified by the businesses and functions are systematically addressed through mitigating actions on a continuing basis.

The development and implementation of risk management policy has been covered in the management discussion and analysis, which forms part of this report.

22. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS OR TRIBUNALS IMPACTING THE GOING CONCERN STATUS AND COMPANY'S OPERATIONS IN FUTURE:

No significant and material order has been passed by the regulators, courts, tribunals impacting the going concern status and Company's operations in future.

23. PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS UNDER SECTION 186:

The particulars of loans, guarantees or investments made under section 186 of the Companies Act 2013 are covered in the notes of the Financial Statement for the year ended 31st March, 2019.

24. DISCLOSURE UNDER THE SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013:

The Company has in place an Anti Sexual Harassment Policy in line with the requirements of The Sexual Harassment of Women at workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013. Internal Complaint Committee (ICC) has been set up to redress complaints received regarding sexual harassment. All employees are covered under this policy.

The following is the summary of sexual harassment complaints received and disposed during the calendar year.

- No. of complaints received: Nil
- No. of complaints disposed off: Nil

25. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO:
(A) Conservation Of Energy:

The operations of the company involve low energy consumption. However adequate measures have been taken to conserve energy wherever practicable.

(B) Technology absorption, adaptation and innovation:

The company continues to use the latest technologies for improving the quality of its operations. Provision of state of the Art communication facilities to all software development centers and total technology solutions to its clients contribute to technology absorption and innovation.

(C) Foreign exchange earnings and Outgo:

The Foreign Exchange earned in terms of actual inflows during the year and the Foreign Exchange outgo during the year in terms of actual outflows is as follows:

Foreign Exchange Inflows : ₹. 3,04,53,341 /-
Foreign Exchange Outflows : ₹. 1,47,716/-

26. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR):

Even though the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 regarding Corporate Social Responsibility are not attracted to the company, yet the Company has been, over the years, pursuing as part of its corporate philosophy, an unwritten CSR policy

NETTLINX LIMITED

voluntarily which goes much beyond mere philanthropic gestures and integrates interest, welfare and aspirations of the community with those of the Company itself in an environment of partnership for inclusive development.

27. HEALTH AND SAFETY/ INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS:

The company continues to accord high priority to health and safety of employees at manufacturing locations. During the year under review, the company conducted safety training programmes for increasing disaster preparedness and awareness among all employees at the plants. Training programmes and mock drills for safety awareness were also conducted for all employees at the plants. Safety Day was observed with safety competition programmes with aim to imbibe safety awareness among the employees at the plant.

During the year under review, your Company enjoyed cordial relationship with workers and employees at all levels.

28. LISTING WITH STOCK EXCHANGES:

The Company confirms that it has paid the Annual Listing Fees for the year 2018-2019 to BSE and MSEI where the Company's Shares are listed.

29. PREVENTION OF INSIDER TRADING:

The Company has adopted a Code of Conduct for Prevention of Insider Trading with a view to regulate trading in securities by the Directors and designated employees of the Company. The Code prohibits the purchase or sale of Company shares by the Directors and the designated employees while in possession of unpublished price sensitive information in relation to the Company, during the period (the Trading Window is closed). The Board is responsible for implementation of the Code.

All Board Directors and the designated employees have confirmed compliance with the Code.

30. ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS:

Your Directors wish to place on record their appreciation of the contribution made by the employees at all levels, to the continued growth and prosperity of your Company.

Your Directors also wish to place on record their appreciation of business constituents, banks and other financial institutions and shareholders, of the Company for their continued support.

By order of the Board of Directors
For Nettlinx Limited

Sd/-

Dr. Manohar Loka Reddy

Chairman

DIN: 00140229

Date: 09.08.2019
Place: Hyderabad

ANNEXURE INDEX

Annexure	Content
A	AOC-1
B&B1	MR-3 Secretarial Audit Report
C	Auditors Certificate on corporate Governance
D	Extract Of Annual Return
E	Particulars Of Employees
F	Corporate Governance Report
G	Management Discussion & Analysis Reports

Form AOC-I

(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of Subsidiaries or Associates or Joint Ventures

Part "A": Subsidiaries

Information in respect of Nettlinx Realty Private Limited to be presented with amounts in Rupees (INR):

1. Sl. No: 1
2. Name of the subsidiary: Nettlinx Realty private Limited
3. The date since when subsidiary was acquired: 16/09/2006
4. Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding company's reporting period: 01st Apr, 2018 to 31st March, 2019
5. Reporting currency and Exchange rate as on the last date of the relevant Financial year in

the case of foreign subsidiaries: INR

6. Share capital: 3100000
7. Reserves and surplus: (87079927)
8. Total Assets: 138263573
9. Total Liabilities: 135214773
10. Investments: 3048800
11. Turnover: Nil
12. Profit before taxation: (18500656)
13. Provision for taxation: Nil
14. Profit after taxation: (18605076)
15. Proposed Dividend: Nil
16. Extent of shareholding (in percentage): 100

Information in respect of Nettlinx INC to be presented with amounts in US Dollar:

1. Sl. No.: 2.
2. Name of the subsidiary: Nettlinx, INC.
3. The date since when subsidiary was acquired: 22.08.2003
4. Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned: Jan 1, 2018 to Dec 31, 2018

NETTLINX LIMITED

- | | |
|--|--|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 5. Reporting currency and Exchange rate as on the last date of the relevant financial year in the case of foreign subsidiaries: US Dollar at 69.17 6. Share capital: \$ 1,10,545 7. Reserves & surplus: \$ 595838 8. Total assets: \$ 1138279 9. Total Liabilities: \$ 299968 10. Investments: \$ Nil 11. Turnover: \$ 1206917 12. Profit before taxation: \$ 199622 13. Provision for taxation: Nil 14. Profit after taxation: \$ 199622 15. Proposed Dividend: Nil 16. Extent of shareholding: 100% <p>Information in respect of SALION SE to be presented with amounts in EURO:</p> <p>Sl. No.:3.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 2. Name of the subsidiary: SALION SE. 1. Names of subsidiaries which are yet to commence operations: Sri Venkateswara Green Power Projects Limited | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 3. The date since when subsidiary was acquired: 17.02.2017 4. Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned Jan 1, 2018 to Dec 31, 2018 5. Reporting currency and Exchange rate as on the last date of the relevant financial year in the case of foreign subsidiaries: EURO at 78.0462 6. Share capital: • 6,20,000 7. Reserves & surplus: • (135044.37) 8. Total assets: • 519543 9. Total Liabilities: • 34587.01 10. Investments: • Nil 11. Turnover: • Nil 12. Profit before taxation: • (8837) 13. Provision for taxation: Nil 14. Profit after taxation: • (8837) 15. Proposed Dividend: Nil 16. Extent of shareholding: 95% |
|--|--|

Annexure-B

FORM MR-3

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

(Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and

Rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration Personnel) Rules, 2014

**FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED
31ST MARCH, 2019**

To
The Members,
M/s. Nettlinx Limited.

We have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by M/s. Nettlinx Limited (hereinafter called "the Company"). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/ statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's Books, Papers, Minute Books, Forms and Returns filed and other Records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorised representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the company has, during the financial year commencing from 1st April, 2018 and ended 31st March, 2019, complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board process and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

1. We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by Nettlinx Limited ("The Company") for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2019, according to the provisions of:
 - i. The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;
 - ii. The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the Rules made there under;
 - iii. The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed there under.
 - iv. Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the Rules and Regulations made there under to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) and Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings;

v. The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act') :

- a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
- b) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015;
- c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
- d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2009;
- e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014 notified on 28th October 2014-(Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period);
- f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008- (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period);
- g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client- (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period);
- h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009- (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period); and

vi) The Company had identified following Other laws as specifically applicable to the Company namely:

- a) The Information Technology Act, 2000.

3. We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- i. Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company secretaries of India under the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 and
- ii. The Listing Agreements entered into by the Company with Bombay Stock Exchange Limited and MSEI Limited.;

4. During the period under review, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.;

NETTLINX LIMITED**OBSERVATIONS:**

- (a) As per the information and explanations provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, we report that:
- (i) External Commercial Borrowings were not attracted to the Company under the financial year under report;
 - (ii) Overseas Direct Investment by Residents in Joint Venture/Wholly Owned Subsidiary abroad was not attracted to the company under the financial year under report.
 - (iii) As per the information and explanations provided by the company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of Secretarial Audit, we report that the Company has not made any GDRs/ADRs or any Commercial Instrument under the financial year under report.
- (b) We further report that:
- (i) the Company is regular in deducting and paying TDS under the Income Tax Act
 - (ii) the Company has paid EPF and ESI to the respective authorities.
 - (iii) the Company also has collected service tax on behalf of the client and paid to the respective authorities.

We further report that:-

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. There were changes in the composition of the Board of Directors during the period under review.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

All decisions at Board Meetings and Committee Meetings were carried out unanimously as recorded in the minutes of the meetings of the Board of Directors or Committees of the Board, as the case may be.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

We further report that during the audit period, there are no specific events or actions having a major bearing on the Company's affairs in pursuance of the laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, standards, etc, referred to above. Except Preferential Issue of Convertible Share Warrants.

This Report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed "Annexure A" and forms an Integral Part of this Report.

For VCSR & Associates
Company Secretaries

Sd/-

Ch.Veeranjaneyulu
Partner
C.P.No: 6121

Place: Hyderabad
Date: 09.08.2019

Annexure B1

To
The Members of
M/s. Nettlinx Limited.

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

1. Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
3. Where ever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
4. The compliance of provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
5. The secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to future viability of the company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the company.

Place: Hyderabad
Date: 09.08.2019

For VCSR & Associates
Company Secretaries
Sd/-
Ch.Veeranjaneyulu
Partner
C.P.No: 6121

ANNEXURE-C:**AUDITOR'S CERTIFICATE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE:**

To
The Members of Nettlinx Limited,

1. We have examined the compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance by Nettlinx Limited. (hereinafter called the Company) for the Financial Year ended on 31st March, 2019 as stipulated in Regulation 17-27 ,Para C, D and E of Schedule V of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations,2015") and other information as required for this report.
2. The compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the management. Our examination has been limited to a review of the procedures and implementations thereof adopted by the Company for ensuring compliance with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the said Regulations. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Company.
3. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the representation made by the directors and management, we certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the SEBI Listing Regulations, 2015.
4. We further state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

Date: 09.08.2019
Place: Hyderabad

For C Ramachandram & Co.,
Chartered Accountants,
Firm Registration No. 002864S
Sd/-
Premnath Degala
Partner
M.No: 207133

ANNEXURE - D
MGT 9
Extract of Annual Return
As on the Financial Year 31.03.2019
[Pursuant to section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 12(1) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]
I. REGISTRATION AND OTHER DETAILS:

i.	CIN	L67120TG1994PLC016930
ii.	Registration Date	25/01/1994
iii.	Name of the Company	NETTLINX LIMITED
iv.	Category / Sub-Category of the Company	Category – Company Limited by SharesSub-Category – Public Non-Government Company
v.	Address of the Registered office and contact details	5-9-22, Flat No.303, 3 rd Floor, My home Sarovar Plaza, Secretariat, Saifabad, Hyderabad. Telangana-500063. Ph: 91-040-23232200/23231621 Fax: 23231610 E – Mail: secretarial@nettlinx.org Website:www.nettlinx.com
vi.	Whether listed company Yes / No	Yes
vii.	Name, Address and Contact details of Registrar and Transfer Agent, if any	Venture Capital and Corporate Investments Pvt. Ltd., Regd. Off: 12-10-167, Bharat Nagar, Hyderabad – 500 018, TelanganaTel: 91-40-23818475/23818476/2386808023 Fax: 040 – 23868024E – Mail: info@vccilindia.com

II. PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY:

All the business activities contributing 10 % or more of the total turnover of the company shall be stated:-

Sl. No.	Name and Description of main products /services	NIC Code of the Product / service	% to total turnover of the company
1	Internet Service Providers	9984	100%

III. PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES:-

S. No.	Name and Address of the Company	CIN/GLN	Holding/ Subsidiary/ Associate	% of shares held Section	Applicable
1	Nettlinx Realty Private Limited	U45102TG2006PTC051182	Wholly-Owned Subsidiary	100%	2(87)(ii)
2	Sri Venkateswara Green Power Projects Limited	U40109TG1999PLC109481	Subsidiary	53.56%	2(87)(ii)
3	Nettlinx INC	23-3821830	Wholly-Owned Subsidiary	100%	2(87)(ii)
5	Salion SE	HRB 180170 B	Subsidiary	95	2(87)(ii)

NETTLINX LIMITED

IV. SHARE HOLDING PATTERN (Equity Share Capital Breakup as percentage of Total Equity)

i) Category-wise Share Holding:-

Category of Shareholders	No. of Shares held at the beginning of the year				No. of Shares held at the end of the year				%Change during the year
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	
A. Promoters									
(1) Indian									
Individual/ HUF	6563992	—	6563992	57.26	6605548	—	6605548	57.62	+0.35
Central Govt	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
State Govt (s)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Bodies Corp.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Banks / FI	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Any Other....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Sub-total(A) (1) :-	6563992	—	6563992	57.26	6605548	—	6605548	57.62	+0.35
(2) Foreign									
a) NRIs -Individuals	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
b) Other-Individuals	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
c) Bodies Corp.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
d) Banks / FI	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
e) AnyOther....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Sub-total(A) (2):-	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Totalshareholding of Promoter									
(A) =(A)(1)+(A)(2)	6563992	—	6563992	57.26	6605548	—	6605548	57.62	+0.35
B. Public Shareholding									
1. Institutions									
a) Mutual Funds	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
b) Banks / FI	—	800	800	0.01	—	800	800	0.01	—
c) Central Govt	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
d) State Govt(s)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
e) Venture Capital Funds	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
f) Insurance Companies	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
g) FIs	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
h) Foreign Venture Capital Fund	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
i) Others(specify)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2. Non Institutions									
a) Bodies Corp.	823616	15900	839516	7.32	815310	12600	827910	7.22	-0.10
i) Indian	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

NETTLINX LIMITED

ii) Overseas	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
b) Individuals	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
i) Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital up to Rs. 1 lakh	939554	422416	1361970		899082	387566	1286648		
ii) Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital in excess of Rs 1lakh	2381634	81891	2463545		2419683	62411	2482094		
c) Others (specify)	218289	15200	233489	2.036	255012	5300	260312		
Sub-total (B)(2):- Total Public Shareholding (B)=(B)(1)+(B)(2)	4363093	536207	4899320	42.73	4389087	468677	4857764		
C. Shares held by Custodian for 2GDRs & ADRs	0	0	0	0	—	—	—	—	—
Grand Total (A+B+C)	10927085	536207	11463312	100	10994635	468677	11463312	100	—

(ii) Shareholding of Promoters

Category of Shareholders	No. of Shares held at the beginning of the year				No. of Shares held at the end of the year				% Change during the year
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	
1. DR MANOHAR LOKA REDDY	5423295	—	5423295	47.31	5437749	—	5437749	47.44	+0.13
2. SARANYA LOKA REDDY	644186	—	644186	5.62	644186	—	644186	5.62	—
3. P KALPANA REDDY	238100	—	238100	2.08	238100	—	238100	2.08	—
4. SHILPA LOKA REDDY	98200	—	98200	0.86	98200	—	98200	0.86	—
5. NITHYA LOKA REDDY	58819	—	58819	0.51	58819	—	58819	0.51	—
6. JAYA REDDY	25000	—	25000	0.22	25000	—	25000	0.22	—
7. Dr MANOHAR LOKA REDDY (HUF)	76392	—	76392	0.67	76392	—	103494	0.90	+0.23
Total	6563992	—	6563992	57.26	6605548	—	6605548	57.62	+0.36

NETTLINX LIMITED

(iii) *Change in Promoters' Shareholding (please specify, if there is no change)As per Note-I*

(iv) *Shareholding Pattern of top ten Shareholders (other than Directors, Promoters and Holders of GDRs and ADRs): As per Note-II*

(v) *Shareholding of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel: As per Note-III*

V. INDEBTEDNESS

Indebtedness of the Company including interest outstanding/accrued but not due for payment

Indebtedness at the beginning of the financial year	Secured Loans excluding deposits	Unsecured Loans	Deposits	Total Indebtedness
Indebtedness at the beginning of the financial year	11,20,66,143	74,00,000	0	11,94,66,143
i) Principal Amount	11,19,71,803	74,00,000	0	11,93,71,803
ii) Interest due but not paid	94,340	0	0	94340
iii) Interest accrued but not due	0	0	0	0
Total (i+ii+iii)	11,20,66,143	74,00,000	0	11,94,66,143
Change in Indebtedness during the financial year Addition :	2,05,00000	2,12,88,110	0	4,17,88,110
i) Principal Amount	13,25,66,143	2,12,88,110	0	15,38,54,253
Reduction:				
ii) Principal Amount	1,00,66,181	1,01,44,213	0	2,02,10394
iii) Interest paid	1,04,58,696	0	0	1,04,58,696
Net Change (i+ii+iii)	11,20,412,66	1,85,43,897	0	13,05,85,163
indebtedness at the end of the financial year				
i) Principal Amount	12,24,68,456	1,85,43,897	0	14,10,12,353
ii) Interest due but not paid	94,340	0	0	94,340
iii) Interest accrued but not due	6,32,615	0	0	6,32,615
Total (i+ii+iii)	12,31,95,411	1,85,43,897	0	14,17,39,308

NETTLINX LIMITED

VI. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

A. Remuneration to Managing Director, Whole-time Directors and/or Manager:

Sl.No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of MD/WTD/ Manager	Total
1.	Gross salary (a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961 (b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax Act, 1961 (c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income tax Act, 1961	Chandra Sekhar Pogula- Whole time Director Cum CEO Remuneration ₹ 36,00,000/- Per Annum	36,00,000
2.	Stock Option	—	
3.	Sweat Equity	—	
4.	Commission - as % of profit - Others, specify...	— — —	
5.	Others, please specify)	—	
6.	Total (A)	—	
		— — 36,00,000	36,00,000
7.	Ceiling as per the Act	Within the limits of yearly remuneration payable, as per section II- remuneration payable by companies having no profit or inadequate profit without central government approval, part II, Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013.	

B. Remuneration to other directors:

Sl. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of Directors						Total Amount
1.	Independent Directors		Kothuri Kameswara Rao	Dr. Erwin Leopold Dieck	Kiran Venkata siva Kakarla	Venkata Hanumantha Rao Jogin apally	Subraman yeswara Rao Kakarala	
	• Fee for attending board / committee meetings	NA	10000	5000	20000	20000	10000	65000
	Commission • Others, please specify	NA	NA	NA		NA		
	Total (1)	—	10000	5000	20000	20000	10000	65000
2.	Other Non-Executive Directors	Dr. Manohar Loka Reddy	—	—			Radhika Kundur	—
	• Fee for attending board / committee meetings	NA	NA	NA		NA	5000	5000
	Commission	NA	NA	NA		NA	NA	—
	Others, please specify	NA	NA	NA		NA	NA	—
	Total (2)	—	—	—		—	—	—
	Total (B)=(1+2)	NA	NA	NA		NA	5000	5000
	Total Managerial Remuneration	—	10000	5000	20000	20000	15000	70000
	Overall Ceiling as per the Act	₹.1,00,000 per meeting	₹.1,00,000 per meeting	₹.1,00,000 per meeting	₹.1,00,000 per meeting	₹.1,00,000 per meeting	₹.1,00,000 per meeting	—

NETTLINX LIMITED

C. REMUNERATION TO KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL OTHER THAN MD/MANAGER/WTB

Sl. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Key Managerial Personnel			TOTAL
		CEO	Company Secretary & Compliance Officer	CFO	
1.	Gross salary(a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961(b) Value of perquisites u/s17(2) Income-tax Act, 1961(c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income-tax Act, 1961	36,00,000 P.A (paid during the Financial Year)	6,60,000 P.A	8,55,000 P.A	51,15,000
2.	Stock Option				
3.	Sweat Equity				
4.	Commission - as % of profit - others, specify...				
5.	Others, please specify				
6.	Total	36,00,000 P.A.	6,60,000 P.A	8,55,000 P.A	51,15,000

VII. PENALTIES / PUNISHMENT/ COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES: Not Applicable

Type	Section of the Companies Act	Brief Description	Details of Penalty / Punishment/ Compounding fees imposed	Authority [RD / NCLT/ COURT]
		A. COMPANY		
Penalty	—		—	—
Punishment	—		—	—
Compounding	—		—	—
		B. DIRECTORS		
Penalty	—		—	—
Punishment	—		—	—
Compounding	—		—	—
		C. OTHER OFFICERS IN DEFAULT		
Penalty	—		—	—
Punishment	—		—	—
Compounding	—		—	—

NOTE-I DETAILS OF INCREASE AND DECREASE IN PROMOTERS' SHARE HOLDING:

S.No	Name	Shareholding		Date	Increase/ Decrease in shareholding	Reason	Cumulative Shareholding during the year (From 01-04-18 to 31-03-19)	
		No. of shares at the beginning (01-04-17)/ end of the year (31-03-18)	% of total shares of the Company				No. of shares	% of total shares of the company
1	DR MANOHAR LOKAREDDY	5423295	47.31%	01.04.2018				
				05-06-2018	7000	Increase/Bought	5430295	47.37
				04-12-2018	7454	Increase/Bought	5437749	47.44
		5437749	47.44	31.03.2019				
2	SARANYA LOKA REDDY	644,186	5.62	01.04.2018				
		644,186	5.62	31.03.2019				
3	P KALPANA REDDY	238,100	2.08	01.04.2018				
		238,100	2.08	31.03.2019				
4	SHILPALOKA REDDY	98,200	0.86	01.04.2018				
		98,200	0.86	31.03.2019				
5	NITHYALOKA REDDY	58,819	0.51	01.04.2018				
		58,819	0.51	31.03.2019				
6	JAYA REDDY	25,000	0.22	01.04.2018				
		25,000	0.22	31.03.2019				
7	Dr MANOHAR LOKAREDDY (HUF)	76392	0.67	01.04.2018				
				05-06-2018	8123	Increase/Bought	84515	0.74%
				31-08-2018	2905	Increase/Bought	87420	0.76%
				04-09-2018	1196	Increase/Bought	88616	0.77%
				04-12-2018	4831	Increase/Bought	93447	0.82%
				01-03-2019	10047	Increase/Bought	103494	0.9
		103494	0.9	31-03-2019				

**Note-II SHAREHOLDING PATTERN OF TOP TEN SHAREHOLDERS
(OTHER THAN DIRECTORS, PROMOTERS AND HOLDERS OF GDRS AND ADRS):**

S.No	Name	Shareholding		Date	Increase/ Decrease in shareholding	Reason	Cumulative Shareholding during the year (From 01-04-18 to 31-03-19)	
		No. of shares at the beginning (01-04-17)/ end of the year (31-03-18)	% of total shares of the Company				No. of shares	% of total shares of the company
1	NORTHEAST BROKING SERVICES LIMITED	7,11,743	6.21	01.04.2018				
				31-08-2018	10000	Increase/Bought	721743	6.3%
				02-11-2018	5000	Increase/Bought	726743	6.34%
		726743	6.34%	31-03-2019				
2	P PRAMEELA REDDY	211437	1.84%	01.04.2018				
		211437	1.84%	31.03.2019				
3	KUNINTE MANIMALA	216778	1.89%%	01.04.2018				
				25-05-2018	4699	Increase/Bought	221477	1.93%
				01-06-2018	6246	Increase/Bought	227723	1.99%
				08-06-2018	8396	Increase/Bought	236119	2.06%
				07-12-2018	15350	Increase/Bought	251469	2.19%
				01-03-2019	23320	Increase/Bought	274789	2.4%
		274789	2.4%	31.03.2019				
4	SASIDHAR POSIM REDDY	133692	1.17%	01.04.2018				
				31-08-2018	100	Increase/Bought	133792	1.17%
		133792	1.17%	31-03-2019				
5	DR. SARAT SURAPANENI	89071	0.78%	01.04.2018				
				21-12-2018	10253	Increase/Bought	99324	0.87%
		99324	0.87%	31-03-2019				
6	VIJAYA LAKSHMI POGULA	107448	0.94%	01.04.2018				
		107448	0.94%	31.03.2019				

NETTLINX LIMITED

7	MUSUKU AMIT KUMAR	64324	0.56%	01.04.2018				
				06-04-2018	8772	Decrease/Sold	55552	0.48%
				20-04-2018	2010	Decrease/Sold	53542	0.47
				04-05-2018	153	Decrease/Sold	53389	0.47
				11-05-2018	1	Decrease/Sold	53388	0.47
				01-06-2018	3500	Decrease/Sold	49888	0.44%
				30-06-2018	839	Decrease/Sold	49049	0.43%
				06-07-2018	1264	Decrease/Sold	47785	0.42%
				20-07-2018	5000	Decrease/Sold	42785	0.37%
				03-08-2018	865	Decrease/Sold	41920	0.37%
				02-11-2018	2000	Increase/Bought	43920	0.38%
				30-11-2018	1811	Increase/Bought	45731	0.40%
				22-02-2019	696	Increase/Bought	46427	0.41%
				09-03-2019	1881	Decrease/Sold	44546	0.39%
		44546	0.39%	31-03-2019				
08	B RANJITH RAO	73400	0.64%	01.04.2018				
		73400	0.64%	31-03-2019				
09	SREEKANTH REDDY PUTHALAPAT	69905	0.61%	01.04.2018				
		69905	0.61%	31/03/2019				
10	AMIT KANTILAL KOTHARI	63430	0.55	01.04.2018				
				30-06-2019	10000	Decrease/Sold	53430	0.47%
				01-03-2019	8056	Decrease/Sold	45374	0.40%
				15-03-2019	7359	Decrease/Sold	38015	0.33%
				22-03-2019	7110	Decrease/Sold	30905	0.27%
				29-03-2019	13810	Increase/Bought	44715	0.39%
		44715	0.39%	31-03-2019				
11	POGULA CHANDRA SEKHAR	100000	0.87%	01-04-2018				
		100000	0.87%	31-03-2019				
12	P SAHITYA REDDY	61587	0.54%	01-04-2018				
		61587	0.54%	31-03-2019				
13	P PARASHURAM REDDY	42500	0.37%	04-04-2018				
				25-05-2018	9000	Increase/Bought	52400	0.46%
				21-12-2018	12400	Increase/Bought	64800	0.57%
		64800	0.57%	31.03.2019				

NOTE.III SHAREHOLDING OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

S.No	Name	Shareholding		Date	Increase/ Decrease in shareholding	Reason	Cumulative Shareholding during the year (From 01-04-18 to 31-03-19)	
		No. of shares at the beginning (01-04-17)/ end of the year (31-03-18)	% of total shares of the Company				No. of shares	% of total shares of the company
1	DR MANOHAR LOKAREDDY	5423295	47.31%	01.04.2018				
				05-06-2018	7000	Increase/Bought	5430295	47.37
				04-12-2018	7454	Increase/Bought	5437749	47.44
		5437749	47.44	31.03.2019				
2	CHANDRA SEKHAR POGULA	100000	0.87%	01.04.2018				
		100000	0.87%	31.03.2019				
3	KOTHURI KAMESWARA RAO	Nil		01.04.2018				
		Nil		31.03.2019				
4	VENKATA HANUMANTHA RAO JOGINAPALLY	Nil		01.04.2018				
		Nil		31.03.2019				
5	RADHIKA KUNDUR	Nil		01.04.2018				
		Nil		31.03.2019				
6	SUBRAMANYES- WARA RAO KAKARALA	Nil		01.04.2018				
		Nil		31.03.2019				
7	KAKARLA KIRAN VENKATASIVA	Nil	Nil	01.04.2018				
		Nil	Nil	31.03.2019				
8	ERWIN LEOPOLD DIECK	Nil		01.04.2018				
		Nil		31.03.2019				
9	SANKU MAHAGANESH	610		01.04.2018				
		610		31.03.2019				
10	SAI RAM GANDIKOTA	Nil		01.04.2018				
		Nil		31.03.2019				

Annexure-E
PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

- a) The information required under section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 are given below:

- i) the ratio of the remuneration of each director to the median remuneration of the employees of the company for the financial year:

Executive Director	Ratio to Median Remuneration
Mr. Chandra Sekhar Pogula	b) 17.64 : 1

No Remuneration was paid to other Directors.

- ii) the percentage increase in remuneration of each director, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Executive Officer, Company Secretary or Manager, if any, in the financial year:

Director, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Executive Officer, Company Secretary	percentage increase in remuneration in the financial year
Mr. Chandra Sekhar Pogula, CEO & WTD	Not Applicable
Mr. S. Mahaganesh, Chief Financial Officer	21.42
Mr. Sai Ram Gandikota, Company Secretary	Not Applicable

- (iii) the percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees in the financial year: 19.29

- (iv) the number of permanent employees on the rolls of company: 58

- (v) the explanation on the relationship between average increase in remuneration and company performance:

The employee liability has gone up 2.39% up from 2.09 crores to 2.14 crores.

The Average Annual Increase in salaries of employees was around 23.51 %.

However regularization and new recruitments added to said marginal incremental cost.

In order to ensure that remuneration reflects company performance, the performance pay is also linked to organization performance, apart from an individual's performance.

- (vi) Comparison of the remuneration of the Key Managerial Personnel against the performance of the company;

Aggregate Remuneration of Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) in FY 2018-2019 (₹. In Lakhs)	51.15
Revenue (₹. Lakhs)	1203.62
Remuneration of KMP's (as % of Revenue)	4.249
Profit before tax(PBT) (₹. Lakhs)	562.40
Remuneration of KMP (as % of PBT)	9.09

- (vii) Variations in the market capitalisation of the company, price earnings ratio as at the closing date of the current financial year and previous financial year:

Particulars	31 st March, 2019	31 st March, 2018	% change
Market Capitalisation (₹. Lakhs)	4329.1717	8141.91	46.82
Price Earnings Ratio	10.375	17.935	42.15

Percentage increase over decrease in the market quotations of the shares of the company in comparison to the rate at which the company came out with the last public offer:

Particulars	31 st March, 2019	2001	% change
Market Price (BSE)	37.765	10	377.65
MSEI	37.765	10	377.65

- (viii) Average percentile increase already made in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel in the last financial year and its comparison with the percentile increase in the managerial remuneration and justification thereof and point out if there are any exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration:

During the course of the year, after accounting for promotions and other event based compensation revisions, increase in the managerial remuneration for the year was NIL.

- (ix) Comparison of the each remuneration of the Key Managerial Personnel against the performance of the company:

Particulars	Mr.Chandra Sekhar Pogula, CEO & WTD	Mr.S.Mahaganesh, Chief Financial Officer	Mr.Sai Ram Gandikota, Company Secretary & Compliance Officer
Remuneration in FY 17-18	36,00,000/-	8,55,000	6,60,000
Total Revenue (₹.Lakhs)	1203.62	1203.62	1203.62
Remuneration as (as % of Revenue)	2.99	0.71	0.54
Profit before tax(PBT) (₹.Lakhs)	562.40	562.40	562.40
Remuneration (as % of PBT)	6.40	1.52	1.17

- (x) the key parameters for any variable component of remuneration availed by the directors: None
- (xi) the ratio of the remuneration of the highest paid director to that of the employees who are not directors but receive remuneration in excess of the highest paid director during the year: None
- (xii) Affirmation that the remuneration is as per the remuneration policy of the company:

The company affirms remuneration is as per the remuneration policy of the company.

ANNEXURE-F

In accordance with Regulation 34 (3) read with Schedule V of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 the report containing the details of Corporate Governance systems and processes at Nettlinx Limited as follows:

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED ON 31st MARCH, 2019:

I. Company's philosophy on Code of Governance:

Nettlinx believes that good corporate governance emerges from the application of best Management practices and compliance with the laws coupled with the highest standards of integrity, transparency, accountability and ethics in all business matters.

Nettlinx also believes that sound corporate governance is critical to enhance and retain investor trust. Hence Nettlinx's business policies are based on ethical conduct, health, safety and a commitment to building long term sustainable relationships with relevant stakeholders. The Company continues to strengthen its governance principles to generate long term value for its stakeholders on sustainable basis thus ensuring ethical and responsible leadership both at the Board and Management levels.

At Nettlinx, we also consider it as our inherent responsibility to disclose timely and accurate information regarding our financials and performance, as well as the leadership and governance of the Company. The company is committed to a balanced corporate governance system which provides the framework for attaining the company's objectives encompassing practically every sphere of management from action plans and internal controls to corporate disclosure.

Your Company is not only in compliance with the requirements stipulated under SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI LODR") with regard to corporate governance but is also committed to sound corporate governance principles & practices and constantly strives to adopt emerging best corporate governance practices being followed worldwide.

A report on compliance with the corporate governance provisions as prescribed under the SEBI LODR is given below:

II. Board of Directors:

The composition of the Board of your Company is in conformity with Regulation 17 of SEBI LODR. The Chairman of your Company, though a Promoter Director. The number of Independent Directors is more than one-half of the total number of Directors on the Board of your Company.

Dr. Manohar Loka Reddy, Chairman is a Non-Executive Director of the company, Mr. Chandra Sekhar Pogula, CEO and Whole Time Director is the Executive Director of your company. Ms. Radhika Kundur, Women Director is the Non-Executive Director of your company.

The remaining Directors on the Board of your Company comprises Five Independent Directors as on March 31, 2019 and are renowned professionals drawn from diverse fields, possessing requisite qualifications and experience in general corporate management, finance, banking, insurance, economics, science, technology and other allied fields which enable them to contribute effectively to your Company and enhance the quality of Board's decision making process.

The Board being aware of its fiduciary responsibilities recognizes its responsibilities towards all stakeholders to uphold highest standards in all matters concerning the Company. It has empowered responsible persons to implement its broad policies, guidelines and has set up adequate review processes. The Board provides strategic guidance on the affairs of the Company. The Independent Directors provide independent and objective judgement on matters placed before them.

The Company's day to day affairs are managed by the Chairman and CEO assisted by a competent management team under the overall supervision of the Board. The Company's commitment to ethical and lawful business conduct is a fundamental shared value of the Board, senior management and all its employees. The Board is committed to representing the long term interests of the stakeholders and in providing effective governance over the Company's affairs and exercise reasonable business judgment on the affairs of the Company.

A. Composition of the Board:

The Board of your Company comprises of Eight Directors as on March 31, 2019. The names and categories of Directors, the number of Directorships and Committee positions held by them in the companies are given below. None of the Director is a Director in more than 10 public limited companies (as specified in Section 165 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")) or act as an Independent Director in more than 7 listed companies or 3 listed companies in case he/she serves as a Whole-time Director in any listed company (as specified in Regulation 25 of SEBI LODR). Further, none of the Directors on the Board is a member of more than 10 Committees and Chairman of more than 5 Committees (as specified in Regulation 26 of SEBI LODR), across all the Indian public limited companies in which he/she is a Director.

NETTLINX LIMITED

Name of the Director	Category	Directors' Identification Number I	Total Number of Directorships, Committee Chairmanships and Memberships of public imited companies*, as on March 31, 2019		
			Directorship \$	Committee Chairmanships #	Committee Memberships #
Dr. Manohar Loka Reddy	Chairman, Promoter & Non-Executive	00140229	1	0	0
Mr. Chandra Sekhar Pogula	Executive	00007536	1	0	1
Mr. Kothuri Kameswara Rao	Independent	00271944	1	2	2
Mr. Venkata Hanumantha Rao Joginapally	Independent	02682027	1	0	2
Mr. Subramanyeswara Rao Kakarala	Independent	07587769	1	0	0
Kakarla Kiran Venkatasiva	Independent	07592337	1	0	1
Dr. Erwin Leopold Dieck	Independent	07614028	1	0	0
Ms. Radhika Kundur	Non-Executive	07135444	1	0	0

*Excludes private limited companies, foreign companies, companies registered under Section 8 of the Act and Government Bodies.

\$ Includes Additional Directorships and Directorship in Nettlinx Limited.

Committees considered are Audit Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee, including that of Nettlinx Limited.

B. Number of Board meetings, attendance of the Directors at meetings of the Board and at the Annual General Meeting ("AGM") and Extra-Ordinary General Meeting:

During the year April 01, 2018 to March 31, 2019, Four Board meetings were held on the following dates – May 29, 2018, August 10, 2018, November 13, 2018 and February 14, 2019. The Board met at least once in every calendar quarter and the gap between two meetings did not exceed one hundred and twenty days. These meetings were well attended. The 25th AGM of your Company was held on September 26, 2018. No Extra-ordinary General Meetings were held during the year.

The attendances of the Directors at these meetings were as under:

Directors	No. of Board meetings held during FY 18-19	No. of Board meetings attended	Attendance at the 25 th AGM
Dr. Manohar Loka Reddy	04	04	Yes
Mr. Rohith Loka Reddy	04 (entitled to attend- 2 Board Meetings)	0	Not Applicable
Mr. Chandra Sekhar Pogula	04	04	Yes
Mr. Kothuri Kameswara Rao	04	02	No
Mr. Venkata Hanumantha Rao Joginapally	04	04	Yes
Subramanyeswara Rao Kakarala	04	02	No
Kakarla Kiran Venkatasiva	04	04	No
Dr. Erwin Leopold Dieck	04	01	No
Ms. Radhika Kundur	04	01	No

NETTLINX LIMITED

C. Shareholding of Non-Executive Directors:

The details of Company's shares held by Non - Executive Directors as on March 31, 2019 are as below:

Directors	No. of shares held as on March 31, 2019
Mr. Kothuri Kameswara Rao	NIL
Mr. Venkata Hanumantha Rao Joginapally	NIL
Subramanyeswara Rao Kakarala*	7000
Kakarla Kiran venkatasiva*	Nil
Dr. Erwin Leopold Dieck	Nil
Ms. Radhika Kundur	Nil

*Shares Held with Spouse

D. Meeting of Independent Director (IDs):

Independent Directors met on 14th February, 2019 without the presence of the Chairman and other Non-Executive & Non-Independent Directors and the Management Team. The meeting was attended by all the Independent Directors and enables them to review the performance of non-independent directors and the Board as a whole review the performance of the Chairperson of the company, taking into account the views of executive directors and non-executive directors assess the quality, quantity and timeliness of flow of information between the company management and the Board that is necessary for the Board to effectively and reasonably perform their duties.

E. Details of Familiarisation programme imparted to Independent Directors:

During the year, the Independent Directors were apprised at frequent intervals on the industry trends, business model and the overview of the Company and its operations by the senior management team. Further, various business unit heads made presentations to the Independent Directors at periodic intervals on the performance and future strategy of their respective business units. The Independent Directors were also regularly apprised of all regulatory and policy changes including their roles, rights and responsibilities. Presentations on internal control over financial reporting, operational control over financial reporting, Prevention of Insider Trading Regulations, SEBI LODR, framework for Related Party Transactions, etc. were made to the Board members during the year.

The Company's familiarisation policy is available on the Company's website http://nettlinx.com/company/Policies/Nettlinx_Familiarization_Programme.pdf.

F. Performance Evaluation:

The Nomination & Remuneration Committee of your Company has formulated and laid down criteria for Performance Evaluation of the Board (including Committees) and every Director (including Independent Directors) pursuant to provision of Section 134, Section 149 read with Code of Independent Directors (Schedule IV) and Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and under Regulation 19(4) read with Part D of Schedule II of the SEBI Listing Regulations, 2015 with Stock Exchanges.

Based on these criteria, the performance of the Individual Directors (including Independent Directors), the Board and various Board Committees viz. Audit Committee, Stakeholder's Relationship Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, was evaluated.

During the year under review, the Independent Directors of your Company reviewed the performance of Non-Independent Directors and Chairperson of your Company, taking into account the views of Executive Directors and Non-Executive Directors. The Board as a whole is an integrated, balanced and cohesive unit where diverse views are expressed and dialogued when required, with each Director bringing professional domain knowledge to the table. All Directors are participative, interactive and communicative. The information flow between your Company's Management and the Board is complete, timely with good quality and sufficient quantity.

G. Code of Conduct:

The Company has adopted a Code of Conduct specifically for the members of the Board of Directors and/or members of the Senior Management of the Company, which sets out as follows:

The Company's Code of Conduct is available on the company's website www.Nettlinx.com and on the weblink http://nettlinx.com/investor_relations_2_Code_of_conduct_of_board_of_directors_and_senior_management_personnel.pdf. It is hereby declared that the company has obtained from all Board Members and Senior Executives an affirmation that they have complied with the code of conduct for financial year 2017-18.

H. Prohibition of Insider Trading:

With a view to regulate trading in securities by the directors and designated employees, the Company has adopted a Code of Conduct for Prohibition of Insider Trading.

III. Committees of the Board:

The Board currently has 5 Committees: 1) Audit Committee, 2) Nomination and Remuneration Committee, 3) Stakeholders Relationship Committee and 4) Risk

Management Committee 5) Internal Complaints Committee. The terms of reference of the Board Committees are determined by the Board from time to time. The Board is responsible for constituting, assigning and co-opting the members of the Committees. The meetings of each Board Committee are convened by the respective Committee Chairman. The role and composition of these Committees, including the number of meetings held during the financial year and related attendance is provided below.

(1) Audit Committee:

A. BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF TERMS OF REFERENCE:

- Overview of the Company's financial reporting process and disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statements reflect a true and fair position and that sufficient and credible information is disclosed.
- Recommending the appointment and removal of external auditors, fixation of audit fee and also approval for payment for any other services.
- Discussion with external auditors before the audit commences, of the nature and scope of audit as well as post-audit discussion to ascertain any area of concern.
- Reviewing the financial statements and draft audit report including quarterly / half yearly financial information.
- Reviewing with management the annual financial statements before submission to the Board, focusing on:
 - a. Any changes in accounting policies and practices;
 - b. Qualification in draft audit report;
 - c. Significant adjustments arising out of audit;
 - d. The going concern concept;
 - e. Compliance with accounting standards; Compliance with stock exchange and legal requirements concerning financial statements and
 - f. Any related party transactions

- Reviewing the company's financial and risk management's policies.
- Disclosure of contingent liabilities. Reviewing with management, external and internal auditors, the adequacy of internal control systems.
- Reviewing the adequacy of internal audit function, including the audit character, the structure of the internal audit department, approval of the audit plan and its execution, staffing and seniority of the official heading the department, reporting structure, coverage and frequency of internal audit.
- Discussion with internal auditors of any significant findings and follow-up thereon.
- Reviewing the findings of any internal investigations by the internal auditors into the matters where there is suspected fraud or irregularity or a failure of internal control systems of a material nature and reporting the matter to the Board.
- Looking into the reasons for substantial defaults in payments to the depositors, debenture holders, shareholders (in case of non-payment of declared dividends) and creditors.
- Reviewing compliances as regards the Company's Whistle Blower Policy.
- Reviewing the utilization of loans and/ or advances from/investment by the holding company in the subsidiary exceeding rupees 100 crore or 10% of the asset size of the subsidiary, whichever is lower including existing loans / advances / investments existing as on the date of coming into force of this provision.

B. COMPOSITION, MEETINGS & ATTENDANCE:

The Audit Committee continued working under Chairmanship of Mr. K. Kameswara Rao with Mr. J. V. Hanumantha Rao and Mr. Kiran Venkata Siva Kakarla as co-members. During the year, the sub-committee met on Four occasions with full attendance of all the members.

There were four (4) Audit Committee Meetings held during the year on 29.05.2018, 10.08.2018, 13.11.2018 and 14.02.2019.

The composition of the Audit Committee as at March 31, 2019 and details of the Members participation at the Meetings of the Committee are as under:

Name of Director	Category	Attendance at the Committee Meetings held on			
		29.05.2018	10.08.2018	13.11.2018	14.02.2019
Sri.K.Kameswara Rao	Chairman	No	Yes	No	YesYes
Sri.J.V.Hanumanth Rao	Member	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Sri. Kiran Venkatasiva Kakarla	Member	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

- All the Members of the Audit Committee have the requisite qualification for appointment on the Committee and possess sound knowledge of finance, accounting practices and internal controls.

2. STAKEHOLDER'S RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE:
A) BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF TERMS OF REFERENCE:

Terms of reference, powers and scope of the Stakeholders Relationship Committee includes:

- (1) Resolving the grievances of the security holders of the listed entity including complaints related to transfer/transmission of shares, non-receipt of annual report, non-receipt of declared dividends, issue of new/duplicate certificates, general meetings etc.
- (2) Review of measures taken for effective exercise of voting rights by shareholders.
- (3) Review of adherence to the service standards adopted by the listed entity in respect of various services being rendered by the Registrar & Share Transfer Agent.
- (4) Review of the various measures and initiatives taken by the listed entity for reducing the quantum of unclaimed dividends and ensuring timely receipt of dividend warrants/annual reports/statutory notices by the shareholders of the company.

B) COMPOSITION:

The Details of composition of the Committee are given below:

Name	Designation	Category
Sri.K.Kameswara Rao	Chairman	NED(I)
Sri.Chandra Sekhar Pogula	Member	ED
Sri.J.V.Hanumanth Rao	Member	NED(I)

NED (I) : Non Executive Independent Director

ED: Executive Director

C) NAME AND DESIGNATION OF COMPLIANCE OFFICER:

Mr. Sai Ram Gandikota , Company Secretary of the company, is the compliance officer of the Company.

D) DETAILS OF COMPLAINTS/REQUESTS RECEIVED, RESOLVED AND PENDING DURING THE YEAR 2018-19:
INVESTOR COMPLAINTS

Particulars	Year ended 31.03.2019
Pending at the beginning of the year	0
Received during the year	0
Disposed of during the year	0
Remaining unresolved at the end of the year	0

3. RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE:
A.) COMPOSITION:

The Details of composition of the Committee are given below:

Name	Designation	Category
Mr. Kothuri Kameswara Rao	Chairman	NED(1)
Mr.Chandra Sekhar Pogula	Member	ED
Mr.Kakarla Kiran Venkata Siva	Member	NED(1)

NED (I) : Non Executive Independent Director

ED : Executive Director

B) ROLE AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE COMMITTEE INCLUDES THE FOLLOWING:

- Framing of Risk Management Plan and Policy
- Overseeing implementation of Risk Management Plan and Policy
- Monitoring of Risk Management Plan and Policy
- Validating the process of risk management
- Validating the procedure for Risk minimisation.
- Periodically reviewing and evaluating the Risk Management Policy and practices with respect to risk assessment and risk management processes.
- Continually obtaining reasonable assurance from management that all known and emerging risks have been identified and mitigated or managed.

4. INTERNAL COMPLAINTS COMMITTEE:

The company has formed an Internal Complaint Committee as envisaged under Section 4 of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 for receiving complaint of sexual harassment. The Committee consisting of the following members:

Name	Designation	Category
Ms. Radhika Kundur	Chairperson	NED
Sri. Chandra Sekhar Pogula	Member	WTD
Sri. J. V. Hanumanth Rao	Member	NED (I)
Ms.P.Sarita (Appointed w.e.f.20-5- 2019)	Member	External member

5. NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE:

The Committee comprises of three non-executive independent Directors

A. BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF TERMS OF REFERENCE:

- To approve the fixation/revision of remuneration of Executive Directors of the Company and while approving:
 - a. to take into account the financial position of the Company, trend in the industry, appointee's qualification, experience, past performance, past remuneration etc.
 - b. to bring out objectivity in determining the remuneration package while striking a balance between the interest of the Company and the Shareholders.
- To identify persons who are qualified to become Directors and who may be appointed in senior management in accordance with the criteria laid down and to recommend to the Board their appointment and /or removal.
- To carry out evaluation of every Director's performance.
- To formulate the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a Director, and recommend to the Board a policy, relating to the remuneration for the Directors, key managerial personnel and other employees.
- To formulate the criteria for evaluation of Independent Directors and the Board.
- To recommend/review remuneration of the Managing Director and Whole-time Director(s) based on their performance and defined assessment criteria.

B. COMPOSITION OF THE COMMITTEE, MEETINGS AND ATTENDANCE DURING THE YEAR:

Name	Designation	Category Meetings	No of Meetings held	No of attended
Sri.K.Kameswara Rao	Chairman	NED(I)	NA	NA
Sri.J.V.Hanumanth Rao	Member	NED(I)	NA	NA
Sri. Kiran Venkatasiva Kakarla	Member	NED(I)	NA	NA

NED (I) : Non Executive Independent Director

C. PERFORMANCE EVALUATION CRITERIA FOR INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS:

The Nomination & Remuneration Committee shall evaluate each individual with the objective of having a group that best enables the success of the company's business.

Policy:

1. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee, and the Board, shall review on annual basis, appropriate skills, knowledge and experience required of the Board as a whole and its individual members. The objective is to have a board with diverse background and experience that are relevant for the Company's operations.
2. In evaluating the suitability of individual Board member the NR Committee may take into account factors, such as:
 - General understanding of the company's business dynamics, global business and social perspective;
 - Educational and professional background
 - Standing in the profession;
 - Personal and professional ethics, integrity and values;
 - Willingness to devote sufficient time and energy in carrying out their duties and responsibilities effectively.

2.1 The proposed appointee shall also fulfil the following requirements:

- shall possess a Director Identification Number;
- shall not be disqualified under the companies Act, 2013;
- shall endeavour to attend all Board Meeting and Wherever he is appointed as a Committee Member, the Committee Meeting;
- shall abide by the code of Conduct established by the company for Directors and senior Management personnel;
- shall disclose his concern or interest in any company or companies or bodies corporate, firms, or other association of individuals including his shareholding at the first meeting of the Board in every financial year and thereafter whenever there is a change in the disclosures already made;
- Such other requirements as may be prescribed, from time to time, under the companies Act, 2013, Equity listing Agreements and other relevant laws.

3. Criteria of independence:

- 3.1 The Nomination & Remuneration Committee shall assess the independence of Directors at time of appointment/ re-appointment and the Board shall assess the same annually. The Board shall re-assess determinations of independence when any new interest or relationships are disclosed by a Director.

3.2 The criteria of independence shall be in accordance with guidelines as laid down in companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 16(b) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

3.3 The independent Director shall abide by the “code for independent Directors “as specified in Schedule IV to the companies Act, 2013.

4. Other directorships/ committee memberships:

4.1 The Board members are expected to have adequate time and expertise and experience to contribute to effective Board performance. Accordingly, members should voluntarily limit their directorships in other listed public limited companies in such a way that it does not interfere with their role as director of the company. The NR Committee shall take into account the nature of and the time involved in a director service on other Boards, in evaluating the suitability of the individual Director and making its recommendations to the Board.

4.2 A Director shall not serve as director in more than 20 companies of which not more than 10 shall be public limited companies.

4.3 A Director shall not serve as an independent Director in more than 7 listed companies and not more than 3 listed companies in case he is serving as a whole-time Director in any listed company.

4.4 A Director shall not be a member in more than 10 committees or act as chairman of more than 5 committee across all companies in which he holds directorships.

For the purpose of considering the limit of the committee, Audit committee and stakeholder’s relationship committee of all public limited companies, whether listed or not, shall be included and all other companies including private limited companies, foreign companies and companies under section 8 of the companies Act, 2013 shall be excluded.

5. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS:

A. PECUNIARY RELATIONSHIP OR TRANSACTIONS OF THE NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS VIS-À-VIS THE LISTED COMPANY: The Non- Executive Directors have no pecuniary relationship or transactions.

B. CRITERIA FOR MAKING PAYMENTS TO NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS:

Policy:

1. Remuneration to Executive Director and key managerial personnel

1.1 The Board on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration (NR) committee shall review and approve the remuneration payable to the Executive Director of the company within the overall limit approved by the shareholders.

1.2 The Board on the recommendation of the NR committee shall also review and approve the remuneration payable to the key managerial personnel of the company.

1.3 The remuneration structure to the Executive Director and key managerial personnel shall include the following components:

- (i) Basic pay
- (ii) Perquisites and Allowances
- (iii) Stock Options
- (iv) Commission (Applicable in case of Executive Directors)
- (v) Retrial benefits
- (vi) Annual performance Bonus

1.4 The Annual plan and Objectives for Executive committee shall be reviewed by the NR committee and Annual performance Bonus will be approved by the committee based on the achievement against the Annual plan and Objectives.

2. Remuneration to Non – Executive Directors

2.1 The Board, on the recommendation of the NR Committee, shall review and approve the remuneration payable to the Non – Executive Directors of the Company within the overall limits approved by the shareholders.

2.2 Non – Executive Directors shall be entitled to sitting fees attending the meetings of the Board and the Committees thereof. The Non-Executive Directors shall also be entitled to profit related commission in addition to the sitting fees.

3. Remuneration to other employees

3.1. Employees shall be assigned grades according to their qualifications and work experience, competencies as well as their roles and responsibilities in the organization. Individual remuneration shall be determined within the appropriate grade and shall be based on various factors such as job profile skill sets, seniority, experience and prevailing remuneration levels for equivalent jobs.

C. REMUNERATION TO DIRECTORS PAID DURING THE FINANCIAL YEAR 2018-19 AND OTHER DISCLOSURES:

Name of the Director	Salary	Perks & other Benefits	Performance Bonus/ Commission	Sitting Fee/ Each Meeting	Total in ₹
Mr.Chandra Sekhar Pogula	36,00,000 P.A	Nil	Nil	Nil	36,00,000/-
Dr. Manohar Reddy Loka	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Mr. Kothuri Kameswara Rao	Nil	Nil	Nil	5000	10,000/-
Mr. Venkata Hanumantha Rao Joginapally	Nil	Nil	Nil	5000	20,000/-
Ms. Radhika Kundur	Nil	Nil	Nil	5000	5,000/-
Kiran Venkatasiva Kakarla	Nil	Nil	Nil	5000	20,000/-
Subramanyeswara Rao Kakarala	Nil	Nil	Nil	5000	10,000/-
Dr.Erwin Leopold Dieck	Nil	Nil	Nil	5000	5,000/-

D. INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS' MEETING:

As per clause 7 of the schedule IV of the Companies Act (Code for Independent Directors), a separate meeting of the Independent Directors of the Company (without the attendance of Non-Independent directors) was held on 14.02.2019, to discuss:

1. Evaluation of the performance of Non Independent Directors and the Board of Directors as whole;
2. Evaluation of the quality, content and timelines of flow of information between the management and the Board that is necessary for the Board to effectively and reasonably perform its duties.

All the Independent Directors of the Company were present at the meeting.

As required under Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015, the company regularly familiarizes Independent Directors with the Company, their roles, rights, responsibilities in the company, nature of the industry in which the company operates, business model of the company etc. The details of the familiarization program is given at company's website (www.nettlinx.com) Investor Relations)

REMUNERATION POLICY:

The objectives of the remuneration policy are to motivate Directors to excel in their performance, recognize their contribution and retain talent in the organization and reward merit.

The remuneration levels are governed by industry pattern, qualifications and experience of the Directors, responsibilities should and individual performance.

POLICY FOR SELECTION OF DIRECTORS AND DETERMINING DIRECTORS' INDEPENDENCE:
1. Scope:

This policy sets out the guiding principles for the Nomination & Remuneration Committee for identifying persons who are qualified to become Directors and to determine the independence of Directors, in case of their appointment as independent Directors of the Company.

2. Terms and References:

2.1 "Director" means a director appointed to the Board of a Company.

2.2 "Nomination and Remuneration Committee" means the committee constituted in accordance with the provisions of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 19 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015.

2.3 "Independent Director" means a director referred to in sub-section (6) of Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 16 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015.

Remuneration policy for Directors, key managerial personnel and other employees:
1. Scope:

1.1 This policy sets out the guiding principles for the Nomination and Remuneration committee for recommending to the Board the remuneration of the directors, key managerial personnel and other employees of the company.

NETTLINX LIMITED

2. Terms and Reference:

In this policy the following terms shall have the following meanings:

2.1 "Director" means a director appointed to the Board of the company.

2.2 "key managerial personnel" means

- (i) The Chief Executive Office or the managing director or the manager;
- (ii) The company secretary;
- (iii) The whole-time director;
- (iv) The chief financial Officer; and
- (v) Such other office as may be prescribed under the companies Act, 2013

2.3 "Nomination and Remuneration committee" means the committee constituted by Board in accordance with the provisions of section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 19 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015.

E. FORMAL ANNUAL EVALUATION:

As per section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with clause VII (1) of the schedule IV and rules made thereunder, the independent directors of the company had a meeting on 14/02/2019 without attendance of non-independent directors and members of management. In the meeting the following issues were taken up:

- (a) Review of the performance of non-independent directors and the Board as a whole;
- (b) Review of the performance of the Chairman of the company, taking into account the views of executive directors and non-executive directors;
- (c) Assessing the quality, quantity and timeliness of flow of information between the company management and the Board that is necessary for the Board to effectively and reasonably perform their duties.

IV. General Body Meetings:

A. Annual General Meetings:

The date, time, location of Annual General Meetings held during last three years and the special/Ordinary resolutions passed there at are as follows:

Financial Year	Date	Time	Location	Special / Ordinary Resolution
2017-2018	26.09.2018	10.30 A.M.	5-9-22, 3rd Floor, My Home Sarovar Plaza, Secretariat Road, Saifabad, Hyderabad - 500 063. Telangana State, India.	1. Alteration of Object Clause of the Memorandum of Association of the Company 2. Approval for continuation of Mr. Kothuri kameswara Rao (Din: 00271944) as independent director

The meeting also reviewed and evaluated the performance of non-independent directors. The company has 3 non-independent directors namely:

- i.) Mr. Manohar Loka Reddy –Chairman
- ii.) Mr. Chandra Sekhar Pogula- Whole-time Director & CEO
- iii.) Ms.Radhika Kundur

The meeting recognized the significant contribution made by Mr. Chandra Sekhar Pogula in directing the Company towards the success path and placing the Company firmly in Internet Service Providing.

The meeting also reviewed and evaluated the performance the Board as whole in terms of the following aspects:

- Preparedness for Board/Committee meetings
- Attendance at the Board/Committee meetings
- Guidance on corporate strategy, risk policy, corporate performance and overseeing acquisitions and disinvestments.
- Monitoring the effectiveness of the company's governance practices
- Ensuring a transparent board nomination process with the diversity of experience, knowledge, perspective in the Board.
- Ensuring the integrity of the company's accounting and financial reporting systems, including the independent audit, and that appropriate systems of control are in place, in particular, systems for financial and operational control and compliance with the law and relevant standards.

It was noted that the Board Meetings have been conducted with the issuance of proper notice and circulation of the agenda of the meeting with the relevant notes thereon.

				3. Approval for continuation of Dr. Erwin Leopold Dieck (Din: 07614028), as independent director
2016-2017	27.09.2017	10.30 A.M	5-9-22, 3rd Floor, My Home Sarovar Plaza, Secretariat Road, Saifabad, Hyderabad - 500 063. Telangana State, India.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Regularization of Additional Director, Mr. Joy Abraham (Din: 01993517) as Non-executive Director. 2. Appointment of Dr. Erwin Leopold Dieck (DIN: 07614028) as an independent director of the Company. 3. Reappointment and Fixing of Remuneration of Mr. Chandra Sekhar Pogula (DIN: 00007536) As Whole Time Director Cum CEO of the company. 4. Approval of the limits for the Loans and Investment by the Company in terms of the Provisions Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013.
2015-2016	28.09.2016	11.00 A.M	5-9-22, 3rd Floor, My Home Sarovar Plaza, Secretariat Road, Saifabad, Hyderabad - 500 063. Telangana State, India.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Appointment of Mr. Subramanyeswara Rao Kakarala (DIN: 07587769) as an Independent director in terms of section 149 of the companies act, 2013. 2. Appointment of Mr. Kakarla kiran Venkatasiva (DIN: 07592337) as an Independent director in terms of section 149 of the companies act, 2013. 3. Appointment of Mr. Rohith Loka Reddy (DIN: 06464331) as managing director of the company 4. Borrowing of money upto ₹.100 crores 5. Creation of charge on the assets of the company 6. (a) to increase the authorised share capital from ₹.20 crores to ₹.30 crores: (b) To amend the memorandum of association: 7. Increase in size of issue of GDRS from ₹. 20 crores to ₹.100 crores

B. Extra-ordinary General Meetings:

No Extraordinary General Meeting of the members was held during the financial year 2018-19.

C. Details regarding Resolutions passed through postal ballot:

During the financial year 2018-19, no Special Resolutions were passed through Postal Ballot. None of the businesses proposed to be transacted in the ensuing Annual General Meeting require passing Special Resolutions through Postal Ballot.

D. Disclosures:
A. Related Party Transactions:

There were no materially significant transactions with related parties i.e. Promoters, Directors or the Management, their subsidiaries or relatives conflicting with the Company's interests, save and except as mentioned in the Schedule of Accounts.

The Company has formulated Related Party transactions (RPT) Policy which provides a framework to regulate transaction between the Company and its related parties based on laws and regulations applicable to the Company. The Company's RPT Policy is available on the company's website [www.Nettlinx.com](http://nettlinx.com) and on the weblink [http://nettlinx.com/company/Code% 20 of% 20Conduct% 20of%20Fair%20Disclosure.pdf](http://nettlinx.com/company/Code%20of%20Conduct%20of%20Fair%20Disclosure.pdf)

Every Related Party Transactions are subject to the prior approval of the Audit Committee in compliance with the conditions contained in Reg. 23(2) of the Listing Regulations.

B. Details of non compliance by the Company, penalties, strictures imposed on the company:

There were no instances of non-compliance by Company imposed by either Stock Exchange or Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) or any statutory authority on any matter related to the capital markets during the last 3 years.

C. Whistle Blower Policy (Vigil mechanism):

Your Company is serious about its adherence to the codes of Conduct and to achieve at par with the highest standards of ethical, moral and legal conduct of business operations and henceforth encourage its employees to bring ethical and legal violations they are aware of to an internal authority without fear of punishment or unfair treatment so that action can be taken immediately to resolve the problem. A Vigil (Whistle Blower) mechanism provides a channel to the employees and Directors to report to the management concerns about unethical behavior, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the Codes of conduct or policy. The mechanism also provides for adequate safeguards against victimization of employees to avail of the mechanism and also provide for direct access to the Chairman of the Audit Committee. Thus minimization of organization's exposure to the damage that can occur when employees circumvent internal mechanisms is the main objective which neither releases employees from their duty of confidentiality in the course of their work, nor can it be used as a route for raising any malicious allegations against people in authority and / or colleagues in general. Your company has given affirmation that no personnel have been denied access to the Audit Committee. The Company's Whistle Blower Policy is available on the company's website [www.nettlinx.com](http://nettlinx.com/company/Policies/Nettlinx_VIGIL_MECHANISM.pdf) and on the weblink http://nettlinx.com/company/Policies/Nettlinx_VIGIL_MECHANISM.pdf.

D.Compliance with Mandatory requirements and adoption of the non –mandatory requirements:

The Company has complied with the mandatory requirements as stipulated in Listing Regulations, 2015 with the Stock Exchanges. The Company is not required to adopt discretionary Requirements as specified in Regulation 27(1) of the Listing Regulation because no such activities took place in the company.

E.Reconciliation of Share Capital Audit:

The Company Secretary-in-Practice carried out a Reconciliation of Share Capital Audit to reconcile the total admitted equity share capital with the National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and the Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) and the total

issued and listed equity share capital. The audit report confirms that the total issued/paid-up capital is in agreement with the total number of shares in physical form and the total number of dematerialized shares held with NSDL and CDSL.

F.Policy for Determining Materiality of an event or information and for making disclosures to Stock Exchanges:

Pursuant to Regulation 30 of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, the Board of Directors of the Company have approved the Policy for determining materiality of an event or information and for making disclosures to the Stock Exchanges which is effective from December 1, 2015 and same is available on the company's website [www.nettlinx.com](http://nettlinx.com/company/MATERIALITY%20OF%20EVENT%20OR%20INFORMATION.pdf) and on the weblink <http://nettlinx.com/company/MATERIALITY%20OF%20EVENT%20OR%20INFORMATION.pdf>. The Board of Directors of the Company has authorized CEO & Chief Financial Officer to determine materiality of an event or information and authorized Company Secretary for making disclosures to the Stock Exchanges under the said regulation.

G.Code of practices and procedures for fair disclosure of unpublished price sensitive information:

Pursuant to Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015, the Board of Directors of the Company, during the year, approved and adopted the "Code of Practices and Procedures for Fair Disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information". The Code is available on the company's website [www.nettlinx.com](http://nettlinx.com/company/Code%20of%20Conduct%20of%20Fair%20Disclosure.pdf) and on the weblink <http://nettlinx.com/company/Code%20of%20Conduct%20of%20Fair%20Disclosure.pdf>.

H. Prohibition of insider trading:-

In compliance with the provisions of SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 (as amended from time to time) the Company has adopted a Code of Conduct for regulating, monitoring and reporting of Trading by Insider with a view to regulate trading in securities by the Directors and designated employees of the Company. This policy also provides for periodical disclosures from designated employees as well as preclearance of transactions by such persons. The Compliance Officer is responsible for implementation of the Code. During the year under review there has been due compliance with the said code. All Board Directors and the designated employees have confirmed compliance with the Code. The Code is available on the company's website [www.nettlinx.com](http://nettlinx.com/company/Code%20of%20Conduct%20to%20Regulate%20Monitor-%20Report%20Trading%20by%20Insiders.pdf) and on the weblink <http://nettlinx.com/company/Code%20of%20Conduct%20to%20Regulate%20Monitor-%20Report%20Trading%20by%20Insiders.pdf>.

I. Compliance with accounting standard:

The company has followed all relevant Accounting

NETTLINX LIMITED

Standards notified by the Indian Accounting Standards, while preparing the Financial Statements. None of shares of the company are lying in the Dematerialization Suspense Account or unclaimed suspense account.

J. GENERAL INFORMATION FOR SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTORS:

Registered Office Address of the company	5-9-22, Flat No.303,3rd Floor, My Home Sarovar Plaza, Secretariat, Saifabad, Hyderabad, Telangana-500063.Ph: 91-040-23232200/23231621 Fax: 23231610 E – Mail: secretarial@nettlinx.org Website: www.nettlinx.com
Date, time and Venue of Annual General Meeting	25 th September, 2019, 10.30 A.M. at Registered Office address
Tentative Calendar of Events for the Financial Year 2019-20	First Quarter- August 2019 Second Quarter- November 2019 Third Quarter- February 2019 Financial Year- May 2020
Shareholders Services,	Mr.Chandra Sekhar Pogula Email:csp@nettlinx.org Mr.S.Mahaganesh Email:ganesh@nettlinx.org Mr.Sai Ram Gandikota Email;cs@nettlinx.org
Financial Year	From April to March
Registrars & Share Transfer Agent	Venture Capital and Corporate Investments Pvt. Ltd., Regd. Off: 12-10-167, Bharat Nagar, Hyderabad – 500 018, Telangana Tel: 91-40-23818475/23818476/2386808023 Fax: 040 – 23868024 E – Mail: info@vccilindia.com
Book Closure for AGM	Tuesday, 17 th September, 2019 to Wednesday, 25 th September, 2019 (both days inclusive)
Stock Code	511658
Listing on Stock Exchange of Trading of Equity Shares	Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd & MSEI Limited Equity Shares are traded through a. National Securities Depository Ltd (NSDL) and b. Central Depository Services Ltd (CDSL)
ISIN	: INE027D01019
ADDRESS FOR CORRESPONDENCE	
Transfer/Dematerialization/ Consolidation/Split of Shares, Issue of Duplicate Share Certificate, Change of Address of members and beneficial owners and any other query relating to the shares of the Company	Venture Capital and Corporate Investments Pvt. Ltd., Regd. Off: 12-10-167, Bharat Nagar, Hyderabad – 500 018, Telangana Tel: 91-40-23818475/23818476/2386808023 Fax: 040 – 23868024 E – Mail: info@vccilindia.com
Investor Correspondence/ Query on Annual Report	M/s. Nettlinx Limited 5-9-22, Flat No.303, 3 rd Floor, My Home Sarovar Plaza, Secretariat, Saifabad, Hyderabad, Telangana-500063. Ph: 91-040-23232200/23231621 Fax: 23231610 E – Mail: secretarial@nettlinx.org Website: www.nettlinx.com

K. Means of Communications:

The quarterly, half yearly and Annual Financial Results of the company are published in the newspaper in India which includes Business Standards (English) – All India

Edition and in and in Navatelangana, vernacular newspaper (Telugu).

The quarterly, half yearly and Annual Financial Results of the company along with Annual Report and other

NETTLINX LIMITED

statutory filings are posted on the website of the company www.nettlinx.com. The website also contains information on the businesses of the Company, governance and important policies of the Company News and press release as available are posted on the website of the company www.nettlinx.com. During the year under review there were no such news releases.

As the company does not have any institutional investors and angel investors, so no presentation made to institutional investors or to the analysts.

Custodial fees to Depositories: The custodial fee has been paid to NSDL and CDSL up-to 31st March, 2019.

The Listing Fees has been paid to BSE Ltd and NSE Ltd. up-to 31st March, 2019.

L. Monthly High, Low & Closing Share Price at BSE:

Month	BSE LIMITED		
	High Price	Low Price	Close Price
April 2018	77.50	67.00	69.85
May 2018	70.30	52.05	56.80
June 2018	64.95	48.00	53.65
July 2018	54.50	44.00	45.90
August 2018	62.00	44.05	60.10
September 2018	79.85	58.00	71.65
October 2018	78.40	67.50	69.80
November 2018	75.20	47.60	53.00
December 2018	61.00	41.15	50.00
January 2019	57.80	41.00	42.90
February 2019	48.00	32.10	42.60
March 2019	52.00	34.00	37.75

M) Distribution of shareholding as on March 31, 2019:

Range	Holders		Amount	
	Number	%to Total Share-holders	In ₹	%to Total share-holding
Upto - 5000	1653	73.99	2327660	2.03
5001 - 10000	229	10.25	2002590	1.75
10001 - 20000	107	4.79	1700180	1.48
20001 - 30000	63	2.82	1589790	1.39
30001 - 40000	33	1.48	1146310	1
40001 - 50000	27	1.21	1277610	1.11
50001 - 100000	49	2.19	3556480	3.1
100001 and above	73	3.27	101032950	88.14
Total	2234	100	11463312	100

N) Shareholding pattern as on March 31, 2019:

Particulars	No. of shares held	Percentage to Total issued Shares
Promoters, Directors and relatives	6819996	59.49
Bank, Financial Institutions, Insurance Companies & Mutual Funds	800	0.01
A. Bank	Nil	Nil
B. Financial Institutions	800	0.01
C. Insurance Companies	Nil	Nil
D. Mutual Funds/UTI	Nil	Nil
F. Central & State Governments	Nil	Nil
G. Foreign Institutional Investors	Nil	Nil
H. NRIs/Foreign Nationals	41726	0.36
I. Public and Others	4600790	40.14
Total	11463312	100.00

O) Dematerialisation of shares and liquidity as on March 31, 2019:

The break-up of equity shares held in Physical and Dematerialised form as on March 31, 2019, is given below:

Particulars	No. of Shares	Percentage
Demat Segment		
NSDL	9159419	79.90
CDSL	1835216	16.00
Sub-total	10994635	95.91
Physical Segment	468677	4.09
Total	1,14,63,312	100

P) Outstanding GDR/ADR/Warrants and Convertible Instruments, Conversion dates and likely impact in Equity:

During the Financial year, 2016-2017, On 21st December, 2016 the company has issued 1795127 convertible share warrants (each warrant convertible into one equity share of ₹. 10/- each) to the following persons:

S.No	Name of the Investor	No. of warrants allotted
1	TRANS GLOBAL FZC	4,12,678
2	EXchange Investors N.V.	13,82,449
	Total	17,95,127

As the warrant holders have failed to exercise the right of conversion of 1795127 share warrants within stipulated time i.e. 20th June, 2018 (as per the terms of issue), the warrants lapsed and ₹. 4,71,22,090/- received as subscriber's money towards the 1795127 share warrants has been forfeited by the Company. The Board of Directors of the Company at their meeting held on 10th August, 2018 approved the forfeiture.

Q) Commodity price risk or foreign exchange risk and hedging activities:

No such risks or activities to report during the year under review.

R) Plant Locations:

As the Company is engaged in the ISP activities, therefore the Company does not have any Plant Locations.

S) Share Transfer System / Dividend and Other Related Matters:

Share transfers:

Share transfers in physical form are processed and the share certificates are generally returned to the transferees within a period of fifteen days from the date

of receipt of transfer provided the transfer documents lodged with the Company are complete in all respects.

Nomination facility for shareholding:

As per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, facility for making nomination is available for Members in respect of shares held by them. Members holding shares in physical form may obtain nomination form, from the Share Department of the Company or download the same from the Company's website. Members holding shares in dematerialized form should contact their Depository Participants (DP) in this regard.

Permanent Account Number (PAN)

Members who hold shares in physical form are advised that SEBI has made it mandatory that a copy of the PAN card of the transferee/s, members, surviving joint holders / legal heirs be furnished to the Company while obtaining the services of transfer, transposition, transmission and issue of duplicate share certificates.

Pending Investors' Grievances:

Any Member / Investor, whose grievance has not been resolved satisfactorily, may kindly write to the Company Secretary at the Registered Office with a copy of the earlier correspondence.

Sl. No.	Nature of Queries/Compliant	Pending as on April 1, 2018	Received during the year	Redressed during the year	Pending as on March 31, 2019
1	Transfer	Nil	263	263	Nil
2	Transmission	Nil	0	0.	Nil
3	Duplicate Share Certificate	Nil	13	13	Nil
4	Non-receipt of Dividend	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
5	Dematerialisation/	Nil	48	48	Nil
6	Rematerialisation of Shares	Nil	0	0	Nil
7	Complaints received from:	No	No	No	No
	SEBI	No	No	No	No
	Stock Exchanges/NSDL/CDSL	No	No	No	No
	ROC/MCA/Others	No	No	No	No
	Advocates	No	No	No	No
	Consumer Forum/Court Case	No	No	No	No
5	Others	No	24	24	No
	Grand Total	Nil	348	348	Nil

Internal Controls:

The Company has a formal system of internal control testing which examines both the design effectiveness and operational effectiveness to ensure reliability of financial and operational information and all statutory / regulatory compliances. The Company's business processes have a strong monitoring and reporting process resulting in financial discipline and accountability.

CEO / CFO Certification

The CEO and the CFO have issued certificate pursuant to the provisions of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 certifying that the financial statements do not contain any untrue statement and these statements represent a true and fair view of the Company's affairs. The said certificate is annexed and forms part of the Annual Report.

NETTLINX LIMITED

Statement showing Shareholding of more than 1% of the Capital as on March 31, 2019:

Sl. No.	Name of the shareholders	No. of Shares	Percentage of Capital
1	NORTHEAST BROKING SERVICES LIMITED	726743	6.34
2	KUNINTE MANIMALA	274789	2.4
3	P PRAMEELLA REDDY	211437	1.84
4	SASIDHAR POSIM REDDY	133792	1.17
	Total	1346761	11.748

- ❖ Meetings for approval of quarterly and annual financial results were held on the following dates:

Quarter	Date of Board Meeting
1 st Quarter	10/08/2018
2 nd Quarter	13/11/2018
3 rd Quarter	14/02/2019
4 th Quarter	20/05/2019

E-Voting Facility to members

In compliance with provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013, Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 as amended by the Companies (Management and Administration) Amendment Rules, 2015 and Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations, 2015, the Company is pleased to provide members facility to exercise their right to vote on resolutions proposed to be considered at the Annual General Meeting (AGM) by electronic means and the business may be transacted through e-Voting Services. The facility of casting the votes by the members using an electronic voting system from a place other than venue of the (AGM) ("remote e-voting") will be provided by National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL). The facility for voting through ballot paper shall be made available at the AGM and the members attending the meeting who have not cast their vote by remote e-voting shall be able to exercise their right at the meeting through ballot paper.

By order of the Board of Directors
For Nettlinx Limited

Sd/-

Dr. Manohar Loka Reddy

Chairman

DIN: 00140229

Date: 09.08.2019

Place: Hyderabad

ANNEXURE-G

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS REPORT

1. FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This report contains forward-looking statements based on certain assumptions and expectations of future events. The Company, therefore, cannot guarantee that these assumptions and expectations are accurate or will be realized. The Company's actual results, performance or achievements can thus differ materially from those projected in any such forward-looking statements. The Company assumes no responsibility to publicly amend, modify or revise any forward looking statements, on the basis of any subsequent developments, information or events.

2. INDUSTRY STRUCTURES & DEVELOPMENTS:

The Internet services market is rapidly growing , partly on account of higher penetration of users in rural areas getting on to Net and higher frequent usage of broadband in urban locations as most are using internet for multiple uses inclusive of Voice , Data & Video. Add to this is the aggressive campaigns of Large TELCOs who are constantly attracting Users for their Cellular Data plans , both in terms of upgrading existing users and also creating new ones . The market is rapidly adapting to the use of popular social networking sites . New players launching their services will further boost the market although margins in the next few years may shrink to a little extent owing to raising other costs.

3. OPPORTUNITIES & THREATS:

The Company enjoys goodwill from its Customers. Our Corporate objective is to create mutual long term sustainable value through a collaborative approach driven by the vision of becoming a preferred Internet choice for distinguished Clientele demanding Quality, Value for Money & Flexibility translating into a perfect Win Win for either Entities. This formula is working fine in favor of our Organisation. Additionally, We are operating in Niche business segments & geographic locations within Telangana State & AP State without directly taking any of those large companies head on. We continue to optimistically protect and retain our current base and progressively increase the sales revenue and market share moving forward.

New technologies like WiFi& Free WiFi to Citizens envisaged by Govts, although may pose a little

challenge to startwith , In reality these may not be any threat to us as these service offerings may have challenges from the point of view of logistics and technological obstacles and will have lots of limitations and therefore may not be commercially viable . This would in reality enlarge the usage in the market place creating a level playing field in the long run.

4. OUTLOOK:

In order to meet the changing market realities, your Company has been following the philosophy of providing the highest quality products and services at the lowest possible prices. All endeavours are made to achieve possible cost reduction in every area of operations. Your Company's philosophy to provide high class quality products i.e. full value for money, to consumers would greatly benefit in the long run. In the otherwise increasing cost arena, every expense, whether capital or revenue is minutely reviewed to achieve all possible savings.

5. RISKS AND CONCERNS:

The Company's products are largely intended for sale in the domestic market. Apart from normal risks as are applicable to an Industrial Undertaking the Company does not foresee any serious area of concern. The Company is obtaining adequate insurance coverage for its assets at the plant and the field locations etc. The company has no foreign exchange risk coverage due to its limited exposure. Compliance of safety requirements and norms placed by different Government agencies is a top priority of your Management.

6. INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS:

The Company has proper and adequate systems of internal controls in order to ensure that all assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use of disposition and that all transactions are authorised, recorded and reported correctly. An Audit Committee headed by a non-executive independent Director is in place to review various areas of the control systems.

7. DISCUSSION OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE WITH RESPECT TO OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE:

The details of the financial performance of the Company are appearing in the Balance Sheet, Profit & Loss Account and other financial statements etc. appearing separately. Highlights for the year 2018-19 are as under:

NETTLINX LIMITED

Sales for the year 2018-2019	120362905
Current tax	16524366
Profit after tax	40371282
Paid up equity share capital as on 31 st March, 2019	11463312

The financial performance of the Company has been explained in the Directors' Report of the Company for the year 2018-19 appearing separately.

8. HUMAN RESOURCES:

During the year under review, the Company has undertaken extensive steps in optimizing the man power at corporate office, Branches and Field locations. Employee/employer relations were cordial throughout the year. Measures for safety of the employees, training and development continued to receive top priorities.

9. CAUTIONARY STATEMENT:

Certain statements in the Management Discussion and Analysis describing the Company's views about the industry, expectations/predictions, objectives etc, may be forward looking within the meaning of applicable laws and regulations. Actual results may differ materially from those expressed in the statement. Company's operations may inter-alia affect with the supply and demand situations, input prices and their availability, changes in Government regulations, tax laws and other factors such as Industrial relations and economic developments etc. Investors should bear the above in mind.

For Nettlinx Limited

Sd/-

Chandra Sekhar Pogula
CEO & WTD
DIN: 00007536

Date: 09/08/2019
Place: Hyderabad

DECLARATION REGARDING COMPLIANCE BY BOARD MEMBERS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL WITH THE COMPANY'S CODE OF CONDUCT:

This is to confirm that the Company has adopted a Code of Conduct for its employees including the Managing Director and Executive Directors. In addition, the Company has adopted a Code of Conduct for its Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. These Codes are available on the Company's website.

I confirm that the Company has in respect of the year ended March 31, 2019, received from the Senior Management Team of the Company and the Members of the Board a declaration of compliance with the Code of Conduct as applicable to them.

For the purpose of this declaration, Senior Management Team means the Chief Financial Officer, and the Company Secretary as on March 31, 2019.

For Nettlinx Limited

Sd/-

Chandra Sekhar Pogula
CEO & Whole Time Director
DIN: 00007536

Place: Hyderabad
Date: 09/08/2019

CEO AND CFO CERTIFICATION:

To
The Board of Directors,
Nettlinx Limited,
Hyderabad.

Dear Members of the Board,

We, Chandra Sekhar Pogula, Chief Executive Officer and S. Mahaganesh, Chief Financial Officer of Nettlinx Limited, in the best of our knowledge and belief, certify that:

- A. We have reviewed financial statements and the cash flow statement for the year and all the notes on Accounts and Board's Report:
 - i. These statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading;
 - ii. These statements together present a true and fair view of the Company's affairs and are in compliance with existing Accounting Standards, applicable laws and regulations.
- B. To the best of our knowledge and belief, no transaction is entered into by the company during the year which is fraudulent, illegal or violative of the company code of conduct.
- C. We accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and we have evaluated the effectiveness of internal control systems of the Company pertaining to financial reporting. Deficiencies in the design or operation of such internal controls, if any, of which we are aware, have been disclosed to the auditors and the Audit Committee and steps have been taken to rectify these deficiencies.
- D. (1) There has not been any significant change in internal control over financial reporting during the year under reference;;
- (2) There has not been any significant change in accounting policies during the year requiring disclosure in the notes to the financial statements; and
- (3) We are not aware of any instance during the year of significant fraud with involvement therein of the management or any employee having a significant role in the Company's internal control system over financial reporting.

For Nettlinx Limited

Sd/-

Chandra Sekhar Pogula
CEO & Whole Time Director

Sd/-

S. Mahaganesh
CFO

Date: 09.08.2019
Place: Hyderabad

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To

The Members of M/s. Nettlinx Limited

Report on the Standalone Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of M/s. Nettlinx Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at March 31, 2019, the statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), the statement of cash flows and the statement of changes in equity for the year ended and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (herein after referred to as "standalone financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanation given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the companies Act, 2013("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the company as at March 31, 2019, the profit and total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Key Audit Matters

Key Audit Matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to the following point to the standalone financial results:

- As on 31st March, 2019, company provided short term unsecured loan amounting ₹.11,56,28,588/- to its subsidiary (Nettlinx Reality Private Limited) without any repayment terms & conditions. Company is recognizing the interest amounting ₹.1,27,59,866/- on the above loan @ 12% p.a. But company has not received the interest amount from its subsidiary since the inception of the loan.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit of the standalone financial statements in accordance with the standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act (SAs). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the Standalone financial statements.

S.No	Key Audit Matter	Auditor's Response
1	<p>Provision for Impairment loss in account receivables.</p> <p>The credit loss provision in respect of account receivables represent management's best estimate of the credit losses incurred on the receivables at the balance sheet date.</p> <p>We have identified provisioning for credit loss as a key audit matter as the calculation of credit loss provision is a complex area and requires management to make significant assumptions on customer payment behaviour and estimating the level and timing of expected future cash flows.</p> <p>Refer to Note No.6 to the standalone financial statements.</p>	<p>Our Audit procedure in respect of this area included:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Understand and assess the management's estimate and related policies used in the credit loss analysis. ● Performed test of key controls to analyze operating effectiveness relating to calculation of impairment provisions. ● Reviewed the data flows from source systems to spreadsheet-based models to test their completeness and accuracy. ● For Expected Credit Loss (ECL) of trade receivables assessed on individual level by the management, examined on a test check basis, the objective evidence relating to the impairment of trade receivables and the key assumptions used in the estimate of the cash short falls and reviewed

S.No	Key Audit Matter	Auditor's Response
		<p>whether amounts have been recovered after the end of reporting period.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Obtained debtor's credit information on sample basis to ascertain whether the classification of debtors is in compliance with the company's policy. ● Reviewed the management's ageing analysis based on days past due by examining the original documents (such as invoices and bank deposit advices). ● Verified the calculation of ECL of each type of trade receivables according to the provision matrix.
2	<p>a) The company has granted loans (including interest accrued) aggregating to ₹. 19,02,41,723/- to its Subsidiaries Nettlinx Reality private Limited, Sri Venkateswara Green Power Projects Limited, as at March 31, 2019.</p> <p>Considering the deteriorated financial position of the "Subsidiaries", there are indicators of potential impairment of loans (including interest accrued) as set out in (a) above.</p> <p>The Management has assessed the impairment of Company's "Investment in Subsidiaries" by reviewing the business forecast of "Subsidiaries", using discounted cash flow valuation model and noted that no provision for impairment is required to be made in respect of these loans (including interest accrued).</p> <p>We considered this as a Key audit matter due to significant judgements involved in estimating future cash flows in the model prepared by the Management to support the carrying value of above loans (including interest accrued) and determining significant assumptions of discount rate, terminal growth rate, etc. adopted in this model.(Refer Note No.8 to the Standalone Financial statements).</p>	<p>Our procedures included, amongst others, the following: Understanding and evaluating the design and testing the operating effectiveness of the Company's control over review of impairment assessment of "Investment in subsidiaries"; and recognition of provision for loans (including interest accrued);In respect of impairment assessment of "Loans to subsidiaries";</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Assessing reasonableness of the Management's historical business forecasts by comparing the business forecasts used in the prior year with the actual performance in the current year. ● Testing the mathematical accuracy of the underlying model, reviewing reasonableness of the assumptions/ information considered in the model by examining source data and supporting documentation and checking the impairment assessment prepared by the management. ● Comparing the business forecasts with the latest Board approved budgets; ● Considered the work of external independent valuation expert engaged by the Group; ● Assessed the independent valuation expert's methods, competency and objectivity; ● Involving auditor's valuation experts for testing appropriateness of the method and model used, evaluating reasonableness and challenging key assumptions used such as discount rate, terminal growth rate, etc. adopted by the management in the model; ● Understanding of the operating parameters used in the model and assessing consistency of our understanding of parameters with those considered in the model; ● Performing sensitivity tests on the model by analysing the impact of using alternate assumptions of discount rates, terminal growth rates, etc., within a reasonable and foreseeable range. <p>Considered the results of the aforesaid procedures in evaluating the recoverability of loans (including interest accrued).</p> <p>Based on the above procedures performed, we noted that the Management's assessment of impairment of investments in subsidiaries, recoverability of loans (including interest accrued) to subsidiaries is reasonable.</p>

Information other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the preparation of other information. The other information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and on doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report the fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with relevant rules issued thereunder.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as going concern, disclosing, as

applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these standalone financial statements based on our audit.

We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements are free from material misstatements.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the standalone financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances.

An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the standalone financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of section 143(11) of the Act, we give in the **Annexure A**, a statement on the matters specified in the paragraph 3 and 4 of the order.
2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - (b) In our opinion proper books of accounts required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - (c) The balance sheet, the statement of profit and loss, the statement of cash flows and the statement of changes in equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act read with relevant rule issued thereunder;
 - (e) on the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2018 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2019 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;

- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "**Annexure B**".

- (g) with respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.

- (h) with respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i) The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its standalone financial statements.
 - ii) There is no requirement for any provision as required by any act or Accounting standards for material for foreseeable losses, if any on long term contracts including derivative contracts.
 - iii) There are no amounts required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For C Ramachandram & Co.,
Chartered Accountants,
Firm Registration No. 002864S

Sd/-
Premnath Degala
Partner
M.No: 207133

Place: Hyderabad
Date: 20.05.2019

Annexure A to the Auditors' Report

Annexure referred to in paragraph under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of the Independent Auditors' Report of even date of NETTLINX LIMITED, on the standalone financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2019

- i. In terms of the information and explanations sought by us and given by the company and the books and records examined by us in the normal course of audit and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we state the following:
 - a) The Company is generally maintaining proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation for all fixed assets.
 - b) The company generally have regular programme of physical verification of fixed assets by which fixed assets were verified in a phased manner over a period of three years. B.
 - c) According to information and explanation given to us, title deeds of immovable Properties are held in the name of the company.
- ii. The company has no inventory, thus, paragraph 3(ii) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- iii. The company has granted loans, secured or unsecured to Companies, Firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. Thus, paragraph 3(iii) of the Order is applicable to the company. However the company has given advances to the companies, firms, other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Act, and in our opinion and to the best of our examination, the terms are not prejudicial to the interests of the company.
- iv. The Company has not made any transactions in the nature of loans, investments, guarantees, and security, where provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 are applicable. Thus, paragraph 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- v. The company has not accepted any deposits, within the meaning of provisions of Sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules framed there under. Thus,

paragraph 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the company.

- vi. According to information and explanation given to us, the Central Government has not prescribed maintenance of cost records as per section 148 of Companies act 2013.
- vii. a) The Company is generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including Provident fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income-tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, Customs Duty, Value Added Tax, GST, Cess and other material statutory dues applicable to it to the appropriate authorities.
- b) As per the information given by the company, generally there are no material dues of duty of customs, income tax, sales tax, duty of excise, service tax which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute as on March 31, 2019.
- viii. In our opinion and according to information and explanations given to us, the company has not defaulted in payment of dues to Banks, Government, Financial Institutions as on date of Balance Sheet.
- ix. The company has not raised any moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the reporting period. According to information provided to us term loans availed during the reporting period was applied for the purposes for which those were raised.
- x. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material fraud by the company or on the company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.
- xi. According to information and explanation given to us, the company has provided managerial remuneration in accordance with Section 197 read with schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013.
- xii. In our opinion, the company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable for the company.
- xiii. In our opinion and according to information and explanations given to us, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with Sections 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 and the details of such transactions have been disclosed in the Financial statements of the company as required by applicable Accounting Standards.

xiv. According to information and explanation given to us, the company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year.

xv. According to information and explanation given to us, the company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or any persons connected with him. Thus, paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable to the company.

xvi. In our opinion, the company is not required to be registered under section 45IA of Reserve Bank of

India Act 1934. Thus, paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable to the company.

For C Ramachandram & Co.,
Chartered Accountants,
Firm Registration No. 002864S

Sd/-
Premnath Degala
Partner
M.No: 207133

Place: Hyderabad
Date: 20.05.2019

Annexure - B to the Auditors' Report

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of M/S NETTLINX LIMITED ("the Company") as of March 31, 2019 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI

and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

NETTLINX LIMITED

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that

- (1) Pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and
- (3) Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial

reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2019, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For C Ramachandram & Co.,
Chartered Accountants,
Firm Registration No. 002864S

Sd/-
Premnath Degala
Partner
M.No: 207133

Place: Hyderabad
Date: 20.05.2019

BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2019
(Amount in ₹)

Particulars	Notes	Year Ended March 31, 2019	Year Ended March 31, 2018
ASSETS			
Non-Current Assets			
(a) Property, Plant and Equipment	2	8,70,40,839	6,41,78,234
(b) Capital Work-in-Progress	2	76,72,787	1,54,83,613
(c) Other Intangible Assets	2	19,75,406	4,36,422
(d) Financial Assets			
(i) Investments	3	14,78,06,232	14,63,44,022
(ii) Other Financial Assets	4	2,000	11,19,011
Total Non-Current Assets (1)		24,44,97,263	22,75,61,302
Current Assets			
(a) Financial Assets			
(i) Trade Receivables	6	6,69,83,472	4,59,34,635
(ii) Cash and Cash Equivalents	7	2,89,233	51,44,199
(iii) Loans	8	19,23,58,723	14,79,55,550
(vi) Other Financial Assets	4	12,16,244	16,13,246
(b) Other Current Assets	9	1,10,94,645	1,78,22,627
Total Current Assets (2)		27,19,42,316	21,84,70,258
Total Assets (1+2)		51,64,39,579	44,60,31,560
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
(a) Equity Share Capital	10	11,46,33,120	11,46,33,120
(b) Other Equity	11	21,82,89,923	18,18,31,417
Total Equity (1)		33,29,23,043	29,64,64,537
Liabilities			
Non-Current Liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	12	10,71,33,929	9,70,38,278
(b) Provisions	13	20,21,564	15,17,046
(c) Deferred Tax Liability	5	9,99,504	(8,32,736)
Total Non-Current Liabilities (2)		11,01,54,997	9,77,22,588
Current Liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	14	2,94,76,950	1,73,97,889
(ii) Trade Payables	15	78,77,452	1,18,14,629
(iii) Other Financial Liabilities other than those specified in (c)	16	1,38,66,089	1,11,40,479
(b) Other Current Liabilities	17	53,96,682	20,06,508
(c) Provisions	13	2,20,000	-
(d) Current Tax Liabilities (Net)	18	1,65,24,366	94,84,928
Total Current Liabilities (3)		7,33,61,539	5,18,44,434
Total Equity and Liabilities (1+2+3)		51,64,39,579	44,60,31,560

Corporate Information and Significant Accounting Policies
See Accompanying Notes Form Integral Parts of Financial Statements

1
2 to 24

In terms of our report attached
For C. Ramachandram & Co

Chartered Accountants

FRN.002864S

Sd/-

(Premnath Degala)

Partner

Membership No.207133

Place: Hyderabad.

Date: 20.05.2019

Sd/-

(Manohar Loka Reddy)

Chairman & Director

DIN:00140229

Sd/-

(G Sai Ram)

Company Secretary and Compliance Officer

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
FOR NETTLINX LIMITED

Sd/-

(Chandra Sekhar Pogula)

CEO & Whole Time Director

DIN:00007536

Sd/-

(S.Mahaganesh)

Chief Financial Officer

STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

(Amount in ₹)

Particulars	Notes	Year Ended March 31, 2019	Year Ended March 31, 2018
I INCOME			
(a) Revenue from Operations	19	12,03,62,905	10,38,91,934
(b) Other Income	20	2,87,41,390	2,44,19,875
Total Income		14,91,04,295	12,83,11,809
II Expenses			
(a) Access Charges, License Fee and Network Expenses	21	2,66,69,459	2,95,59,318
(b) Employee Benefit Expenses	22	2,14,31,213	2,09,38,108
(c) Finance Costs	23	1,24,68,069	1,03,89,158
(d) Depreciation and Amortization Expense	2	74,33,807	55,04,579
(e) Other Expenses	24	2,48,61,692	2,32,91,060
Total Expenses		9,28,64,240	8,96,82,224
III Profit/(Loss) before Exceptional Items and Tax (I - II)		5,62,40,056	3,86,29,585
IV Exceptional items			
V Profit/(Loss) before Tax (III - IV)		5,62,40,056	3,86,29,585
VI Tax Expenses			
(a) Current Tax		1,65,24,366	1,13,68,451
(b) Deferred Tax Charge /(Credit)		(6,55,592)	7,03,842
Total Tax Expenses		1,58,68,773	1,20,72,293
VII Profit After Tax (V - VI)		4,03,71,282	2,65,57,292
VIII Other Comprehensive Income/Loss			
A (i) Items that will not be Reclassified to Profit or Loss			
(a) Changes in Revaluation Surplus		-	2,41,09,090
(b) Remeasurement of the Defined Benefit Plans		97,452	3,30,126
(c) Net (Loss)/ Gain on Fair Value Through OCI (FVTOCI)			
Equity Securities		17,79,245	(3,50,379)
(ii) Income Tax on Items that may not be Reclassified to Profit or Loss		(5,22,097)	(52,98,410)
		13,54,600	1,87,90,427
IX Total Comprehensive Income for the year (VII + VIII)		4,17,25,882	4,53,47,719
X Earnings Per Share of Rs.10 each fully paid up			
(i) Basic		3.64	3.96
(ii) Diluted		3.64	3.42
XI Weighted Average Equity Shares used in Computing Earnings per Equity Share			
(i) Basic		11463312	11463312
(ii) Diluted		11463312	13258439

Corporate Information and Significant Accounting Policies

1

See Accompanying Notes form Integral Parts of Financial Statements

2 to 24

In terms of our report attached

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For C. Ramachandram & Co

FOR NETTLINX LIMITED

Chartered Accountants

FRN.002864S

Sd/-

(Premnath Degala)

Partner

Membership No.207133

Sd/-

(Manohar Loka Reddy)

Chairman & Director

DIN:00140229

Sd/-

(G Sai Ram)

Company Secretary and Compliance Officer

Sd/-

(Chandra Sekhar Pogula)

CEO & Whole Time Director

DIN:00007536

Sd/-

(S.Mahaganesh)

Chief Financial Officer

Place: Hyderabad.

Date: 20.05.2019

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019
(Amount ₹ in Lakhs.)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2019	For the year ended March 31, 2018
A Cash Flows From Operating Activities		
Profit Before Tax for the year	564.94	408.57
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation and Amortization Expense	74.34	55.05
Finance Costs	131.72	84.46
Unwinding of Discount on Decommissioning Liabilities	0.00	0.00
Interest Income	-187.48	-158.43
Profit on Sale of Property, Plant and Equipment (Net)	-95.55	-70.49
Bad-Debt Written Off	15.37	12.53
Grant in Aid (net)	-61.60	-76.89
Operating Cash Flows Before Working Capital Changes		
Increase/(Decrease) in Trade Receivables	-197.71	-12.15
(Increase)/Decrease in Inventories	0.00	6.07
(Increase)/Decrease in Trade Payables	-12.47	39.67
(Increase)/Decrease in Other Current Liabilities	78.94	13.66
(Increase)/Decrease in Other Non-Current Assets	-111.94	16.17
(Increase)/Decrease in Provisions	7.25	-4.29
Increase/(Decrease) in Loans and Advances	-356.43	-16.53
Cash Flows From Operating Activities	-89.02	374.28
Net Tax Paid	-94.85	-88.09
Net Cash Generated From Operating Activities (A)	-183.87	286.19
B. Cash Flows From Investing Activities		
Acquisition of Property, Plant and Equipment	318.35	-168.75
Interest Income	187.48	158.43
Increase/Decrease in Capital Work in Progress	78.11	78.11
Profit on Sale of Property, Plant and Equipment (net)	95.55	70.49
Movement in Loans and Advances	3.17	-795.50
Net Cash Generated/ Used in Investing Activities (B)	-520.11	-777.57
C. Cash Flows From Financing Activities		
Proceeds from Long Term Borrowings	143.78	456.94
Proceeds from Short Term Borrowings	77.31	54.89
Finance Costs	131.72	-84.46
Money Received Against Share Warrants	0.00	0.00
Net Cash Generated From/ (Used in) Financing Activities (C)	352.81	427.37
Net Increase/ (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents (A + B + C)	-351.16	-64.02
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Beginning of the year	51.44	115.45
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the year	2.89	51.44
Components of Cash and Cash Equivalents:		
Balances with Banks in Current Account including Sweep-in Deposit	0.28	50.10
Cash on Hand	2.61	1.35
Total Cash and Cash Equivalent	2.89	51.44

In terms of our report attached
For C. Ramachandram & Co

Chartered Accountants

FRN.002864S

Sd/-

(Premnath Degala)

Partner

Membership No.207133

Place: Hyderabad.

Date: 20.05.2019

Sd/-

(Manohar Loka Reddy)

Chairman & Director

DIN:00140229

Sd/-

(G Sai Ram)

Company Secretary and Compliance Officer

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
FOR NETTLINX LIMITED

Sd/-

(Chandra Sekhar Pogula)

CEO & Whole Time Director

DIN:00007536

Sd/-

(S.Mahaganesh)

Chief Financial Officer

Notes to the standalone financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2019

All amounts are in ₹. unless otherwise stated

NOTE – 2

Property, Plant & Equipment

Particulars	Buildings	Plant & Equipment	Furniture & Fixtures	Vehicles	Office Equipment	Land	Computers	TOTAL	Intangible Assets	
									Software	TOTAL
Cost										
As at 31-03-2017	1,01,62,910	10,45,05,040	78,06,411	1,12,48,850	66,67,364	-	7,33,162	14,11,23,737	-	-
IND AS adjustment	2,41,09,090					-		2,41,09,090		
Additions/Revaluation		33,34,851	4,29,205	1,09,44,889	14,81,948	-	2,34,554	1,64,25,447	4,49,130	4,49,130
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at 31-03-2018	3,42,72,000	10,78,39,891	82,35,616	2,21,93,739	81,49,312	-	9,67,716	18,16,58,274	4,49,130	4,49,130
IND AS adjustment						-				
Additions/Revaluation		48,99,193			10,31,139	2,39,56,000	3,50,040	62,80,372	15,99,023	15,99,023
Disposals						-				
As at 31-03-2019	3,42,72,000	11,27,39,084	82,35,616	2,21,93,739	91,80,451	2,39,56,000	13,17,756	21,18,94,646	20,48,153	20,48,153
Depreciation										
As at 31-03-2017	21,22,963	9,30,70,045	72,34,830	60,10,894	29,96,672	-	5,52,764	11,19,88,168	-	-
Charge for the year-2018	3,86,778	15,68,454	1,66,221	24,36,816	8,26,216	-	1,07,387	54,91,871	12,708	12,708
Disposals-2018	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at 31-03-2018	25,09,740	9,46,38,499	74,01,051	84,47,711	38,22,887	-	6,60,151	11,74,80,039	12,708	12,708
Charge for the year-2019	6,91,661	19,34,502	2,06,193	34,92,802	7,91,782	-	2,56,827	73,73,767	60,039	60,039
Disposals-2019										
As at 31-03-2019	32,01,401	9,65,73,001	76,07,244	1,19,40,512	46,14,670	-	9,16,978	12,48,53,807	72,747	72,747
Net Block										
As at 31-03-2019	3,10,70,599	1,61,66,083	6,28,372	1,02,53,227	45,65,781	2,39,56,000	4,00,778	8,70,40,839	19,75,406	19,75,406
As At 31-03-2018	3,17,62,260	1,32,01,392	8,34,565	1,37,46,028	43,26,425	-	3,07,565	6,41,78,234	4,36,422	4,36,422

Capital Work- in -Progress

Particulars	Buildings Under Development	Pre-Operative Expenses@	TOTAL
As At 31-03-2019	76,72,787	-	76,72,787
As At 31-03-2018	1,54,83,613	-	1,54,83,613

NOTES TO THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019
All amounts are in ₹ unless otherwise stated

NOTE – 3	As at 31-03-2019	As at 31-03-2018
Non-Current Investments		
Investments carried at Cost		
Unquoted Equity shares		
Investments in Subsidiaries		
i. Nettlinx Inc, USA (24,663 shares of \$15 each fully paid up)	2,17,09,360	2,17,09,360
ii. Nettlinx Reality Private Limited (3,09,990 Equity Shares of ₹.10 each fully paid up)	30,99,900	30,99,900
iii. Nettlinx Aqua Culture Private Limited (42,00,000 Equity Shares of ₹.10 each fully paid up)	-	4,20,00,000
iv. Sri Venkateswara Green Power limited (84,94,923 Equity Shares of ₹.10 each fully paid up)	8,49,49,230	7,95,50,000
v. Sailon Se (5,89,000 Equity Shares of EUR 01 each fully paid up)	3,62,83,735	-
Investments in Others		
iii. Northeast Broking Services Ltd (11,600 Equity Shares of ₹.10 each fully paid up)	1,16,000	1,16,000
iv. Northeast Commodities Private Ltd (1,20,000 Equity Shares of ₹.10 each fully paid up)	12,00,000	12,00,000
Investments carried at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)	4,48,007	(13,31,238)
Unquoted Equity Shares		
TOTAL	14,78,06,232	14,63,44,022
Investments carried at Cost - Unquoted Equity Shares in Subsidiaries and Associates	14,73,58,225	14,76,75,260
Investments carried at (FVTOCI) - Unquoted Equity Shares in Others	4,48,007	(13,31,238)
NOTE – 4	As at 31-03-2019	As at 31-03-2018
Other Financial Assets		
(Unsecured, Considered good)		
Non – Current		
- Security Deposits (Bank Deposits with Maturity more than 12 months)	2,000	11,19,011
TOTAL	2,000	11,19,011
Current		
Interest Accrued but not due on FDRs Repayment Schedule	1,59,394	1,40,986
Rental Deposits	10,56,850	11,11,850
Others	-	3,60,410
TOTAL	12,16,244	16,13,246

*The above Security deposits are given as Bank Guarantee against the license towards Telecom Operations to the Department of Telecommunications.

NOTE – 5
Deferred Tax Liability

	As at 31-03-2019	As at 31-03-2018
Opening Deferred Tax-GAAP	57,18,135	71,28,718
Mat Credit Entitlement	-	-
Related to Temporary differences on Depreciation/Amortization	6,12,190	1,03,286
Others	(19,65,546)	(46,97,665)
Deferred Tax Asset	43,64,779	25,34,340
Deffered Tax Liability	(53,64,283)	(17,01,604)
Net Deferred Tax Liability	9,99,504	(8,32,736)

NOTE –6
Trade Receivables
Current

	As at 31-03-2019	As at 31-03-2018
Secured, considered good		
Unsecured, considered good	6,96,90,914	4,61,24,263
Less: Bad Debts	15,37,443	1,89,628
Less: Expected Credit Loss	11,70,000	6,69,83,472
TOTAL	6,69,83,472	4,59,34,635

Under the previous GAAP, provision for bad debt was recognised for the doubtful debtors on case to case basis. However, under Ind AS the company assessed impairment based on expected credit loss (ECL) for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on trade receivables for both non payment and delay of receivables. According to past estimates, the company has recognised 1.72% of total debtors as on 31st March, 2019, as the additional provision under ECL method.

NOTE – 7
Cash and Cash Equivalents

	As at 31-03-2019	As at 31-03-2018
Balance with Banks		
- In Current Account	28,063	50,09,660
Cash on Hand	2,61,170	1,34,539
TOTAL	2,89,233	51,44,199

NOTE – 8
Loans

	As at 31-03-2019	As at 31-03-2018
Advances to Related Parties	19,02,41,723	13,73,28,497
Advances to Employees	-	41,622
*Others	21,17,000	1,05,85,431
TOTAL	19,23,58,723	14,79,55,550

*The Company had paid an amount of Rs 18,91,000 towards advance listing fees to frankfurt stock exchange for lisitng of GDRs during the financial year 2016-17. However the company has not issued the GDRs due to technical issues. Hence the company has requested to return the advance amount but the frankfurt stock exchange refused to refund the money. Therefore, the company has initiated the legal proceedings to recover the said advance amount. The company is expecting a favourable decision in this regard.

NETTLINX LIMITED

NOTE – 9

Other Assets

Current (Unsecured considered good)

	As at 31-03-2019	As at 31-03-2018
Prepaid Expenses	3,57,269	1,02,294
Balances with Government Authorities	95,19,141	97,02,098
Other Deposits	12,18,235	12,18,235
Others	-	68,00,000
TOTAL	1,10,94,645	1,78,22,627

*The above Balance with Government Authorities includes TDS Receivables, GST, Service Tax & Vat Credits. Other Deposits includes Telecom deposits, Electrical Deposits & other Vendor deposits.

NOTE – 10

Share Capital

Authorised:

Authorised Capital	34,50,00,000	30,00,00,000
3,45,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each	34,50,00,000	30,00,00,000

Issued, Subscribed and Paid Up:

Issued, Subscribed & Paid up Capital	11,46,33,120	11,46,33,120
1,14,63,312 Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each fully paid up	11,46,33,120	11,46,33,120
TOTAL	11,46,33,120	11,46,33,120

a) Reconciliation of Equity Shares outstanding at the Beginning and at the end of the Reporting Period is set out below:

Particulars	As at 31-03-2019		As at 31-03-18		As at 01-04-16	
	No. of Shares	₹	No. of Shares	₹	No. of Shares	₹
Balance at the Beginning of the Reporting Period	1,14,63,312	11,46,33,120	1,14,63,312	11,46,33,120	1,14,63,312	11,46,33,120
Changes in Equity Share Capital during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance at the end of the Reporting Period	1,14,63,312	11,46,33,120	1,14,63,312	11,46,33,120	1,14,63,312	11,46,33,120

b) Terms /Rights attached to the Equity Shares

The Company has only one class of Equity Shares having a par value of ₹. 10/- per share. Each Holder of Equity Shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays Dividend in Indian Rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the Shareholders in the ensuring Annual General Meeting, except in case of Interim Dividend. In the event of Liquidation of the Company, the holders of Equity Shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all Preferential Amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of Equity Shares held by the Shareholders.

c) The Details of Shareholders holding more than 5% Equity Shares is set below:

Name of the Shareholder	As at 31-03-2019		As at 31-03-18	
	No. of Shares held in the Company	% of Shares	No. of Shares held in the Company	% of Shares
Dr.Loka Narayan Reddy	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Dr. Manohar Loka Reddy	54,37,749	47.44	54,23,295	47.31
Northeast Broking Services Ltd	7,26,743	6.34	7,11,743	6.21
Saranya Loka Reddy	6,44,186	5.61	6,44,186	5.61

NOTE 11
B. Other Equity

Particulars	Reserves and Surplus					Items of other Comprehensive Income		Others	Total Equity attributable to Equity Holders of the company
	Capital Reserves	Securities Premium	General Reserve	Retained Earnings	Others	Equity Instruments through other Comprehensive Income	Other items of other Comprehensive Income		
Balance as at March 31, 2017	1,50,00,000	2,45,99,575	1,30,00,000	3,66,10,343		(9,80,859)	4,322	4,71,22,090	13,53,55,471
Profit for the Year				2,95,91,513					2,95,91,513
Revaluation Reserve					2,41,09,090				2,41,09,090
Other Comprehensive Income for the year (net of tax ' 8)						(13,31,238)	(68,69,956)		(82,01,194)
Money Received against Share Warrants									-
Balance as at March 31, 2018	1,50,00,000	2,45,99,575	1,30,00,000	6,62,01,856	2,41,09,090	(13,31,238)	(68,69,956)	4,71,22,090	18,18,31,417
Profit for the Year				4,05,81,343					4,05,81,343
Revaluation Reserve									-
Other Comprehensive Income for the year (net of tax ' 8)						4,48,007	(75,00,873)		(70,52,867)
Money Received against Share Warrants	4,18,50,926							(4,71,22,090)	(52,71,164)
Balance as at March 31, 2019	5,68,50,926	2,45,99,575	1,30,00,000	10,67,83,199	2,41,09,090	4,48,007	(75,00,873)	-	21,82,89,923

NOTE - 12
Non-Current Secured
Term Loans from Banks

	Long-Term	
	As at 31-03-2019	As at 31-03-2018
1. HDFC	10,00,18,590	8,57,30,957
2. Vehicle Loans	49,74,960	93,22,954
Unwinding of Discount on Decommissioning Liabilities	21,40,379	19,84,367
TOTAL	10,71,33,929	9,70,38,278

All Secured Long-Term Borrowings from HDFC Ltd taken on 05.12.2015 at the rate of 9.75% interest are secured by way of first charge, having pari passu rights, on the Company's Immovable Assets, both present and future, in favour of Company's lenders/trustees. They are further secured by personal guarantee of Shri Manohar Loka Reddy, Chairman and Director of the Company.

NOTE - 13
Provisions
Non - Current

Employee Benefits

Gratuity

TOTAL

	As at 31-03-2019	As at 31-03-2018
	20,21,564	15,17,046
TOTAL	20,21,564	15,17,046

Current

Leave Encashment

TOTAL

	2,20,000	-
TOTAL	2,20,000	-

NOTE - 14
Current Borrowings
UnSecured and Loans Repayable on Demand

From Banks-CC A/c

Loans From Related Parties

TOTAL

	As at 31-03-2019	As at 31-03-2018
	1,00,88,315	99,97,889
	1,93,88,635	74,00,000
TOTAL	2,94,76,950	1,73,97,889

NOTE - 15
Trade Payables
UnSecured
Current

Due to Micro and Small Enterprises

Due to Others

TOTAL

	As at 31-03-2019	As at 31-03-2018
	-	8,52,298
	78,77,452	1,09,62,331
TOTAL	78,77,452	1,18,14,629

NOTE - 16
Other Financial Liabilities
Current

Current Maturities of Long-Term Debt

Interest Accrued but not Due on Borrowings

Outstanding Expenses

Employee Related Expenses

Rental Deposit

TOTAL

	As at 31-03-2019	As at 31-03-2018
	71,58,355	70,68,068
	6,32,615	88,891
	5,55,927	4,08,601
	38,10,284	11,26,653
	17,08,908	5,60,000
TOTAL	1,38,66,089	92,52,213

NETTLINX LIMITED

NOTE – 17

Other Current Liabilities

UnSecured

Advance Received from Customers

Other Statutory Liabilities

TOTAL

As at 31-03-2019	As at 31-03-2018
1,53,141	13,99,110
52,43,541	24,95,664
53,96,682	38,94,774

NOTE – 18

Current Tax Liabilities

Provision For Tax

TOTAL

As at 31-03-2019	As at 31-03-2018
1,65,24,366	94,84,928
1,65,24,366	94,84,928

NOTE – 19

Revenue From Operations

(a) Revenue from Sale of Goods

(i) Income from Bandwidth Services

(ii) Income from Web Solutions

(iii) Income from ITES (export)

(b) Revenue from Sale of Services (i+ii+iii)

Total Revenue from Operations (a+b)

As at 31-03-2019	As at 31-03-2018
55,000	32,85,258
7,00,92,034	5,94,27,130
12,42,462	20,65,861
4,89,73,410	3,91,13,685
12,03,07,905	10,06,06,676
12,03,62,905	10,38,91,934

NOTE – 20

a) Other Income(i+ii+iii)

(i) Rental Income

(ii) Interest Income

(iii) Others

b) Other Non Operating Income(iv+v+vi)

(iv) Net Gain on Foreign Currency Transactions

(v) Profit on Sale of Asset

(vi) Gain on Sale of Investments

TOTAL (a+b)

As at 31-03-2019	As at 31-03-2018
1,74,94,727	1,68,70,928
23,94,871	31,32,520
1,46,61,764	1,22,11,142
4,38,092	15,27,266
1,12,46,663	75,48,947
16,91,518	4,99,680
95,55,145	69,89,175
-	60,092
2,87,41,390	2,44,19,875

The above Interest Income and Rental Income includes income from Related Parties to the extent of ₹.1,64,29,319/- (31st March 2018; ₹.1,16,05,122).

NOTE – 21

Access Charges,License Fee and Network Expenses

Bandwidth, Leased Circuit Charges & Service Charges

Purchase Of Equipment

Domain Registration Expenses

Annual Membership Fee

DOT Licence Fees

TOTAL

As at 31-03-2019	As at 31-03-2018
2,30,65,600	2,35,95,165
-	30,86,522
1,57,409	1,41,231
97,154	86,880
33,49,296	26,49,520
2,66,69,459	2,95,59,318

NETTLINX LIMITED

NOTE – 22

Employee Benefit Expense

	As at 31-03-2019	As at 31-03-2018
Salaries (including Managerial Remuneration)	1,83,32,520	1,62,12,022
Contribution to PF, ESI and other Funds	14,08,495	10,38,136
Staff Welfare Expenses	15,92,746	33,57,824
Defined Benefit Plans	97,452	3,30,126
TOTAL	2,14,31,213	2,09,38,108

NOTE – 23

Finance Costs

Interest on Financial Liabilities at Amortised Cost:

	As at 31-03-2019	As at 31-03-2018
Interest on Term Loans	1,11,93,952	72,29,345
Interest on Working Capital	11,18,105	9,83,199
Unwinding of Discount on Decommissioning Liabilities	1,56,012	21,76,614
TOTAL	1,24,68,069	1,03,89,158

NOTE – 24

Other Expenses

	As at 31-03-2019	As at 31-03-2018
Computer & Network Maintenance	15,39,713	18,57,755
Rent	38,76,649	39,69,149
Insurance	2,12,705	2,25,436
Bank Charges	8,60,405	2,33,837
Auditors' Remuneration	2,00,000	85,000
Professional Charges	6,36,643	5,59,927
Printing & Stationery	2,56,794	2,50,825
Communication Cost	4,62,290	4,62,695
Directors Travelling Expenses	19,68,896	15,31,624
Others Travelling Expenses	14,89,778	1,04,040
Conveyance Expenses	9,22,711	8,64,401
Power & Electricity	23,39,643	29,83,475
Rates & Taxes	45,641	9,30,600
Security Service Charges	6,33,577	8,04,065
Office Maintenance	21,56,822	14,99,964
Bad debts	15,37,443	7,96,217
Expected credit loss	11,70,000	-
Demat Charges	1,31,437	86,542
Vehicle Maintenance	11,82,352	7,15,625
Advertisement & Publicity	50,490	9,67,390
Interest on Late Payment	9,89,379	11,64,998
Other Administrative Expenses	13,11,156	25,90,908
Others	8,87,169	6,06,589
TOTAL	2,48,61,692	2,32,91,060

Notes of Account

A. General Information

Nettlinx Limited ('the Company') is a Public Limited Company incorporated in India, registered under Companies Act 1956 having registered office at 5-9-22 Flat No.303 , 3rd Floor My Home Sarovar Plaza, Secretariat Hyderabad TG 500063 IN and its securities listed on the BSE Limited.

Nettlinx Limited provides a portfolio of high quality Internet solutions for data voice and security to cater to the corporate customer needs.

B. Basis of preparation of financial statements

B.1. Statement of Compliance

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in India and in compliance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) Specified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013("the Act") read with rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) (Amendment) Rules, 2017 and other provisions to the Act, to the extent notified and applicable as well as applicable guidance notes and pronouncements of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the ICAI)

The financial statements were authorized for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on 20 May, 2019.

Details of the accounting policies are included in Note 1.

B.2 Basis of preparation and presentation

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended from time to time).

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention on an accrual and going concern basis except for the following assets and liabilities:

- Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at fair value;
- Employee defined benefit assets/(liability) are recognized as the net total of the fair value of plan assets, plus actuarial losses, less actuarial gains and the present value of the defined benefit obligation;
- Long term borrowings are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method.

The Ind AS are prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting

Standards) Rules, 2015 and relevant Amendment rules issued thereafter.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly-issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

As the quarter and year figures are taken from the source and rounded to the nearest digits, the figures reported for the previous quarters might not always add up to the year-end figures reported in this statement.

B.3 Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in Indian rupees, which is the functional currency of the Company.

All amounts are in Indian Rupees except share data, unless otherwise stated.

B.4 Operating Cycle

All the assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out under Ind As and in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013.

Assets:

An asset is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- a) it is expected to be realized in, or is intended for sale or consumption in, the Company's normal operating cycle;
- b) it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- c) it is expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting date; or
- d) it is cash or cash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Liabilities:

A liability is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- a) it is expected to be settled in the Company's normal operating cycle;
- b) it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- c) it is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting date; or
- d) the Company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result

in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

B.5 Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty.

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, which are described in Note 1, the management of the Company are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The following are the areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgements that the management has made in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

Provision and contingent liability

On an ongoing basis, Company reviews pending cases, claims by third parties and other contingencies. For contingent losses that are considered probable, an estimated loss is recorded as an accrual in financial statements. Loss Contingencies that are considered possible are not provided for but disclosed as Contingent liabilities in the financial statements. Contingencies the likelihood of which is remote are not disclosed in the financial statements. Gain contingencies are not recognized until the contingency has been resolved and amounts are received or receivable.

Useful lives of depreciable assets

Useful life of Property, Plant and Equipment including intangible asset: Residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Investment in equity instruments of subsidiary and associate companies

During the year, the Company assessed the investment in equity instrument of subsidiary companies carried at cost for impairment testing. These companies are expected to generate positive cash flows in the future years. Detailed analysis has been carried out on the future projections and the Company is confident that the investments do not require any impairment.

B.6. Fair value measurement and valuation process:

The company measured financial assets and liabilities, if any, at fair value for financial reporting purposes.

The Company recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

1. Significant accounting Policies

1.1 Revenue recognition

The Company offers a complete range of network solutions like Internet, Network Management Services, Data Centre and Co-Location Services and Enterprise Mailing Solutions etc and derives revenues primarily from business IT services comprising of software development and related services, consulting and package implementation.

Revenue is recognized upon transfer of control of promised products or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration we expect to receive in exchange for those products or services.

Revenue from Online information and database access or retrieval recognized as the service is performed on the basis of actual usage of the company network in accordance with contractual obligation and is recorded net of Goods & service tax

Company provided specialised features to the subscribers which entitles them to access the network of the company, in such case the revenue is recognised when such features are activated and used by the subscriber.

Products and platforms:

The Company offers a complete range of network solutions like Internet, Network Management Services, Data Centre and Co-location Services and Enterprise Mailing Solutions etc and derives revenues in the way of sale of products, sale of VOIP Telephones and y way of provision of Bandwidth Services, Web Solutions & ITES(Exports).

Revenue includes only the gross inflows of economic benefits received a receivable by the entity on its own account. Amounts collected on behalf of third parties such as sales taxes, goods and services taxes and value added taxes are not economic benefits which flow to the entity and do not result in increases in equity. The company presents revenues net of taxes in its statement of Profit and Loss.

Other Income

Other income is comprised primarily of interest income, Rental income and exchange gain / loss on translation of other assets and liabilities. Interest income is recognized using the effective interest method.

1.2 Foreign currency Transactions.

Functional currency

The functional currency of the Company is the Indian rupee. These financial statements are presented in Indian rupees (rounded off wherever required)

Transactions and translations

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are recorded at the exchange rates prevailing at the time of the transaction.

Foreign-currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities are translated into the relevant functional currency at exchange rates in effect at the Balance Sheet date. The gains or losses resulting from such translations are included in net profit in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Non-monetary assets and non-monetary liabilities denominated in a foreign currency and measured at fair value are translated at the exchange rate prevalent at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary assets and non-monetary liabilities denominated in a foreign currency and measured at historical cost are translated at the exchange rate prevalent at the date of the transaction.

Exchange difference on monetary items is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which it arises except for;

- (a) Exchange difference on foreign currency borrowings relating to depreciable capital asset is included in cost of assets.
- (b) Exchange difference on foreign currency transactions, on which receipt and/ or payments is not planned, initially recognised in Other Comprehensive Income and reclassified from Equity to profit and loss on repayment of the monetary items.

The results and financial position of foreign operations with functional currency different from the presentation currency, are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- (a) Assets and liabilities for each consolidated statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that consolidated statement of financial position;
- (b) income and expenses for each consolidated statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates (unless average rate is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the rate on the dates of the transactions); and

- (c) All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated into rupee, the functional currency of the company, at the exchange rates at the reporting date. Exchange difference arising are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent that the exchange differences is allocated to the non-controlling interests.

1.3 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets are capitalised as part of the cost of such assets up to the commencement of commercial operations. A qualifying asset is one that necessarily takes substantial period of time to get ready for intended use. Other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the year in which they are incurred.

Borrowing cost includes interest incurred in connection with the arrangement of borrowings to the extent they are regarded as an adjustment to the interest cost.

1.4 Taxes on Income Tax and Deferred Tax

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred income tax. Income tax expense is recognized in net profit in the Statement of Profit and Loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity, in which case it is recognized in other comprehensive income. Current income tax for current and prior periods is recognized at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the tax authorities, using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date. Provision for income tax is made on the basis of taxable income for the year at the current rates

Deferred tax represents the effect of temporary difference between carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax base used in the computation of taxable income. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recognized for all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized. Deferred tax liabilities are generally accounted for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax asset is recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carried forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which such deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

The Company offsets current tax assets and current tax liabilities, where it has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and where it intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Deferred tax assets/ liabilities are not recognised for initial recognition of Goodwill or on an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and at the time of transaction affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss. MAT credit is recognised as an asset, only if it is probable that the Company will pay normal income tax during the Specified period.

1.5 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company and includes post tax effect of any exceptional item by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period excluding the shares owned by the Trust, outstanding during the period

Diluted earnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per equity share and also the weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. The dilutive potential equity shares are adjusted for the proceeds receivable had the equity shares been actually issued at fair value (i.e. the average market value of the outstanding equity shares). Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as at the beginning of the period, unless issued at a later date. Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each period presented.

The number of equity shares and potentially dilutive equity shares are adjusted retrospectively for all periods presented for any share splits and bonus shares issues including for changes effected prior to the approval of the financial statements by the Board of Directors.

1.6 Property, plant and equipment (PPE)

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses if any. Cost comprises the purchase price and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended

use. Any trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price. The Company identifies and determines separate useful lives for each major component of the property, plant and equipment, if they have a useful life that is materially different from that of the asset as a whole.

Cost of an item of PPE comprises of its purchase price

including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes after deducting trade discounts and rebates, any directly attributable cost of bringing the item to its working condition for its intended use and present value of estimated costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which It is located.

Expenses on existing property, plant and equipment, including day-to-day repairs, maintenance expenditure and cost of replacing parts, are charged to the statement of profit and loss for the year during which such expenses are incurred. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of assets are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognized.

Advances paid towards the acquisition of property, plant and equipment outstanding at each Balance Sheet date is classified as capital advances under other non-current assets and the cost of assets not ready to use before such date are disclosed under 'Capital work-in-progress'. Subsequent expenditures relating to property, plant and equipment are capitalized only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with these will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

1.7 Depreciation

Depreciation is the systematic allocation of the depreciable amount of PPE over its useful life as per Ind AS 16 and is provided on a Reduced Balance Method basis over the useful lives as prescribed in Schedule II to the Act or as per technical assessment. Depreciation is charged on a pro-rata basis for assets purchased / sold during the year.

The management's estimates of the useful lives of various assets for computing depreciation are as follows:

Particulars	Useful life (in yrs)
Buildings	60
Plant and Machinery	13
Furniture & Fixtures	10
Office Equipment – Others	05
Vehicles	8

The useful lives as given above best represent the period over which the management expects to use these assets, based on technical assessment. The estimated useful lives for these assets are therefore different from the useful lives prescribed under Part C of Schedule II of the Companies Act 2013.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are

reviewed at each financial year-end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

1.8 Intangible assets and amortisation

1. Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses. Cost includes all direct costs relating to acquisition of Intangible assets and borrowing cost relating to qualifying assets.
2. Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company.
3. There are no intangible assets assessed with indefinite useful life. The life of amortisation of the intangible assets is as follows.

Particulars	Useful life
Software	8 years

4. Intangible assets are amortized over the useful life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortization period and the amortization method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at the end of each reporting year. The estimated useful life of an identifiable intangible asset is based on a number of factors including the effects of obsolescence, demand, competition, and other economic factors (such as the stability of the industry, and known technological advances), and the level of maintenance expenditures required to obtain the expected future cash flows from the asset. Amortization methods and useful lives are reviewed periodically including at each financial year end.
5. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are considered to modify the amortization period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates. The amortization expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognized in the statement of profit and loss.
6. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognized. Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of Intangible Assets is recognised in statement of profit and loss.

1.9 Inventories

Stock-in-trade, stores and spares are accounted for at cost and all other costs incurred in bringing the inventory to their present location and condition, determined on weighted average basis or net realizable value, whichever is less. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

1.10 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the Balance Sheet comprise cash at bank and cash in hand and short-term deposits with banks that are readily convertible into cash which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments.

1.11 Statement of Cash Flows (Cash Flow Statement)

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby net profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

1.12 Employee benefits

1. Provident Fund:

Employees of the Company receive benefits under the provident fund, a defined benefit plan. The employee and employer each make monthly contributions to the plan. A portion of the contribution is made to the provident fund trust managed by the Company or Government administered provident fund. The liability is actuarially determined (using the projected unit credit method) at the end of the year. The contributions are charged to the statement of profit and loss in the year when employee renders the related service. There are no other obligations other than the contribution payable to the respective authorities.

2. Gratuity:

The Company provides for gratuity, a defined benefit retirement plan ("the Gratuity Plan") covering eligible employees. The Gratuity Plan provides a lump-sum payment to vested employees at retirement, death, incapacitation or termination of employment, of an amount based on the respective employee's salary and the tenure of employment with the Company. Liabilities with regard to the Gratuity Plan are determined by actuarial valuation, performed by an independent actuary, at each Balance Sheet date using the projected unit credit method.

3.Compensated Absences:

The Company has a policy on compensated absences which are both accumulating and non-accumulating in nature. The expected cost of accumulating compensated absences is determined by Estimation Basis.

4. The actuarial valuation is done at the end of the year. Actuarial gains/losses are immediately taken to statement of profit and loss and are not deferred.

1.13 Investments in Subsidiaries and Associates

The company's investment in its Subsidiaries and Associates are carried at cost.

1.14 Provisions

1. A provision is recognized if, as a result of a past event, the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation that is reasonably estimable, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation.

Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability.

2. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost.

1.15 Financial instruments
a. Recognition and Initial recognition

The Company recognizes financial assets and financial liabilities when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All financial assets and liabilities are recognized at fair value on initial recognition, except for trade receivables which are initially measured at transaction price. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issues of financial assets and financial liabilities that are not at fair value through profit or loss, are added to the fair value on initial recognition.

A financial asset or financial liability is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL), transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue.

b. Classification and Subsequent measurement
Financial assets

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at

– amortized cost;

– FVTPL

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition, except if and in the period the company changes its business model for managing financial assets.

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

All financial assets not classified as measured at amortized cost as described above are measured at FVTPL. On initial recognition, the Company may irrevocably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortized cost at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

Financial assets: Business model assessment

The Company makes an assessment of the objective of the business model in which a financial asset is held at a portfolio level because this best reflects the way the business is managed and information is provided to management. The information considered includes:

- the stated policies and objectives for the portfolio and the operation of those policies in practice. These include whether management's strategy focuses on earning contractual interest income, maintaining a particular interest rate profile, matching the duration of the financial assets to the duration of any related liabilities or expected cash outflows or realizing cash flows through the sale of the assets;
- how the performance of the portfolio is evaluated and reported to the Company's management;
- the risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and how those risks are managed;
- how managers of the business are compensated – e.g. whether compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or the contractual cash flows collected; and

- the frequency, volume and timing of sales of financial assets in prior periods, the reasons for such sales and expectations about future sales activity.

Transfers of financial assets to third parties in transactions that do not qualify for derecognition are not considered sales for this purpose, consistent with the Company's continuing recognition of the assets.

Financial assets that are held for trading or are managed and whose performance is evaluated on a fair value basis are measured at FVTPL.

Financial assets: Assessment* whether contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest

*For the purposes of this assessment, 'principal' is defined as the fair value of the financial asset on initial recognition. 'Interest' is defined as consideration for the time value of money and for the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period of time and for other basic lending risks and costs (e.g. liquidity risk and administrative costs), as well as a profit margin.

In assessing whether the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest, the Company considers the contractual terms of the instrument. This includes assessing whether the financial asset contains a contractual term that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows such that it would not meet this condition. In making this assessment, the Company considers:

- contingent events that would change the amount or timing of cash flows;
- terms that may adjust the contractual coupon rate, including variable interest rate features;
- prepayment and extension features; and
- terms that limit the Company's claim to cash flows from specified assets (e.g. non recourse features).

A prepayment feature is consistent with the solely payments of principal and interest criterion if the prepayment amount substantially represents unpaid amounts of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, which may include reasonable additional compensation for early termination of the contract. Additionally, for a financial asset acquired at a significant discount or premium to its contractual par amount, a feature that permits or requires prepayment at an amount that substantially represents the contractual par amount plus accrued (but unpaid) contractual interest (which may also include reasonable additional compensation for early termination) is treated as consistent with this criterion if the fair value of the prepayment feature is insignificant at initial recognition.

Financial assets: Subsequent measurement and gains and losses

Financial assets at FVTPL: These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest or dividend income, are recognized in profit or loss.

Financial assets at amortized cost: These assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. The amortized cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognized in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities:

Classification, Subsequent measurement and gains and losses

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortized cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held for trading, or it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognized in profit or loss. Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is also recognized in profit or loss.

c. Derecognition

Financial assets

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and does not retain control of the financial asset.

If the Company enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognized on its balance sheet, but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred assets, the transferred assets are not derecognized.

Financial liabilities

The Company derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire.

The Company also derecognizes a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows under the

modified terms are substantially different. In this case, a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognized at fair value. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished and the new financial liability with modified terms is recognized in profit or loss.

d. Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the balance sheet when and only when, the Company currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

e. Impairment

The Company recognizes loss allowances for expected credit losses on financial assets measured at amortized cost;

At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether financial assets carried at amortized cost and debt securities at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) are credit impaired. A financial asset is 'credit impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

Evidence that a financial asset is credit impaired includes the following observable data:

- Significant financial difficulty of the borrower or issuer;
- The restructuring of a loan or advance by the Company on terms that the Company would not consider otherwise;
- It is probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization; or
- The disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties.

The Company measures loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses, except for the following, which are measured as 12 month expected credit losses:

- Debt securities that are determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date; and
- Other debt securities and bank balances for which credit risk (i.e. the risk of default occurring over the expected life of the financial instrument) has not increased significantly since initial recognition.

Loss allowances for trade receivables are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses.

Lifetime expected credit losses are the expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

12-month expected credit losses are the portion of expected credit losses that result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date (or a shorter period if the expected life of the instrument is less than 12 months).

In all cases, the maximum period considered when estimating expected credit losses is the maximum contractual period over which the Company is exposed to credit risk.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating expected credit losses, the Company considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Company's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward looking information.

Measurement of expected credit losses

Expected credit losses are a probability weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the Company in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Company expects to receive).

Note 25

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (IndAS-37)

Contingent liabilities/claims not provided for:

₹. In Lakhs

a) Claims against the Company not acknowledged as Debt:*	2018-19	2017-18
i) Unexpired Bank Guarantees	13	23
ii) Provisional Licence fee assessment	43.30	43.30

*Company has received revised provisional license fee assessment notice from Department of Telecommunications-AP circle for the years 2005-06, 2006-07, 2007-08 and 2008-09 w.r.t ISP(IT) License for ₹.43,30,195/-

NETTLINX LIMITED

Note 26

A Auditors Remuneration:

₹. in Lakhs

Particulars	For the Year 2018-19	For the Year 2017-18
a) Statutory Auditor Audit Fee	2	1
Certification & Fees for other Services	0.054	0.75
Total	2.054	1.75

B. Disclosures required under Section 22 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.

Under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development act, 2006(MSMED) which came into force from Oct 2, 2006, certain disclosures are required to be made relating to MSMED. On the basis of information and records available with the company, the following disclosures are made for the amounts due to the micro and small enterprises.

(₹ in Lakhs)

S.No. Particulars	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
1 Principal amount due to any supplier as at the year end.	-	8.52
2 Interest due on the principal amount unpaid at the year end to any supplier.	-	-
3 Amount of interest paid by the company in terms of Sec-16 of the MSMED, along with the amount of the payment made to the suppliers beyond the appointed day during the accounting year.	-	-
4 Payment made to the enterprises beyond appointed date under section 16 of MSMED	-	-
5 Amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment, which has been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year, but without adding the interest specified under MSMED.	-	-
6 Amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year and	-	-
7 Amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above or actually paid to the small enterprises, for the purpose of disallowance as deductible expenditure U/S 23 of MSMED.	-	-

C. Related Party disclosures under IND AS - 24.

The List of Related Parties as identified by the management is as under:

1) Subsidiaries of the Company having significant Influence
a) Nettlinx Inc, USA
b) Nettlinx Realty Private Limited
c) Sri Venkateswara Green Power Limited
d) Sailon SE
2) Companies in which directors are interested
a) North East Broking Services Limited
b) North East Commodities Private Limited

3) Key Management Personnel (KMP) of the Company

- a) Shri Manohar Loka Reddy – Chairman and Director
- b) Chandra Sekhar Pogula – CEO and Whole time Director
- c) Shri G. Sai Ram – CS
- d) S.Mahaganesh - CFO

Following transactions were carried out with related parties in the ordinary course of business

₹. in Lakh

S.No	Description	Subsidiaries	Parties having Significant Influence	KMP	Total
1	Managerial Remuneration			51.15	51.15
2	Reimbursement of Expenses	-	-	(12.30)	(12.30)
3	Service Sales	-	-	-	-
4	Investments	(3.17)	-	-	(3.17)
5	Loans	545.19	-	(119.60)	425.59

Based on the recommendation of the Nomination, Remuneration and Compensation Committee, all decisions relating to the remuneration of the Directors of the Company, in accordance with shareholder's approval, wherever necessary

Terms and Conditions of transactions with Related Parties:

The sale to related parties are made in the normal course of business and on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. Outstanding balances at the year-end are unsecured and interest free.

For the year ended March 31, 2019, the Company has not recorded any impairment of receivables relating to amounts owed by related parties. This assessment is undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates.

D. Defined Benefit Plan

The Company provides its employees with benefits under a defined benefit plan, referred to as the "Gratuity Plan". The Gratuity Plan entitles an employee, who has rendered at least five years of continuous service, to receive 15 days salary for each year of completed service (service of six months and above is rounded off as one year) at the time of retirement / exit.

The following tables summarize the components of net benefit expense recognized in the statement of profit or loss and the amounts recognized in the balance sheet for the plan:

Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of the present value of the defined benefit obligations:

₹. in Lakhs

S.No	Particulars	Gratuity (Funded Plan)	
		As at 31-03-2019	As at 31-03-2018
I	Change in Obligation		
	1 Present Value of defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the year	15.17	15.88
	2 Current service cost	38.64	28.59
	3 Interest cost	1.18	1.11
	4 Actuarial (gain) / loss on obligation	0.97	(3.30)
	5 Benefits paid	(0.68)	(1.38)
	6 Present Value of defined benefit obligation at the end of the year	20.50	15.17

II	Change in the Fair Value of Plan Assets		
	1 Fair Value of Plan assets at the beginning of the year	0	0
	2 Expected return on plan assets	0	0
	3 Contributions by employer	0.68	1.38
	4 Actuarial gain / (loss) on plan assets	-	-
	5 Benefits paid	(0.68)	(1.38)
	6 Fair Value of Plan assets at the end of the year	0	0
III	Expenses recognized in the Profit and Loss Account		
	1 Current service cost	3.86	2.86
	2 Interest cost	1.18	1.11
	3 Expected return on plan assets	0	0
	4 Net actuarial loss / (gain) recognized in the current year	0.97	(3.30)
	5 Expenses recognized in the Profit and Loss Account	5.04	(3.30)
IV	Re-measurements recognized in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)		
	1 Changes in Financial Assumptions	0.28	(1.08)
	2 Changes in Demographic Assumptions	0	0
	3 Experience Adjustments	0.68	(2.22)
	4 Actual return on Plan assets less interest on plan assets		
	5 Amount recognized in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)	0.97	(3.30)
V	Expenses recognized in the Balance Sheet as at the end of the year		
	1 Present value of defined benefit obligation	20.50	15.17
	2 Fair Value of plan assets at the end of the year	0	0
	3 Funded status [Surplus / (Deficit)]	(20.50)	(15.17)
	4 Net assets / (liability) as at the end of the year	(20.50)	(15.17)
VII	Sensitivity analysis for significant assumptions: *		
	Increase/(Decrease) on present value of defined benefit obligation at the end of the year		
	Salary escalation-up by 1%	18.72	16.60
	Salary escalation-down by 1%	22.61	13.92
	Discount Rates-up by 1%	22.64	13.96
	Discount Rates-down by 1%	18.66	16.58
	Withdrawal Rates-up by 1%	21.36	15.97
	Withdrawal Rates-down by 1%	19.40	14.00
VIII	The major categories of plan assets as a percentage of total plan		
	1 Qualifying Insurance Policy		
IX	Actuarial Assumptions		
	1 Discount rate	7.63%	7.78%
5.	2 Mortality rate	IALM (2006-08 Ultimate)	IALM (2006-08 Ultimate)
	3 Withdrawal rate		
	4 Return on plan assets	0	0
	5 Salary Escalation	5%	4%

E. Earnings per Share (EPS) –

S.No.	Particulars	Year Ended 31-03-2019	Year Ended 31-03-2018
1	Profit attributable to the Equity Share Holders (Rs in Lakhs)- A	417.25	284.56
2	No. of Equity Shares	11463312	11463312
3	Nominal Value of the Share (Rs.)	10	10
4	Basic / Weighted average number of Equity Shares - B	11463312	13258439
5	Earnings per Share (Rs.) – A/B*	3.64	2.48
6	Diluted Earnings Per Share (Rs)- A/(B+E)	3.64	2.15

F. Reconciliation of Effective Tax rate:

Particulars	Year Ended 31-03-2019	Year Ended 31-03-2018
Applicable tax rate	27.82	27.5525
Effect of tax exempt income	0	(0.0195)
Effect of non-deductible expenses	4.2395	0.0163
Effect of allowances for tax purposes	(2.8095)	0
Effect of previous year adjustments	0	0.0009
Effect of Deferred Tax Adjustments	(1.1604)	0
Effective tax rate	28.0896	27.5502

G. As stipulated in IndAS–36, the Company has assessed its potential of economic benefits of its business units and is of the view of that the assets employed in continuing business are capable of generating adequate returns over their useful life in the usual course of its business. There is no indication to the contrary and accordingly the management is of the view that no impairment provision is called for in these accounts.

H. Operating Lease (Ind AS 17)

The Company has not taken any office premises under operating leases.

I. Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company's principal financial liabilities comprise loans and borrowings, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance and support Company's operations. The Company's principal financial assets include trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents and refundable deposits that derive directly from its operations.

The Company is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's senior management oversees the management of these risks. The Board of Directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks, which are summarized below.

i) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises two types of risk, interest rate risk and other price risk, such as equity price risk and commodity/ real estate risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include loans and borrowings and refundable deposits. The sensitivity analysis in the following sections relate to the position as at March 31, 2019 and March 31, 2018. The sensitivity analyses have been prepared on the basis that the amount of net debt and the ratio of fixed to floating interest rates of the debt.

The analysis excludes the impact of movements in market variables on: the carrying values of gratuity and other post retirement obligations; provisions.

The below assumption has been made in calculating the sensitivity analysis:

The sensitivity of the relevant profit or loss item is the effect of the assumed changes in respective market risks. This is based on the financial assets and financial liabilities held at March 31, 2019 and March 31, 2018.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Company's long-term debt obligations with floating interest rates.

The Company manages its interest rate risk by having a balanced portfolio of fixed and variable rate loans and borrowings. The Company does not enter into any interest rate swaps.

Interest rate sensitivity

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates on that portion of loans and borrowings affected. With all other variables held constant, the Company's profit before tax is affected through the impact on floating rate borrowings, as follows:

₹. in Lakhs

Particulars	Increase / decrease in interest rate	Effect on profit before tax
March 31, 2019		
INR	+1%	13.66
INR	-1%	13.66
March 31, 2018		
INR	+1%	11.44
INR	-1%	11.44

ii) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The credit risk arises principally from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) and from its investing activities, including deposits with banks and financial institutions and other financial instruments.

Credit risk is controlled by analysing credit limits and creditworthiness of customers on a continuous basis to whom credit has been granted after obtaining necessary approvals for credit. The collection from the trade receivables are monitored on a continuous basis by the receivables team.

The Company establishes an allowance for credit loss that represents its estimate of expected losses in respect of trade and other receivables based on the past and the recent collection trend. The trade receivables as on March 31, 2019 is ₹.669.83 Lakhs (March 31, 2018: ₹.459.35 Lakhs). The movement in allowance for credit loss in respect of trade and other receivables during the year was as follows:

₹. in Lakhs

Allowance for credit loss	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Opening balance	21.4	19.51
Impairment loss provided/ (reversed)	11.70	1.89
Closing balance	33.1	21.4

No single customer accounted for more than 5% of the revenue as of March 31, 2019 and March 31, 2018 and there is no significant concentration of credit risk.

Credit risk on cash and cash equivalent is limited as the Company generally transacts with banks and financial institutions.

iii) Liquidity risk

The Company's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of bank deposits and loans.

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments:

₹. in Lakhs

Particulars	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Year ended March 31, 2019				
Borrowings (including Current maturities of long term debt)	207.54	501.47	657.10	1366.11
Other noncurrent financial liabilities		20.21	...	20.21
Trade payables	78.77	...	...	78.77
Other Payables	1109.07		17.09	1126.15
Interest Accrued but not due	6.34	...	...	6.34
Salary and Bonus payable	38.10	...	...	38.10
Year ended March 31, 2018				
Borrowings (including Current maturities of long term debt)	173.98	457.15	513.23	1144.36
Other noncurrent financial liabilities		15.17	...	15.17
Trade payables	118.15		...	118.15
Other Payables	215.11		...	215.11
Interest Accrued but not due	0.88	...	...	0.88
Salary and Bonus payable	10.33	...	...	10.33

J. Capital management

The Company's policy is to maintain a stable capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. Management monitors capital on the basis of return on capital employed as well as the debt to total equity ratio.

For the purpose of debt to total equity ratio, debt considered is long-term and short-term borrowings. Total equity comprises of issued share capital and all other equity reserves excluding Debenture Redemption Reserve.

The capital structure as of March 31, 2019 and March 31, 2018 as follows

₹. in Lakhs

Particulars	31-Mar-19	31-Mar-18
Total equity attributable to the equity shareholders of the Company	3329.23	2964.64
As a percentage of total capital	70.905	72.149
Long term borrowings including current maturities	1071.33	970.38
Short term borrowings	294.76	173.97
Total borrowings	1366.10	1144.35
As a percentage of total capital	29.094	27.849
Total capital (equity and borrowings)	4695.33	4109.01

K. Corporate Social Responsibility:

The Company is not required to spend towards Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) as per Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, since the company is within the threshold limit given as per the provisions of the Act.

L. Standards issued but not effective:

Ind AS 116 Leases: On March 30, 2019, Ministry of Corporate Affairs has notified Ind AS 116, Leases. Ind AS 116 will replace the existing leases Standard, Ind AS 17 Leases, and related Interpretations. The Standard sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases for both parties to a contract i.e.,

the lessee and the lessor. Ind AS 116 introduces a single lessee accounting model and requires a lessee to recognize assets and liabilities for all leases with a term of more than twelve months, unless the underlying asset is of low value. Currently, operating lease expenses are charged to the statement of Profit & Loss. The Standard also contains enhanced disclosure requirements for lessees. Ind AS 116 substantially carries forward the lessor accounting requirements in Ind AS 17.

The effective date for adoption of Ind AS 116 is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2019. The standard permits two possible methods of transition:

- Full retrospective – Retrospectively to each prior period presented applying Ind AS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors
- Modified retrospective – Retrospectively, with the cumulative effect of initially applying the Standard recognized at the date of initial application.

Under modified retrospective approach, the lessee records the lease liability as the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted at the incremental borrowing rate and the right of use asset either as:

- Its carrying amount as if the standard had been applied since the commencement date, but discounted at lessee's incremental borrowing rate at the date of initial application or
- An amount equal to the lease liability, adjusted by the amount of any prepaid or accrued lease payments related to that lease recognized under Ind AS 17 immediately before the date of initial application.

Certain practical expedients are available under both the methods. The Company is currently evaluating the effect of this amendment on the financial statements.

Amendment to Ind AS 19 – plan amendment, curtailment or settlement - On March 30, 2019, Ministry of Corporate Affairs issued amendments to Ind AS 19, 'Employee Benefits', in connection with accounting for plan amendments, curtailments and settlements.

The amendments require an entity:

- to use updated assumptions to determine current service cost and net interest for the remainder of the period after a plan amendment, curtailment or settlement; and
- to recognise in profit or loss as part of past service cost, or a gain or loss on settlement, any reduction in a surplus, even if that surplus was not previously recognised because of the impact of the asset ceiling.

Effective date for application of this amendment is annual period beginning on or after April 1, 2019. The company is currently evaluating the effect of this amendment on the financial statements.

Ind AS 12 Appendix C, Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments: On March 30, 2019, Ministry of Corporate Affairs has notified Ind AS 12 Appendix C, Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments which is to be applied while performing the determination of taxable profit (or loss), tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates, when there is uncertainty over income tax treatments under Ind AS 12. According to the appendix, companies need to determine the probability of the relevant tax authority accepting each tax treatment, or group of tax treatments, that the companies have used or plan to use in their income tax filing which has to be considered to compute the most likely amount or the expected value of the tax treatment when determining taxable profit (tax loss), tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates.

NETTLINX LIMITED

The standard permits two possible methods of transition –

- i) Full retrospective approach – Under this approach, Appendix C will be applied retrospectively to each prior reporting period presented in accordance with Ind AS 8 – Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors, without using hindsight and
- ii) Retrospectively with cumulative effect of initially applying Appendix C recognized by adjusting equity on initial application, without adjusting comparatives.

The effective date for adoption of Ind AS 12 Appendix C is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2019.

**In terms of our report attached
For C. Ramachandram & Co**

Chartered Accountants

FRN.002864S

Sd/-

(Premnath Degala)

Partner

Membership No.207133

Place: Hyderabad.

Date: 20.05.2019

**For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
FOR NETTLINX LIMITED**

Sd/-

(Manohar Loka Reddy)

Chairman & Director

DIN:00140229

Sd/-

(G Sai Ram)

Company Secretary and Compliance Officer

Sd/-

(Chandra Sekhar Pogula)

CEO & Whole Time Director

DIN:00007536

Sd/-

(S.Mahaganesh)

Chief Financial Officer

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To
The Members of M/s NETTLINX LIMITED
Report on the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated Ind AS financial statements of M/s. Nettlinx Limited, ("the Company"), its subsidiaries (the company and its subsidiaries together referred as "Group"), which comprise the consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2019, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the consolidated Cash Flow Statement and the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to explanations given to us, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information by the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015,

Key Audit Matters

Key Audit Matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

S.No	Key Audit Matter	Auditor's Response
1	Provision for Impairment loss in account receivables. The credit loss provision in respect of account receivables represent management's best estimate of the credit losses incurred on the receivables at the balance sheet date. We have identified provisioning for credit loss as a key audit matter as the calculation of credit loss provision is a complex area and requires management to make significant assumptions on customer payment behaviour and estimating the level and timing of expected future cash flows. Refer to Note No.8 to the consolidated financial statements.	<p>Our Audit procedure in respect of this area included:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Understand and assess the management's estimate and related policies used in the credit loss analysis. Performed test of key controls to analyze operating effectiveness relating to calculation of impairment provisions. Reviewed the data flows from source systems to spreadsheet-based models to test their completeness and accuracy. For Expected Credit Loss (ECL) of trade receivables assessed on individual level by the management, examined on a test check basis, the objective evidence relating to the impairment of trade receivables and the key assumptions used in the estimate of the cash short falls and reviewed whether amounts have been recovered after the end of reporting period. Obtained debtor's credit information on sample basis to ascertain whether the classification of debtors is in compliance with the company's policy.

as amended ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group as at March 31, 2019, the consolidated profit, consolidated total comprehensive income, consolidated changes in equity and its consolidated cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act (SAs). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis of our opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

S.No	Key Audit Matter	Auditor's Response
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reviewed the management's ageing analysis based on days past due by examining the original documents (such as invoices and bank deposit advices). Verified the calculation of ECL of each type of trade receivables according to the provision matrix.
2	<p>a) The company has granted loans (including interest accrued) aggregating to ₹. 19,02,41,723/- to its Subsidiaries Nettlinx Reality private Limited, Sri Venkateswara Green Power Projects Limited, as at March 31, 2019.</p> <p>Considering the deteriorated financial position of the "Subsidiaries", there are indicators of potential impairment of loans (including interest accrued) as set out in (a) above.</p> <p>The Management has assessed the impairment of Company's "Investment in Subsidiaries" by reviewing the business forecast of "Subsidiaries", using discounted cash flow valuation model and noted that no provision for impairment is required to be made in respect of these loans (including interest accrued).</p> <p>We considered this as a Key audit matter due to significant judgements involved in estimating future cash flows in the model prepared by the Management to support the carrying value of above loans (including interest accrued) and determining significant assumptions of discount rate, terminal growth rate, etc. adopted in this model.</p> <p>(Refer Note No.10 to the Consolidated Financial statements).</p>	<p>Our procedures included, amongst others, the following:</p> <p>Understanding and evaluating the design and testing the operating effectiveness of the Company's control over review of impairment assessment of "Investment in subsidiaries"; and recognition of provision for loans (including interest accrued);</p> <p>In respect of impairment assessment of "Loans to subsidiaries";</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Assessing reasonableness of the Management's historical business forecasts by comparing the business forecasts used in the prior year with the actual performance in the current year. Testing the mathematical accuracy of the underlying model, reviewing reasonableness of the assumptions/ information considered in the model by examining source data and supporting documentation and checking the impairment assessment prepared by the management. Comparing the business forecasts with the latest Board approved budgets; Considered the work of external independent valuation expert engaged by the Group; Assessed the independent valuation expert's methods, competency and objectivity; Involving auditor's valuation experts for testing appropriateness of the method and model used, evaluating reasonableness and challenging key assumptions used such as discount rate, terminal growth rate, etc. adopted by the management in the model; Understanding of the operating parameters used in the model and assessing consistency of our understanding of parameters with those considered in the model; Performing sensitivity tests on the model by analysing the impact of using alternate assumptions of discount rates, terminal growth rates, etc., within a reasonable and foreseeable range. <p>Considered the results of the aforesaid procedures in evaluating the recoverability of loans (including interest accrued).Based on the above procedures performed, we noted that the Management's assessment of impairment of investments in subsidiaries, recoverability of loans (including interest accrued) to subsidiaries is reasonable.</p>

Information Other than Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this over information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to preparation of these consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance, consolidated total comprehensive income, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are also responsible for overseeing the financial reporting of the Group.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud and error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud and error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis of our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company and its subsidiary companies which are companies incorporated in India, has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used in the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial statements of such entities included in the consolidated financial statements.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the consolidated financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced.

We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) Planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated

financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Other Matters

- We did not audit the financial statements of four subsidiary companies, whose financial statements reflect total assets of ₹.45.77 Crores as at March 31, 2019, total revenues of ₹. 8.56 Crores, total comprehensive income (comprising of profit and other comprehensive income) of ₹. (1.08) for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements. These financial statements have been audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of the subsidiary, and our report in terms of sub-section (3) and (11) of Section 143 of the Act including on other information in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiaries is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.
- Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the reports of the other auditors.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:

- We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid financial statements.
- In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), and the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of accounts for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- (e) On the basis of Written Representations received from the directors of the Company as on March 31, 2019 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Company and its subsidiaries incorporated in India and the reports of the statutory auditors of its subsidiary companies incorporated in India, none of the directors of the Group companies incorporated in India is disqualified as on March 31, 2019 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "**Annexure A**" which is based on the auditor's reports of the Company and its subsidiary companies incorporated in India. Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial control over financial reporting of those companies, for reasons stated therein.

- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditors' Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

- i. The consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations on the consolidated financial position of the Group.
- ii. The Company and its Subsidiaries did not have any material foreseeable losses on long term contracts including derivative contracts.

There are no amounts which are required to be transferred to Investor Education and protection fund.

For C. Ramachandram & Co.,
Chartered Accountants,
Firm Registration No. 002864S

Sd/-
Premnath Degala
Partner
M.No:207133

Place: Hyderabad
Date: 20.05.2019

Annexure -A to the Auditors' Report

(Referred to in paragraph 1 (f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of Nettlinx Limited of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Company as of the Company as of the year ended March 31, 2019, we have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of NETTLINX LIMITED, (hereinafter referred to as "Company"), and its subsidiary companies, which are companies incorporated in India, as of that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Board of Directors of the Company and its subsidiary companies, which are companies incorporated in India, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the respective Companies considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("the ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate

internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence which we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that

- (1) Pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (2) Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and
- (3) Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud

may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company and its subsidiary companies, which are companies incorporated in India, have, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2019, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the respective companies considering the essential components of internal control

stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

Other Matters

Our aforesaid reports under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls over financial reporting insofar as it relates to subsidiary companies is based on the corresponding reports of the auditors of such company.

For C. Ramachandram & Co.,
Chartered Accountants,
Firm Registration No. 002864S

Place: Hyderabad
Date: 20.05.2019

Sd/-
Premnath Degala
Partner
M.No:207133

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2019
(Amount in ₹)

Particulars	Notes	Year Ended March 31, 2019	Year Ended March 31, 2018
ASSETS			
Non-Current Assets			
(a) Property, Plant and Equipment	2	11,26,28,369	10,39,03,001
(b) Capital Work-in-Progress	2.1	18,38,55,868	14,98,10,627
(c) Goodwill	2.2	60,23,073	19,56,344
(d) Other Intangible Assets	2	4,66,383	4,36,422
(e) Financial Assets			
(i) Investments	3	37,09,762	30,33,562
(ii) Other Financial Assets	4	12,000	11,19,011
(f) Deferred Tax Assets (net)	5	1,05,32,666	1,04,79,701
(g) Other Non-Current Assets	6	18,00,000	-
Total Non-Current Assets (1)		31,90,28,120	27,07,38,667
Current Assets			
(a) Inventories	7	10,64,01,464	8,59,07,764
(b) Financial Assets			
(i) Investments		-	70,00,000
(ii) Trade Receivables	8	10,80,39,534	7,94,46,989
(iii) Cash and Cash Equivalents	9	4,21,44,878	4,15,24,872
(iv) Bank Balances other than (iii) above	9	12,00,000	12,00,000
(vi) Loans	10	7,99,69,967	4,40,68,866
(v) Other Financial Assets	4	76,61,072	17,42,697
(c) Current Tax Assets		-	-
(d) Other Current Assets	11	2,48,57,612	3,10,31,644
Total Current Assets (2)		37,02,74,528	29,19,22,833
Total Assets (1+2)		68,93,02,647	56,26,61,500
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
(a) Equity Share Capital	11	11,46,33,120	11,46,33,120
(b) Other Equity	12	16,68,16,140	13,48,45,375
Attributable to Equity Shareholders of the parent		28,14,49,260	24,94,78,495
Non Controlling Interest	13	7,16,91,882	7,29,31,956
Total Equity (1)		35,31,41,143	32,24,10,451
Liabilities			
Non-Current Liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	14	11,80,87,989	8,77,15,324
(b) Provisions	15	20,21,564	15,17,046
(c) Deferred Tax liabilities	16	9,99,504	-
Total Non-Current Liabilities (2)		12,11,09,057	8,92,32,370
Current Liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	17	6,32,95,833	5,42,43,086
(ii) Trade Payables	18	78,80,764	1,00,56,755
(iii) Other Financial Liabilities other than those specified in (c)	19	6,21,99,683	7,03,62,074
(b) Other Current Liabilities	20	6,46,99,868	66,64,086
(c) Provisions	15	4,51,933	2,07,750
(d) Current Tax Liabilities (Net)	21	1,65,24,366	94,84,928
Total Current Liabilities (3)		21,50,52,447	15,10,18,679
Total Equity and Liabilities (1+2+3)		68,93,02,647	56,26,61,500

Corporate Information and Significant Accounting Policies
See Accompanying Notes Form Integral Parts of Financial Statements 2 to 27
In terms of our report attached
For C. Ramachandram & Co

Chartered Accountants

FRN:002864S

Sd/-

(Premnath Degala)

Partner

Membership No.207133

Place: Hyderabad.

Date: 20.05.2019

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
FOR NETTLINX LIMITED

Sd/-

(Manohar Loka Reddy)

Chairman & Director

DIN:00140229

Sd/-

(G Sai Ram)

Company Secretary and Compliance Officer

Sd/-

(Chandra Sekhar Pogula)

CEO & Whole Time Director

DIN:00007536

Sd/-

(S.Mahaganesh)

Chief Financial Officer

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019
(Amount in ₹)

Particulars	Notes	Year Ended March 31, 2019	Year Ended March 31, 2018
I INCOME			
(a) Revenue from Operations	22	20,59,81,597	15,71,70,475
(b) Other Income	23	2,86,86,834	2,45,10,532
Total Income		23,46,68,431	18,16,81,007
II Expenses			
(a) Access Charges, License Fee and Network Expenses	24	2,66,69,459	2,95,59,318
(b) Employee Benefit Expenses	25	6,55,40,674	5,17,97,517
(c) Finance Costs	26	2,71,24,396	2,23,16,960
(d) Depreciation and Amortization Expense	2	82,93,771	63,46,001
(e) Other Expenses	27	6,05,11,739	5,25,91,548
Total Expenses		18,81,40,039	16,26,11,345
III Profit/(Loss) before Exceptional Items and Tax (I - II)		4,65,28,393	1,90,69,663
IV Exceptional items			
V Profit/(Loss) before Tax (III - IV)		4,65,28,393	1,90,69,663
VI Tax Expenses			
(a) Current Tax		1,65,24,366	1,13,68,451
(b) Deferred Tax Charge /(Credit)		(7,65,093)	8,89,196
Total Tax Expenses		1,57,59,273	1,22,57,647
VII Profit After Tax (V - VI)		3,07,69,120	68,12,016
VIII Other Comprehensive Income/Loss			
A (i) Items that will not be Reclassified to Profit or Loss			
(a) Changes in Revaluation Surplus		-	3,12,40,970
(b) Remeasurement of the Defined Benefit Plans		97,452	3,30,126
(c) Net (Loss)/ Gain on Fair Value Through OCI (FVTOCI) Equity Securities		4,24,795	(12,51,629)
(ii) Income Tax on Items that may not be Reclassified to Profit or Loss		(1,69,940)	(70,15,572)
		3,52,307	2,33,03,895
IX Total Comprehensive Income for the year (VII + VIII)		3,11,21,427	3,01,15,911
X Profit for the year attributable to			
Shareholders		3,20,09,194	(6,44,87,727)
Non Controlling Interest		(12,40,074)	7,12,99,743
XI Total Comprehensive Income attributable to			
Shareholders		3,23,61,500	(4,11,83,832)
Non Controlling Interest		(12,40,074)	7,12,99,743
X Earnings Per Share of Rs.10 each fully paid up			
(i) Basic		2.71	2.63
(ii) Diluted		2.71	2.27
XI Weighted Average Equity Shares used in Computing Earnings per Equity Share			
(i) Basic		11463312	11463312
(ii) Diluted		11463312	13258439

Corporate Information and Significant Accounting Policies 1
See Accompanying Notes form Integral Parts of Financial Statements 2 to 27

In terms of our report attached
For C. Ramachandram & Co

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
FOR NETTLINX LIMITED

Chartered Accountants
FRN.002864S

Sd/-

(Premnath Degala)

Partner

Membership No.207133

Sd/-

(Manohar Loka Reddy)

Chairman & Director

DIN:00140229

Sd/-

(G Sai Ram)

Company Secretary and Compliance Officer

Sd/-

(Chandra Sekhar Pogula)

CEO & Whole Time Director

DIN:00007536

Sd/-

(S.Mahaganesh)

Chief Financial Officer

Place: Hyderabad.

Date: 20.05.2019

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019
(Amount ₹ in Lakhs.)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2019	For the year ended March 31, 2018
A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
<i>Profit before tax for the year</i>	465.28	190.7
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation and Amortization Expense	82.94	63.5
Finance Costs	271.24	245.1
Unwinding of Discount on Decommissioning Liabilities	1.56	-
Interest Income	(147.56)	(158.4)
Profit on Sale of Property, Plant and Equipment (Net)	(95.55)	(70.5)
Bad-Debt Written Off	27.07	12.5
Grant in Aid (net)	139.71	9 2.2
Operating Cash Flows Before Working Capital Changes		
Increase/(Decrease) in Trade Receivables Increase	(285.93)	78.2
(Increase)/ Decrease in Inventories	(204.94)	(0.9)
(Increase)/ Decrease in Trade Payables	(21.76)	39.7
(Increase)/ Decrease in Other Current Liabilities	580.36	(11.1)
(Increase)/ Decrease in Other Non-Current Assets	(18.00)	14.9
(Increase)/ Decrease in Provisions	5.05	0.6
Increase/ (Decrease) in Loans and Advances	(359.01)	(26.6)
Increase/ (Decrease) in Other Financial Liabilities	(81.62)	(183.82)
Cash Flows From Operating Activities	421.17	377.7
Net Tax Paid	(94.85)	(88.1)
Net Cash Generated From Operating Activities (A)	326.32	289.6
B. Cash Flows From Investing Activities		
Acquisition of Property, Plant and Equipment	(64.83)	(168.7)
Interest Income	147.56	158.4
Increase/Decrease in Capital Work in Progress	(340.45)	161.1
Profit on Sale of Property, Plant and Equipment (net)	173.66	70.5
Movement in Loans and Advances	(359.01)	(795.5)
Net Cash Generated/ Used in Investing Activities (B)	(443.08)	(694.5)
C. Cash Flows From Financing Activities		
Proceeds from Long Term Borrowings	303.73	429.1
Proceeds from Short Term Borrowings	90.53	127.3
Finance Costs	(271.24)	(245.1)
Money Received Against Share Warrants	-	-
Net Cash Generated From/ (Used in) Financing Activities (C)	123.01	311.3
Net Increase/ (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents (A + B + C)	6.20	(93.7)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Beginning of the year	415.25	508.9
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the year	421.45	415.3

In terms of our report attached
For C. Ramachandram & Co
Chartered Accountants
FRN.002864S

Sd/-
(Premnath Degala)
Partner
Membership No.207133

Place: Hyderabad.
Date: 20.05.2019

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
FOR NETTLINX LIMITED

Sd/-
(Manohar Loka Reddy)
Chairman & Director
DIN:00140229

Sd/-
(G Sai Ram)
Company Secretary and Compliance Officer

Sd/-
(Chandra Sekhar Pogula)
CEO & Whole Time Director
DIN:00007536

Sd/-
(S.Mahaganesh)
Chief Financial Officer

NOTE – 2
Property, Plant & Equipment

Particulars	Buildings	Plant & Equipment	Furniture & Fixtures	Vehicles	Office Equipment	Land	Computers	TOTAL	Intangible Assets	
									Software	TOTAL
<i>Cost</i>										
As at 31-03-2018	3,42,72,000	10,78,39,891	82,35,616	2,81,83,718	93,26,762	3,74,17,871	9,67,716	22,62,43,574	4,49,130	4,49,130
IND AS adjustment										
Additions/Revaluation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at 31-03-2019	3,42,72,000	11,27,39,084	82,35,616	2,81,83,718	1,04,55,515	4,77,06,894	13,17,756	24,29,10,583	5,39,130	5,39,130
Depreciation										
As at 31-03-2018	25,09,740	9,46,38,499	74,01,051	1,24,74,696	43,64,346	-	6,60,151	12,20,48,483	12,708	12,708
Charge for the year-2019	6,91,661	19,34,502	2,06,193	41,90,442	9,54,105	-	2,56,827	82,33,731	60,039	60,039
Disposals-2019	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at 31-03-2019	32,01,401	9,65,73,001	76,07,244	1,66,65,138	53,18,451	-	9,16,978	13,02,82,214	72,747	72,747
Net Block										
As at 31-03-2019	3,10,70,599	1,61,66,083	6,28,372	1,15,18,580	51,37,064	4,77,06,894	4,00,778	11,26,28,369	4,66,383	4,66,383
As At 31-03-2018	3,17,62,260	1,32,01,392	8,34,565	1,54,16,917	49,62,416	3,74,17,871	3,07,565	6,41,78,234	4,36,422	4,36,422

Capital Work- in -Progress

Particulars	Buildings Under Development	Pre-Operative Expenses@	TOTAL
As At 31-03-2019	18,38,55,868	-	18,38,55,868
As At 31-03-2018	14,98,10,627	-	14,98,10,627

NOTE-2.2

Goodwill		
Particulars	As at 31.03.2019	As at 31-03-2018
Goodwill on consolidation	60,23,073	19,56,344

There is a movement in Goodwill due to change in % of holding in SV Green Power Projects Limited and also due to merger of Nettlinx Aquaculture Private Limited with Nettlinx Limited.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

All amounts are in ₹ unless otherwise stated

NOTE – 3	As at 31-03-2019	As at 31-03-2018
Non-Current Investments		
Investments carried at Cost		
Unquoted Equity shares		
Investments in Others		
i. Investment in Equity Shares of Brightcom Group Ltd (5,15,000 no's of Equity Shares, face value of ₹.10) fully paid up or not	3,45,96,441	3,43,45,036
ii. Northeast Broking Services Ltd (11,600 Equity Shares of ₹.10 each fully paid up)	1,16,000	1,16,000
iii. Northeast Commodities Private Ltd (1,20,000 Equity Shares of ₹.10 each fully paid up)	12,00,000	12,00,000
Investments carried at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)	(3,22,02,679)	(3,26,27,474)
Unquoted Equity Shares	-	-
TOTAL	37,09,762	30,33,562
Investments carried at Cost - Unquoted Equity Shares in Subsidiaries and Associates	3,59,12,441	18,20,20,296
Investments carried at (FVTOCI) - Unquoted Equity Shares in Others	(3,22,02,679)	(3,26,27,474)
NOTE – 4	As at 31-03-2019	As at 31-03-2018

Other Financial Assets		
(Unsecured, Considered good)		
Non – Current		
- Security Deposits(Bank Deposits with Maturity more than 12 months)	2,000	11,19,011
Rental Deposits	10,000	
TOTAL	12,000	11,19,011
Current		
Interest Accrued but not due	2,01,014	2,60,437
Rental Deposits	10,56,850	11,21,850
Other	-	3,60,410
Salary Advances	52,80,647	-
MAT Credit entitlement	11,61,790	-
Advance for Expense	(39,229)	-
TOTAL	76,61,072	17,42,697

*The above Security deposits is given as Bank Guarantee against the license towards Telecom Operations to the Department of Telecommunications.

NOTE –5	As at 31-03-2019	As at 31-03-2018
Deferred Tax Asset		
Related to carried forward loss	(2,99,793)	1,84,07,799
Mat Credit Entitlement	-	-
Disallowances under IT act 1961	-	-
Related to Temporary differences on Depreciation/Amortization	(99,339)	(17,77,214)
Others	1,09,31,798	(44,49,280)
Deferred Tax Asset	1,05,32,666	1,21,81,305
Deffered Tax Liability	-	(17,01,604)
Net Deferred Tax Asset	1,05,32,666	(1,04,79,701)

NOTE – 6
Non Current (Unsecured considered good)

Advance for Land

TOTAL

As at	As at
31-03-2019	31-03-2018
18,00,000	-
18,00,000	-

NOTE – 7
Inventories

(Valued at lower of Cost or Net Realizable Value, unless otherwise stated)

VIOP Phones-Opening Stock

Less: Stock Written Off

Land

TOTAL

As at	As at
31-03-2019	31-03-2018
-	8,65,14,353
-	(6,06,589)
10,64,01,464	
10,64,01,464	8,59,07,764

NOTE – 8
Trade Receivables
Current

Secured, considered good

Unsecured, considered good

Less: Bad Debts

Less: Expected Credit Loss

TOTAL

As at	As at
31-03-2019	31-03-2018
-	
-	
11,07,46,976	7,96,36,618
11,07,46,976	7,96,36,618
15,37,443	1,89,628
11,70,000	
10,80,39,534	7,94,46,989

NOTE – 9
Cash and Cash Equivalents

Balance with Banks

- In Current Account

Cash on Hand

TOTAL
Bank Balance other than cash and cash equivalents

Fixed Deposits with maturity less than 12 months

As at	As at
31-03-2019	31-03-2018
4,18,54,856	4,11,58,700
2,90,022	3,66,173
4,21,44,878	4,15,24,872
12,00,000	12,00,000

NOTE – 10
Loans-Other Financial Assets

Advances to Related Parties

Advances to Employees

Advance of Land

Others

TOTAL

As at	As at
31-03-2019	31-03-2018
4,54,26,391	13,73,28,497
-	2,53,494
1,63,96,480	
1,81,47,096	4,38,15,372
7,99,69,967	18,13,97,363

NETTLINX LIMITED

NOTE – 11

Other Assets

Current (Unsecured considered good)

	As at 31-03-2019	As at 31-03-2018
Prepaid Expenses	3,57,269	1,14,433
Balances with Government Authorities	96,64,778	97,57,717
Other Deposits	1,48,13,737	1,43,59,494
Others	-	68,00,000
TOTAL	2,48,35,783	3,10,31,644

*The above Balance with Government Authorities includes TDS Receivables, GST ,Service Tax & VAT Credits, Other Deposits includes Deposits from Telecom Deposits ,Electrical Deposits & Other Vendor Deposits, Others includes amount receivable on sale of buildings

NOTE – 12

Share Capital

Authorised:

Authorised Capital	34,50,00,000	30,00,00,000
3,45,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each	34,50,00,000	30,00,00,000

Issued, Subscribed and Paid Up:

Issued, Subscribed & Paid up Capital	11,46,33,120	11,46,33,120
1,14,63,312 Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each fully paid up		

TOTAL

11,46,33,120	11,46,33,120
---------------------	---------------------

a) Reconciliation of Equity Shares outstanding at the Beginning and at the end of the Reporting Period is set out below:

Particulars	As at 31-03-2019		As at 31-03-18		As at 01-04-17	
	No. of Shares	₹	No. of Shares	₹	No. of Shares	₹
Balance at the Beginning of the Reporting Period	1,14,63,312	11,46,33,120	1,14,63,312	11,46,33,120	1,14,63,312	11,46,33,120
Changes in Equity Share Capital during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance at the end of the Reporting Period	1,14,63,312	11,46,33,120	1,14,63,312	11,46,33,120	1,14,63,312	11,46,33,120

b) Terms /Rights attached to the Equity Shares

The Company has only one class of Equity Shares having a par value of ₹. 10/- per share. Each Holder of Equity Shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays Dividend in Indian Rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the Shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except in case of Interim Dividend. In the event of Liquidation of the Company, the holders of Equity Shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all Preferential Amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of Equity Shares held by the Shareholders.

c) The Details of Shareholders holding more than 5% Equity Shares is set below:

Name of the Shareholder	As at 31-03-2019		As at 31-03-18	
	No. of Shares held in the Company	% of Shares	No. of Shares held in the Company	% of Shares
Dr.Loka Narayan Reddy	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Dr. Manohar Loka Reddy	54,37,749	47.44	54,23,295	47.31
Northeast Broking Services Ltd	7,26,743	6.34	7,11,743	6.21
Saranya Loka Reddy	6,44,186	5.61	6,44,186	5.61

NOTE 13

B. Other Equity

Particulars	Reserves and Surplus					Items of other Comprehensive Income		Others	Total Equity attributable to Equity Holders of the company
	Capital Reserves	Securities Premium	General Reserve	Retained Earnings	Others	Equity Instruments through other Comprehensive Income	Other items of other Comprehensive Income		
Balance as at the April 1, 2016	1,50,00,000	24,59,99,575	1,30,00,000	87,77,125	46	(7,18,409)	(77,019)		4,62,04,337
Profit for the Year				2,58,21,285					2,58,21,285
Other Comprehensive Income for the year (net of tax, 22)									
Money Received against Share Warrants						(44,85,759)	(19,53,074)		(64,38,833)
Capital Profit/Loss								4,71,22,090	4,71,22,090
Others					(10,95,976)			-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2017	1,50,00,000	24,59,99,575	1,30,00,000	3,45,98,410	(10,95,976)	(44,85,489)	(19,53,074)	4,71,22,090	10,89,26,298
Profit for the Year				1,30,67,171		(13,31,238)	(68,69,956)		48,65,977
Revaluation Reserve					2,41,09,090				2,41,09,090
Other Comprehensive Income for the Year (net of tax, 8)						6,78,372	(50,82,519)		(44,04,147)
Money Received against Share Warrants									
Capital Profit									-
Others					4,79,32,820				4,79,32,820
					(94,48,727)				(94,48,727)
Balance as at March 31, 2018	1,50,00,000	24,59,99,575	1,30,00,000	6,62,01,856	(2,41,09,090)	(13,31,238)	(68,69,956)	4,71,22,090	18,18,31,417
Profit for the Year				5,60,95,904					56,60,95,904
Revaluation Reserve					2,41,09,090				2,41,09,090
Other Comprehensive Income for the Year (net of tax, 8)									
Money Received against Share Warrants								(4,71,22,090)	(4,71,22,090)
Capital Profit	6,37,70,360								-
Balance Sheet 31, 2019	7,87,70,360	2,45,99,575	1,30,00,000	3,45,38,309	2,41,09,090	(13,31,238)	(68,69,956)		6,37,70,360
								-	16,68,16,140

NOTE - 13 Non Controlling Interest

INFORMATION REGARDING NON CONTROLLING INTEREST		As at 31-03-2019	As at 31-03-2018
Accumulated balances of non controlling interest at the beginning		7,29,31,956	16,32,213
Profit / loss added to non controlling interest		(12,40,074)	7,12,99,743
Accumulated balances of non controlling interest at the closing		7,16,91,882	7,29,31,956

NOTE – 14
Long-Term
Non-Current Secured
Term Loans from Banks

	As at 31-03-2019	As at 31-03-2018
1. HDFC	10,00,18,590	8,57,30,957
2. Vehicle Loans	49,74,960	1,68,71,723
3. From Related Parties	1,09,54,060	-
Unwinding of Discount on Decommissioning Liabilities	21,40,379	19,84,367

TOTAL

11,80,87,989	10,45,87,047
---------------------	---------------------

All Secured Long-Term Borrowings from HDFC Ltd taken on 05.12.2015 at the rate of 9.75% interest are secured by way of first charge, having pari passu rights, on the Company's Immovable Assets, both present and future, in favour of Company's lenders/trustees. They are further secured by personal guarantee of Shri Manohar Loka Reddy, Chairman and Managing Director of the Company.

NOTE – 15
Provisions
Non - Current
Employee Benefits

	As at 31-03-2019	As at 31-03-2018
Gratuity	20,21,564	15,17,046
TOTAL	20,21,564	15,17,046

Current
Leave Encashment

	As at 31-03-2019	As at 31-03-2018
Others	2,20,000	2,07,750
	2,31,933	
TOTAL	4,51,933	2,07,750

NOTE – 16
Deferred Tax Liability

	As at 31-03-2019	As at 31-03-2018
Related to carried forward loss	57,18,135	1,84,07,799
Related to Temporary differences on Depreciation/Amortization	6,12,190	(17,77,214)
Others	(19,65,546)	(44,49,280)

Deferred Tax Asset
Deferred Tax Liability

	As at 31-03-2019	As at 31-03-2018
	43,64,779	1,21,81,305
	(53,64,283)	(17,01,604)
Net Deferred Tax Liability	9,99,504	(1,04,79,701)

NOTE – 17
Current Borrowings
UnSecured and Loans Repayable on Demand

	As at 31-03-2019	As at 31-03-2018
From Banks-CC A/c	1,08,54,594	1,55,97,069
Loans From Related Parties	3,60,62,576	-
Others	1,63,78,663	2,17,74,294
TOTAL	6,32,95,833	3,73,71,362

NOTE – 18
Trade Payables
UnSecured
Current

Due to Micro and Small Enterprises

Due to Others

TOTAL

As at 31-03-2019	As at 31-03-2018
-	8,52,298
78,80,764	92,04,457
78,80,764	1,00,56,755

NOTE – 19
Other Financial Liabilities
Current

Current Maturities of Long-Term Debt

Interest Accrued but not Due on Borrowings

Interest on Loan Payable

Outstanding Expenses

Employee Related Expenses

Audit fee payable

HP Finance charges payable

Others

TOTAL

As at 31-03-2019	As at 31-03-2018
71,58,355	70,68,068
-	88,891
4,50,65,981	-
5,55,927	3,47,164
1,16,13,581	72,42,697
1,45,250	-
6,32,615	-
(29,72,026)	-
6,21,99,683	1,47,46,821

NOTE – 20
Other Current Liabilities
UnSecured

Rental Deposit

Statutory Liabilities

Interest on Income tax payable

Advance Received from customers

Tax payable

Others

TOTAL

As at 31-03-2019	As at 31-03-2018
17,08,908	5,60,000
28,12,674	58,77,072
3,76,147	-
5,43,62,469	5,56,15,254
52,18,327	-
2,21,343	2,27,014
6,46,99,868	6,22,79,340

NOTE – 21
Current Tax Liabilities

Provision For Tax

TOTAL

As at 31-03-2019	As at 31-03-2018
1,65,24,366	94,84,928
1,65,24,366	94,84,928

NOTE – 22
Revenue From Operations

Revenue from Sale of Goods

Revenue from Sale of Services

Income from Bandwidth Services

Income from Web Solutions

Income from ITES (export)

Total Revenue from Operations

For the Year ended 31-03-2019	For the Year ended 31-03-2018
55,000	32,85,258
20,59,26,597	15,38,85,217
7,00,92,034	2,67,18,018
8,68,61,154	8,80,53,514
4,89,73,410	3,91,13,685
20,59,81,597	15,71,70,475

NOTE – 23

	For the Year ended 31-03-2019	For the Year ended 31-03-2018
a) Other Income	1,74,40,171	1,69,61,585
Rental Income	22,46,191	31,32,520
Interest Income	1,47,55,888	1,23,01,799
Others	4,38,092	15,27,266
b) Other Non Operating Income	1,12,46,663	75,48,947
Net Gain on Foreign Currency Transactions	16,91,518	4,99,680
Profit on Sale of Asset	95,55,145	69,89,175
Gain on Sale of Investments	-	60,092
TOTAL	2,86,86,834	2,45,10,532

The above Interest Income and Rental Income includes income from Related Parties to the extent of ₹.1,64,29,319/- (31st March 2018; ₹.1,16,05,122).

NOTE – 24

	For the Year ended 31-03-2019	For the Year ended 31-03-2018
Access Charges, License Fee and Network Expenses		
Bandwidth, Leased Circuit Charges & Service Charges	2,30,65,600	2,66,81,687
Domain Registration Expenses	1,57,409	1,41,231
Annual Membership Fee	97,154	86,880
DOT Licence Fees	33,49,296	26,49,520
TOTAL	2,66,69,459	2,95,59,318

NOTE – 25

	For the Year ended 31-03-2019	For the Year ended 31-03-2018
Employee Benefit Expense		
Salaries (including Managerial Remuneration)	6,24,17,062	4,70,68,355
Contribution to PF, ESI and other Funds	14,08,495	10,38,136
Staff Welfare Expenses	16,17,666	33,60,900
Defined Benefit Plans	97,452	3,30,126
TOTAL	6,55,40,674	5,17,97,517

NOTE – 26

	For the Year ended 31-03-2019	For the Year ended 31-03-2018
Finance Costs		
Interest on Financial Liabilities at Amortised Cost:	-	-
Interest on Term Loans	1,11,93,952	72,29,345
Interest on Working Capital	11,18,105	10,14,234
Vehicle Loans	4,369	-
Unwinding of Discount on Decommissioning Liabilities	1,56,012	21,76,614
Interest on Others	27,438	1,18,96,767
Interest on Unsecured Loans	18,64,653	-
Interest on ICD	1,27,59,867	-
TOTAL	2,71,24,396	2,23,16,960

NOTE – 27
Other Expenses

	For the Year ended 31-03-2019	For the Year ended 31-03-2018
Computer & Network Maintainance	15,39,713	18,57,755
Workers Compensation Charges	1,49,612	3,05,456
Rent	38,76,649	39,69,149
Insurance	4,45,640	7,30,499
Bank Charges	9,72,342	9,64,643
Auditors' Remuneration	2,88,500	1,73,000
Accounting Fee	1,16,800	75,550
Legal & Professional Charges	25,83,627	35,24,509
Printing & Stationery	3,15,327	2,50,825
Communication Cost	4,63,290	4,67,751
Directors Travelling Expenses	19,68,896	15,31,624
Others Travelling Expenses	22,20,105	2,34,507
Conveyance Expenses	9,41,781	8,85,462
Power & Electricity	28,23,755	29,83,475
Rates & Taxes	12,89,504	19,05,358
Security Service Charges	6,33,577	8,04,065
Office Maintenance	21,56,822	15,83,209
Bad Debts	15,37,443	7,96,217
Demat Charges	1,50,333	86,542
Vehicle Maintainance	13,89,618	8,42,044
Advertisement & Publicity	1,75,490	9,96,973
Postage & Telgram	3,941	-
Interest on Late Payment	9,89,379	11,64,998
Other Administrative Expenses	22,25,794	32,25,784
Software Development Expenses	2,89,83,311	2,16,02,687
USIC Fees	8,715	10,22,878
Expected Credit Loss	11,70,000	-
Others	10,91,774	6,06,589
TOTAL	<u>6,05,11,739</u>	<u>5,25,91,548</u>

NOTES OF ACCOUNT

A. General Information

Nettlinx is an Internet Infrastructure initiative of the Nettlinx Group. Nettlinx Limited (hereinafter referred to as "the Holding Company") and its subsidiaries (the Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group") comprising of the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2019, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the consolidated financial statements").

B. Basis of preparation of financial statements

B.1. Statement of Compliance

These consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in India and in compliance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) Specified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013 ("the Act") read with rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) (Amendment) Rules, 2017 and other provisions to the Act, to the extent notified and applicable as well as applicable guidance notes and pronouncements of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the ICAI)

The financial statements were authorized for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on 20 May, 2019.

Details of the accounting policies are included in Note 1.

B.2 Basis of preparation and presentation

These consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS), under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis, except for the following material items in the statement of financial position:

- Certain financial assets and liabilities are measured at fair value;
- Employee defined benefit assets/(liability) are recognized as the net total of the fair value of plan assets, plus actuarial losses, less actuarial gains and the present value of the defined benefit obligation;
- Long term borrowings are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method.

The Ind AS are prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 3 of the Companies

(Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and relevant Amendment rules issued thereafter.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly-issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

As the year-end figures are taken from the source and rounded to the nearest digits, the figures reported for the previous quarters might not always add up to the year-end figures reported in this statement.

B.3 Basis of Consolidation

Nettlinx Limited Consolidates entities which it owns or controls. The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the company, its controlled entities as disclosed in Note 30(c). Control exists when the parent has power over the entity, is exposed or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns by using its power over the entity. Power is demonstrated through existing rights that give the ability to direct relevant activities, those which significantly affect the entity's returns. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date control commences until the date control ceases.

The financial statements of the Group companies are consolidated on a line-by-line basis and intra-group balances and transactions including unrealized gain / loss from such transactions are eliminated upon consolidation. These financial statements are prepared by applying uniform accounting policies in use at the Group. Non-controlling interests which represent part of the net profit or loss and net assets of subsidiaries that are not, directly or indirectly, owned or controlled by the Company, are excluded.

B.4 Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in Indian rupees, which is the functional currency of the Group.

All amounts are in Indian Rupees except share data, unless otherwise stated.

B.5 Operating Cycle

All the assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out under Ind AS and in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013.

Assets:

An asset is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- a) it is expected to be realized in, or is intended for sale or consumption in, the Company's normal operating cycle;

- b) it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- c) it is expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting date; or
- d) it is cash or cash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Liabilities:

A liability is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- a) it is expected to be settled in the Company's normal operating cycle;
- b) it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- c) it is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting date; or
- d) the Company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

B.6 Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty.

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in Note 1, the management of the Group are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The following are the areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgements that the management has made in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements:

Provision and contingent liability

On an ongoing basis, Group's reviews pending cases, claims by third parties and other contingencies. For contingent losses that are considered probable, an estimated loss is recorded as an accrual in financial statements. Loss Contingencies that are considered

possible are not provided for but disclosed as Contingent liabilities in the financial statements. Contingencies the likelihood of which is remote are not disclosed in the financial statements. Gain contingencies are not recognized until the contingency has been resolved and amounts are received or receivable.

Useful lives of depreciable assets

Useful life of Property, Plant and Equipment including intangible asset: Residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Investment in equity instruments of subsidiary and associate companies

During the year, the Group assessed the investment in equity instrument of subsidiary and associate companies carried at cost for impairment testing. These companies are expected to generate positive cash flows in the future years. Detailed analysis has been carried out on the future projections and the Group is confident that the investments do not require any impairment.

B.7 Fair value measurement and valuation process:

The Group measured financial assets and liabilities, if any, at fair value for financial reporting purposes.

The Group recognizes transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

1. Significant accounting Policies
1.1 Revenue recognition

The Group offers a complete range of network solutions like Internet, Network Management Services, Data Centre and Co-Location Services and Enterprise Mailing Solutions etc and derives revenues primarily from business IT services comprising of software development and related services, consulting and package implementation.

Revenue is recognized upon transfer of control of promised products or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration we expect to receive in exchange for those products or services.

Revenue from Online information and database access or retrieval recognized as the service is performed on the basis of actual usage of the company network in accordance with contractual obligation and is recorded net of Goods & service tax

Company provided specialised features to the subscribers which entitles them to access the network of the company, in such case the revenue is recognised when such features are activated and used by the subscriber.

Products and platforms:

The Group offers a complete range of network solutions like Internet, Network Management Services, Data Centre and Co-location Services and Enterprise Mailing Solutions etc and derives revenues in the way of sale of products, sale of VOIP Telephones and y way of provision of Bandwidth Services, Web Solutions & ITES(Exports).

Revenue includes only the gross inflows of economic benefits received a receivable by the entity on its own account. Amounts collected on behalf of third parties such as sales taxes, goods and services taxes and value added taxes are not economic benefits which flow to the entity and do not result in increases in equity. The company presents revenues net of taxes in its statement of Profit and Loss.

Other Income

Other income is comprised primarily of interest income, Rental income and exchange gain / loss on translation of other assets and liabilities. Interest income is recognized using the effective interest method.

1.2 Foreign currency Transactions.
Functional currency

The functional currency of the Company is the Indian rupee. These financial statements are presented in Indian rupees (rounded off wherever required)

Transactions and translations

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are recorded at the exchange rates prevailing at the time of the transaction.

Foreign-currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities are translated into the relevant functional currency at exchange rates in effect at the Balance Sheet date. The gains or losses resulting from such translations are included in net profit in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Non-monetary assets and non-monetary liabilities denominated in a foreign currency and measured at fair value are translated at the exchange rate prevalent at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary assets and non-monetary liabilities denominated in a foreign currency and measured at historical cost are translated at the exchange rate prevalent at the date of the transaction.

Exchange difference on monetary items is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which it arises except for;

- (a) Exchange difference on foreign currency borrowings relating to depreciable capital asset is included in cost of assets.
- (b) Exchange difference on foreign currency transactions, on which receipt and/ or payments is

not planned, initially recognised in Other Comprehensive Income and reclassified from Equity to profit and loss on repayment of the monetary items.

The results and financial position of foreign operations with functional currency different from the presentation currency, are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- (a) Assets and liabilities for each consolidated statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that consolidated statement of financial position;
- (b) income and expenses for each consolidated statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates (unless average rate is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the rate on the dates of the transactions); and
- (c) All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated into rupee, the functional currency of the company, at the exchange rates at the reporting date. Exchange difference arising are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent that the exchange differences is allocated to the non-controlling interests.

1.3 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets are capitalized as part of the cost of such assets up to the commencement of commercial operations. A qualifying asset is one that necessarily takes substantial period of time to get ready for intended use. Other borrowing costs are recognized as an expense in the year in which they are incurred. Borrowing cost includes interest incurred in connection with the arrangement of borrowings to the extent they are regarded as an adjustment to the interest cost.

1.4 Taxes on Income Tax and Deferred Tax

Income Tax comprises of current and deferred tax. It is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination or to an item recognized directly in equity or other comprehensive income.

Provision for income tax is made on the basis of taxable income for the year at the current rates. Tax expense comprises of current tax and deferred tax at the applicable enacted or substantively enacted rates.

Current tax represents amount of Income Tax payable/ recoverable in respect of taxable income/ loss for the reporting period.

Deferred tax represents the effect of temporary difference between carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax base used in the computation of taxable income. Deferred tax liabilities are generally accounted for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax asset is recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carried forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which such deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current income tax assets against current income tax liabilities and when deferred income tax assets and liabilities relate to the income tax levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net or simultaneous basis.

Deferred tax assets/ liabilities are not recognized for initial recognition of Goodwill or on an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and at the time of transaction affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss. MAT credit is recognized as an asset, only if it is probable that the Group will pay normal income tax during the Specified period.

1.5 Business Combinations and intangible assets:

Business combinations are accounted for using Ind AS 103, Business Combinations. Ind AS 103 requires the identifiable intangible assets and contingent consideration to be fair valued in order to ascertain the net fair value of identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the acquiree. Significant estimates are required to be made in determining the value of contingent consideration and intangible assets.

1.6 Earnings per share

In determining Earning per Share, the Group considers net profit after tax attributable to parent and includes post tax effect of any exceptional item. Number of shares used in computing basic earnings per share is the weighted average number of the shares, excluding the shares owned by the Trust, outstanding during the period. Dilutive earning per share is computed and disclosed after adjusting effect of all dilutive potential equity shares, if any except when results will be anti-dilutive.

Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as at the beginning of the period, unless issued at a later date.

1.7 Property, plant and equipment (PPE)

- (i) Property, plant and equipment (PPE) are stated at cost net of any taxes less accumulated depreciation, amortization and impairment loss, if any. Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Group.
- (ii) Cost of an item of PPE comprises of its purchase price including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes after deducting trade discounts and rebates, any directly attributable cost of bringing the item to its working condition for its intended use and present value of estimated costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

1.8 Depreciation

Depreciation is the systematic allocation of the depreciable amount of PPE over its useful life as per Ind AS 16 and is provided on a Reduced Balance Method basis over the useful lives as prescribed in Schedule II to the Act or as per technical assessment.

Depreciable amount for PPE is the cost of PPE less its estimated residual value. The useful life of PPE is the period over which PPE is expected to be available for use by the Group, or the number of production or similar units expected to be obtained from the asset by the Group. Such classes of assets and their estimated useful lives are as under

Particulars	Useful life (in yrs)
Buildings	60
Plant and Machinery	13
Furniture & Fixtures	10
Office Equipment – Others	5
Vehicles	8

1.9 Intangible assets and amortization

1. Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses. Cost includes all direct costs relating to acquisition of Intangible assets and borrowing cost relating to qualifying assets.
2. Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company.
3. There are no intangible assets assessed with indefinite useful life. The life of amortisation of the intangible assets is as follows.

Particulars	Useful life
Software	8 years

4. Intangible assets are amortized over the useful life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortization period and the amortization method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at the end of each reporting year. The estimated useful life of an identifiable intangible asset is based on a number of factors including the effects of obsolescence, demand, competition, and other economic factors (such as the stability of the industry, and known technological advances), and the level of maintenance expenditures required to obtain the expected future cash flows from the asset. Amortization methods and useful lives are reviewed periodically including at each financial year end.
5. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are considered to modify the amortization period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates. The amortization expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognized in the statement of profit and loss.
6. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognized. Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of Intangible Assets is recognised in statement of profit and loss.

1.10 Inventories

Inventories are accounted for at cost and all other costs incurred in bringing the inventory to their present location and condition, determined on weighted average basis or net realizable value, whichever is less. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

1.11 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the Balance Sheet comprise cash at bank and cash in hand and short-term deposits with banks that are readily convertible into cash which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments.

1.12 Statement of Cash Flows (Cash Flow Statement)

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby net profit before tax is adjusted for the effects

of transactions of a non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Group are segregated.

1.13 Employee benefits

1. Provident Fund:

Employees of the Company receive benefits under the provident fund, a defined benefit plan. The employee and employer each make monthly contributions to the plan. A portion of the contribution is made to the provident fund trust managed by the Company or Government administered provident fund. The liability is actuarially determined (using the projected unit credit method) at the end of the year. The contributions are charged to the statement of profit and loss in the year when employee renders the related service. There are no other obligations other than the contribution payable to the respective authorities.

2. Gratuity:

The Company provides for gratuity, a defined benefit retirement plan ("the Gratuity Plan") covering eligible employees. The Gratuity Plan provides a lump-sum payment to vested employees at retirement, death, incapacitation or termination of employment, of an amount based on the respective employee's salary and the tenure of employment with the Company. Liabilities with regard to the Gratuity Plan are determined by actuarial valuation, performed by an independent actuary, at each Balance Sheet date using the projected unit credit method.

3. Compensated Absences:

The Company has a policy on compensated absences which are both accumulating and non-accumulating in nature. The expected cost of accumulating compensated absences is determined by Estimation Basis.

4. The actuarial valuation is done at the end of the year. Actuarial gains/losses are immediately taken to statement of profit and loss and are not deferred.

1.13 Investments in Subsidiaries and Associates

The company's investment in its Subsidiaries and Associates are carried at cost.

1.14 Provisions

1. A provision is recognized if, as a result of a past event, the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation that is reasonably estimable, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation.

Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability.

2. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost.

1.15 Financial instruments

a. Recognition and Initial recognition

The Group recognizes financial assets and financial liabilities when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All financial assets and liabilities are recognized at fair value on initial recognition, except for trade receivables which are initially measured at transaction price. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issues of financial assets and financial liabilities that are not at fair value through profit or loss, are added to the fair value on initial recognition.

A financial asset or financial liability is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL), transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue.

b. Classification and Subsequent measurement

Financial assets

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at

- amortized cost;
- FVTPL

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition, except if and in the period the Group changes its business model for managing financial assets.

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

All financial assets not classified as measured at amortized cost as described above are measured at FVTPL. On initial recognition, the Group may irrevocably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortized cost at FVTPL

if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

Financial assets: Business model assessment

The Group makes an assessment of the objective of the business model in which a financial asset is held at a portfolio level because this best reflects the way the business is managed and information is provided to management. The information considered includes:

- the stated policies and objectives for the portfolio and the operation of those policies in practice. These include whether management's strategy focuses on earning contractual interest income, maintaining a particular interest rate profile, matching the duration of the financial assets to the duration of any related liabilities or expected cash outflows or realizing cash flows through the sale of the assets;
- how the performance of the portfolio is evaluated and reported to the Group's management;
- the risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and how those risks are managed;
- how managers of the business are compensated – e.g. whether compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or the contractual cash flows collected; and
- the frequency, volume and timing of sales of financial assets in prior periods, the reasons for such sales and expectations about future sales activity.

Transfers of financial assets to third parties in transactions that do not qualify for derecognition are not considered sales for this purpose, consistent with the Group's continuing recognition of the assets.

Financial assets that are held for trading or are managed and whose performance is evaluated on a fair value basis are measured at FVTPL.

Financial assets: Assessment whether contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest

For the purposes of this assessment, 'principal' is defined as the fair value of the financial asset on initial recognition. 'Interest' is defined as consideration for the time value of money and for the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period of time and for other basic lending risks and costs (e.g. liquidity risk and administrative costs), as well as a profit margin.

In assessing whether the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest, the Group considers the contractual terms of the instrument. This

includes assessing whether the financial asset contains a contractual term that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows such that it would not meet this condition. In making this assessment, the Group considers:

- contingent events that would change the amount or timing of cash flows;
- terms that may adjust the contractual coupon rate, including variable interest rate features;
- prepayment and extension features; and
- terms that limit the Group's claim to cash flows from specified assets (e.g. non recourse features).

A prepayment feature is consistent with the solely payments of principal and interest criterion if the prepayment amount substantially represents unpaid amounts of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, which may include reasonable additional compensation for early termination of the contract. Additionally, for a financial asset acquired at a significant discount or premium to its contractual par amount, a feature that permits or requires prepayment at an amount that substantially represents the contractual par amount plus accrued (but unpaid) contractual interest (which may also include reasonable additional compensation for early termination) is treated as consistent with this criterion if the fair value of the prepayment feature is insignificant at initial recognition.

Financial assets: Subsequent measurement and gains and losses

Financial assets at FVTPL: These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest or dividend income, are recognized in profit or loss.

Financial assets at amortized cost: These assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. The amortized cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognized in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities: Classification, Subsequent measurement and gains and losses

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortized cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held for trading, or it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognized in profit or loss. Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at

amortized cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is also recognized in profit or loss.

c. Derecognition

Financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and does not retain control of the financial asset.

If the Group enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognized on its balance sheet, but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred assets, the transferred assets are not derecognized.

Financial liabilities

The Group derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire.

The Group also derecognises a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows under the modified terms are substantially different. In this case, a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognized at fair value. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished and the new financial liability with modified terms is recognized in profit or loss.

d. Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the balance sheet when and only when, the Group currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

e. Impairment

The Group recognizes loss allowances for expected credit losses on financial assets measured at amortized cost;

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether financial assets carried at amortized cost and debt securities at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) are credit impaired. A financial asset is 'credit impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

Evidence that a financial asset is credit impaired includes the following observable data:

- significant financial difficulty of the borrower or issuer;
- the restructuring of a loan or advance by the Group on terms that the Group would not consider otherwise;
- it is probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization; or
- the disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties.

The Group measures loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses, except for the following, which are measured as 12 month expected credit losses:

- debt securities that are determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date; and
- other debt securities and bank balances for which credit risk (i.e. the risk of default occurring over the expected life of the financial instrument) has not increased significantly since initial recognition.

Loss allowances for trade receivables are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses.

Lifetime expected credit losses are the expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

12-month expected credit losses are the portion of expected credit losses that result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date (or a shorter period if the expected life of the instrument is less than 12 months).

In all cases, the maximum period considered when estimating expected credit losses is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating expected credit losses, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Group's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward looking information.

Measurement of expected credit losses

Expected credit losses are a probability weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured

as the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive).

NOTE 28

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (IndAS-37)

A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. Where there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

Contingent assets are not recognized in the financial statements. However, contingent assets are assessed continually and if it is virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will arise, the asset and related income are recognized in the period in which the change occurs.

Contingent liabilities/claims not provided for:

	Particulars	2018-19	2017-18
i)	In respect of Bank Guarantees	13,00,000	23,00,000
ii)	In respect of Inland Letter of Credits	43,30,195	43,30,195

Group has received Revised provisional license fee assessment notice from Department of Telecommunications-AP circle for the years 2005-06, 2006-07, 2007-08 and 2008-09 w.r.t ISP(IT) License for 43,30,195/-

NOTE 29

Principles of consolidation:

These Consolidated Financial Statements (CFS) are prepared on the following basis in accordance with Ind AS on "Consolidated Financial Statements" (Ind AS – 110), "Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures" (Ind AS – 28) and "Disclosure of interest in other entities" (Ind AS – 112), specified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013.

(i) Subsidiaries:

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date on which control commences until the date on which control ceases.

(ii) Non-controlling interest (NCI):

NCI are measured at their proportionate share of the acquiree's net identifiable assets at the date of acquisition. Changes in the Group's equity interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions.

(iii) Loss of control:

When the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognizes the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary, and any related NCI and other components of equity. Any interest retained in the former subsidiary is measured at fair value at the date the control is lost. Any resulting gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss.

(iv) Equity accounted investees:

The Group's interests in equity accounted investees comprise interest in associates. An associate is an entity in which the Group has significant influence, but not control or joint control, over the financial and operating policies.

Interest in associates is accounted for using equity method. They are initially recognized at cost which includes transaction costs. Subsequent to initial

recognition, consolidated financial statements include the Group's share of profit or loss and OCI of equity accounted investees until the date on which significant influence or joint control ceases.

(v) Transactions eliminated on consolidation:

The financial statements of the Holding Company, its Subsidiaries and Associates used in the consolidation procedure are drawn upto the same reporting date i.e. March 31, 2019.

The financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies are combined on a line-by-line basis by adding together the book values of like items of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealized income and expenses arising from intra-group transactions, are eliminated. Unrealized losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealized gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

The Consolidated Financial Statements are comprised of the financial statements of the members of the Group as under:

Name of the Company	% of Share holding and voting power	
	As at 31st March, 2019	As at 31st March, 2018
Subsidiaries:		
Nettlinx Reality Private Limited	100%	100%
Nettlinx Aquaculture Private Limited	-	100%
Nettlinx Inc	100%	100%
Sailon SE(Subsidiary of Nettlinx Aqua Culture Limited)	95%	95%
Sri Venkateswara Green Power Projects Limited	53.56%	52.13%

NOTE 29
Goodwill on consolidation:

Goodwill represents the difference between the Holding Company's share in the net worth of subsidiaries and the cost of acquisition at each point of time of making the investment in the subsidiaries. For this purpose, the Holding Company's share of net worth is determined on the basis of the latest financial statements prior to the acquisition after making necessary adjustments for material events between the date of such financial statements and the date of respective acquisition.

NOTE 30
A. Auditors Remuneration:

Particulars	For the Year 2018-19 ₹. In Lakhs	For the Year 2017-18 ₹. In Lakhs
a) Statutory Auditor		
Audit Fee	2.88	2.16
Certification & Fees for other Services	0.054	0.46
TOTAL	2.934	2.62

NETTLINX LIMITED

B. Disclosures required under Section 22 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.

Under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development act, 2006(MSMED) which came into force from Oct 2, 2006, certain disclosures are required to be made relating to MSMED. On the basis of information and records available with the Group, the following disclosures are made for the amounts due to the micro and small enterprises.

(₹ in lakhs)

S.No.	Particulars	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2018
1	Principal amount due to any supplier as at the year end.	-	8.52
2	Interest due on the principal amount unpaid at the year end to any supplier.	-	-
3	Amount of interest paid by the Group in terms of Sec-16 of the MSMED, along with the amount of the payment made to the suppliers beyond the appointed day during the accounting year.	-	-
4	Payment made to the enterprises beyond appointed date under section 16 of MSMED	-	-
5	Amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment, which has been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year, but without adding the interest specified under MSMED.	-	-
6	Amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year and	-	-
7	Amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above or actually paid to the small enterprises, for the purpose of disallowance as deductible expenditure U/S 23 of MSMED.	-	-

C. Related Party disclosures under IND AS - 24.

The List of Related Parties as identified by the management is as under:

Subsidiaries of the Company having significant Influence

Nettlinx Inc, USA

Nettlinx Realty Private Limited

Sri Venkateswara Green Power Limited

Sailon SE

Companies in which directors are interested

North East Broking Services Limited

North East Commodities Private Limited

Key Management Personnel (KMP) of the Company

Shri Manohar Loka Reddy – Chairman and Director

Chandra Sekhar Pogula – CEO and Whole time Director

Shri G. Sai Ram – CS

S.Mahaganesh - CFO

NETTLINX LIMITED

D. Following transactions were carried out with related parties in the ordinary course of business:

(₹ in lakhs)

S.No	Description	Subsidiaries	Parties having Significant Influence	KMP	Relative of KMP	Total
1	Managerial Remuneration			99.15		99.15
2	Advance paid for Expenses					
3	Service Sales					
4	Investments					
5	Loans			(208.43)		(208.43)

Based on the recommendation of the Nomination, Remuneration and Compensation Committee, all decisions relating to the remuneration of the Directors of the Group, in accordance with shareholder's approval, wherever necessary

Terms and Conditions of transactions with Related Parties:

The sale to related parties are made in the normal course of business and on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. Outstanding balances at the year-end are unsecured and interest free.

For the year ended March 31, 2019, the Group has not recorded any impairment of receivables relating to amounts owed by related parties. This assessment is undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates.

E. Earnings per Share (EPS) – (₹. in Lakhs)

S.No.	Particulars	Year Ended 31-03-2019	Year Ended 31-03-2018
1	Profit attributable to the Equity Share Holders (₹ in Lakhs)- A	311.21	301.16
2	No. of Equity Shares	11463312	11463312
3	Nominal Value of the Share (₹)	10	10
4	Basic / Weighted average number of Equity Shares – B	11463312	13258439
5	Earnings per Share (₹) – A/B*	2.71	2.63
6	Diluted Earnings Per Share (₹)- A/(B+E)	2.71	2.27

C) Reconciliation of Effective Tax rate:

Particulars	Year Ended 31-03-2019	Year Ended 31-03-2018
Applicable tax rate	27.82	27.5525
Effect of tax exempt income	0	(0.0195)
Effect of non-deductible expenses	4.2395	0.0163
Effect of allowances for tax purposes	(2.8095)	0
Effect of previous year adjustments	0	0.0009
Effect of Deferred Tax Adjustments	(1.1604)	0
Effective tax rate	27.5502	27.5502

D) As stipulated in IndAS-36, the Group has assessed its potential of economic benefits of its business units and is of the view of that the assets employed in continuing business are capable of generating adequate returns over their useful life in the usual course of its business. There is no indication to the contrary and accordingly the management is of the view that no impairment provision is called for in these accounts.

E) Operating Lease (Ind AS 17)

The Group has not taken any office premises under operating leases.

F) Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's principal financial liabilities comprise loans and borrowings, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance and support Group's operations. The Group's principal financial assets include trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents and refundable deposits that derive directly from its operations.

The Group is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's senior management oversees the management of these risks. The Board of Directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks, which are summarized below.

i) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises two types of risk, interest rate risk and other price risk, such as equity price risk and commodity/ real estate risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include loans and borrowings and refundable deposits. The sensitivity analysis in the following sections relate to the position as at March 31, 2019 and March 31, 2018. The sensitivity analyses have been prepared on the basis that the amount of net debt and the ratio of fixed to floating interest rates of the debt.

The analysis excludes the impact of movements in market variables on: the carrying values of gratuity and other post retirement obligations; provisions.

The below assumption has been made in calculating the sensitivity analysis:

The sensitivity of the relevant profit or loss item is the effect of the assumed changes in respective market risks. This is based on the financial assets and financial liabilities held at March 31, 2019 and March 31, 2018.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Group's long-term debt obligations with floating interest rates.

The Group manages its interest rate risk by having a balanced portfolio of fixed and variable rate loans and borrowings. The Group does not enter into any interest rate swaps.

Interest rate sensitivity

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates on that portion of loans and borrowings affected. With all other variables held constant, the Group's profit before tax is affected through the impact on floating rate borrowings, as follows

₹. in Lakhs

Particulars	Increase / decrease in interest rate	Effect on profit before tax
March 31, 2019		
INR	+1%	23.91
INR	-1%	23.91
March 31, 2018		
INR	+1%	19.98
INR	-1%	19.98

ii) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The credit risk arises principally from its operating activities (primarily trade receivables) and from its investing activities, including deposits with banks and financial institutions and other financial instruments.

Credit risk is controlled by analysing credit limits and creditworthiness of customers on a continuous basis to whom credit has been granted after obtaining necessary approvals for credit. The collection from the trade receivables are monitored on a continuous basis by the receivables team.

The group establishes an allowance for credit loss that represents its estimate of expected losses in respect of trade and other receivables based on the past and the recent collection trend. The trade receivables as on March 31, 2019 is ₹.1080.40 Lakhs (March 31, 2018: ₹.459.35 Lakhs). The movement in allowance for credit loss in respect of trade and other receivables during the year was as follows:

₹. in Lakhs

Allowance for credit loss	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018
Opening balance	21.40	19.51
Impairment loss provided/ (reversed)	11.70	1.89
Closing balance	33.10	21.40

No single customer accounted for more than 5% of the revenue as of March 31, 2019 and March 31, 2018 and there is no significant concentration of credit risk.

Credit risk on cash and cash equivalent is limited as the Group generally transacts with banks and financial institutions.

iii) Liquidity risk

The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of bank deposits and loans.

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments:

₹. in Lakhs

Particulars	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Year ended March 31, 2018				
Borrowings (including Current maturities of long term debt)	207.54	501.47	2552.98	3261.99
Other non current financial liabilities		20.21	...	20.21
Trade payables	78.80		...	78.80
Other Payables	77.14		17.09	630.67
Interest Accrued but not due	0.88	...	...	0.88
Salary and Bonus payable	72.95	...	...	72.95
Year ended March 31, 2018				
Borrowings (including Current maturities of long term debt)	175.46	457.15	513.23	1145.84
Other noncurrent financial liabilities		15.17	...	15.17
Trade payables	118.15		...	118.15
Other Payables	630.67		...	630.67
Interest Accrued but not due	0.88	...	...	0.88
Salary and Bonus payable	72.95	...	...	72.95

G) Capital management

The Group's policy is to maintain a stable capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. Management monitors capital on the basis of return on capital employed as well as the debt to total equity ratio.

For the purpose of debt to total equity ratio, debt considered is long-term and short-term borrowings. Total equity

NETTLINX LIMITED

comprises of issued share capital and all other equity reserves excluding Debenture Redemption Reserve.

The capital structure as of March 31, 2019 and March 31, 2018 as follows

₹. in Lakhs

Particulars	31-Mar-19	31-Mar-18
Total equity attributable to the equity shareholders of the Group	3531.41	3531.41
As a percentage of total capital	66.07	66.07
Long term borrowings including current maturities	1180.88	1180.88
Short term borrowings	632.96	632.96
Total borrowings	1813.84	1813.84
As a percentage of total capital	33.93	33.93
Total capital (equity and borrowings)	5345.25	5345.25

H) Corporate Social Responsibility:

The Group is not required to spend towards Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) as per Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, since the Group is within the threshold limit given as per the provisions of the Act.

I) Standards issued but not effective

Ind AS 116 Leases: On March 30, 2019, Ministry of Corporate Affairs has notified Ind AS 116, Leases. Ind AS 116 will replace the existing leases Standard, Ind AS 17 Leases, and related Interpretations. The Standard sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases for both parties to a contract i.e., the lessee and the lessor. Ind AS 116 introduces a single lessee accounting model and requires a lessee to recognize assets and liabilities for all leases with a term of more than twelve months, unless the underlying asset is of low value. Currently, operating lease expenses are charged to the statement of Profit & Loss. The Standard also contains enhanced disclosure requirements for lessees. Ind AS 116 substantially carries forward the lessor accounting requirements in Ind AS 17.

The effective date for adoption of Ind AS 116 is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2019. The standard permits two possible methods of transition:

- Full retrospective – Retrospectively to each prior period presented applying Ind AS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors
- Modified retrospective – Retrospectively, with the cumulative effect of initially applying the Standard recognized at the date of initial application.

Under modified retrospective approach, the lessee records the lease liability as the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted at the incremental borrowing rate and the right of use asset either as:

- Its carrying amount as if the standard had been applied since the commencement date, but discounted at lessee's incremental borrowing rate at the date of initial application or
- An amount equal to the lease liability, adjusted by the amount of any prepaid or accrued lease payments related to that lease recognized under Ind AS 17 immediately before the date of initial application.

Certain practical expedients are available under both the methods. The Company is currently evaluating the effect of this amendment on the financial statements.

Amendment to Ind AS 19 – plan amendment, curtailment or settlement - On March 30, 2019, Ministry of Corporate Affairs issued amendments to Ind AS 19, 'Employee Benefits', in connection with accounting for plan amendments, curtailments and settlements.

The amendments require an entity:

- to use updated assumptions to determine current service cost and net interest for the remainder of the period after a plan amendment, curtailment or settlement; and

- to recognise in profit or loss as part of past service cost, or a gain or loss on settlement, any reduction in a surplus, even if that surplus was not previously recognised because of the impact of the asset ceiling.

Effective date for application of this amendment is annual period beginning on or after April 1, 2019. The company is currently evaluating the effect of this amendment on the financial statements.

Ind AS 12 Appendix C, Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments: On March 30, 2019, Ministry of Corporate Affairs has notified Ind AS 12 Appendix C, Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments which is to be applied while performing the determination of taxable profit (or loss), tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates, when there is uncertainty over income tax treatments under Ind AS 12. According to the appendix, companies need to determine the probability of the relevant tax authority accepting each tax treatment, or group of tax treatments, that the companies have used or plan to use in their income tax filing which has to be considered to compute the most likely amount or the expected value of the tax treatment when determining taxable profit (tax loss), tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates

The standard permits two possible methods of transition –

- Full retrospective approach – Under this approach, Appendix C will be applied retrospectively to each prior reporting period presented in accordance with Ind AS 8 – Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors, without using hindsight and
- Retrospectively with cumulative effect of initially applying Appendix C recognized by adjusting equity on initial application, without adjusting comparatives.

The effective date for adoption of Ind AS 12 Appendix C is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2019.

The Group believes that the aforementioned amendments will not materially impact the financial position, performance or the cash flows of the Group.

In terms of our report attached
For C. Ramachandram & Co
 Chartered Accountants
 FRN.002864S

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
FOR NETTLINX LIMITED

Sd/-
(Premnath Degala)
 Partner
 Membership No.207133

Sd/-
(Manohar Loka Reddy)
 Chairman & Director
 DIN:00140229

Sd/-
(Chandra Sekhar Pogula)
 CEO & Whole Time Director
 DIN:00007536

Place: Hyderabad.
 Date: 20.05.2019

Sd/-
(G Sai Ram)
 Company Secretary and Compliance Officer

Sd/-
(S.Mahaganesh)
 Chief Financial Officer

NETTLINX LIMITED

Form No. MGT-11

Proxy form

[Pursuant to section 105(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 19(3) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2015]

Name of the Member(s)

Registered Address

E-mail Id

Folio No /Client ID

DP ID

I/We, being the member(s) of _____ shares of the above named company. Hereby appoint

Name :

E-mail Id:

Address:

Signature , or failing him

Name :

E-mail Id:

Address:

Signature , or failing him

Name :

E-mail Id:

Address:

Signature , or failing him

as my/ our proxy to attend and vote(on a poll) for me/us and on my/our behalf at the 26th Annual General Meeting of the company, to be held on the Wednesday, the 25th September, 2019 at 10.30 A.M., at the Registered Office of the company situated at 5-9-22, Flat No.303, 3rd Floor, My Home Sarovar Plaza, Secretariat, Saifabad, Hyderabad, Telangana-500063 and at any adjournment thereof in respect of such resolutions as are indicated below:

Resolution No.

Sl. No.	Resolution(S)	Vote	
		For	Against
1.	Adoption of Financial Statements.		
2.	To appoint a director in place of Dr. Manohar Loka Reddy (Holding DIN:00140229) who retires by rotation and, being eligible, seeks reappointment.		
3.	Re-appointment of Mr. Kothuri Kameswara Rao (DIN: 00271944) as an Independent Director		
4.	Re-appointment of Mr. Venkata Hanumantha Rao Joginapally (DIN: 02682027) as an Independent Director		

* Applicable for investors holding shares in Electronic form.Affix Revenue Stamps

Signed this _____ day of Sep-2019

Affix
Revenue
Stamps

Signature of Shareholder

Signature of Proxy holder

Signature of the shareholder
across Revenue Stam

Note:

- 1) This form of proxy in order to be effective should be duly completed and deposited at the Registered Office of the Company not less than 48 hours before the commencement of the Meeting.
- 2) The proxy need not be a member of the company

ATTENDANCE SLIP

(To be handed over at the entrance of the meeting hall)

26th Annual General Meeting of the company held on the Wednesday, the 25th September, 2019 at 10.30 A.M., at the Registered Office of the company situated at 5-9-22, Flat No.303, 3rd Floor, My Home Sarovar Plaza, Secretariat, Saifabad, Hyderabad, Telangana-500063

Full name of the members attending

(In block capitals)

Ledger Folio No./Client ID No. _____ No. of shares held: _____

Name of Proxy _____

(To be filled in, if the proxy attends instead of the member)

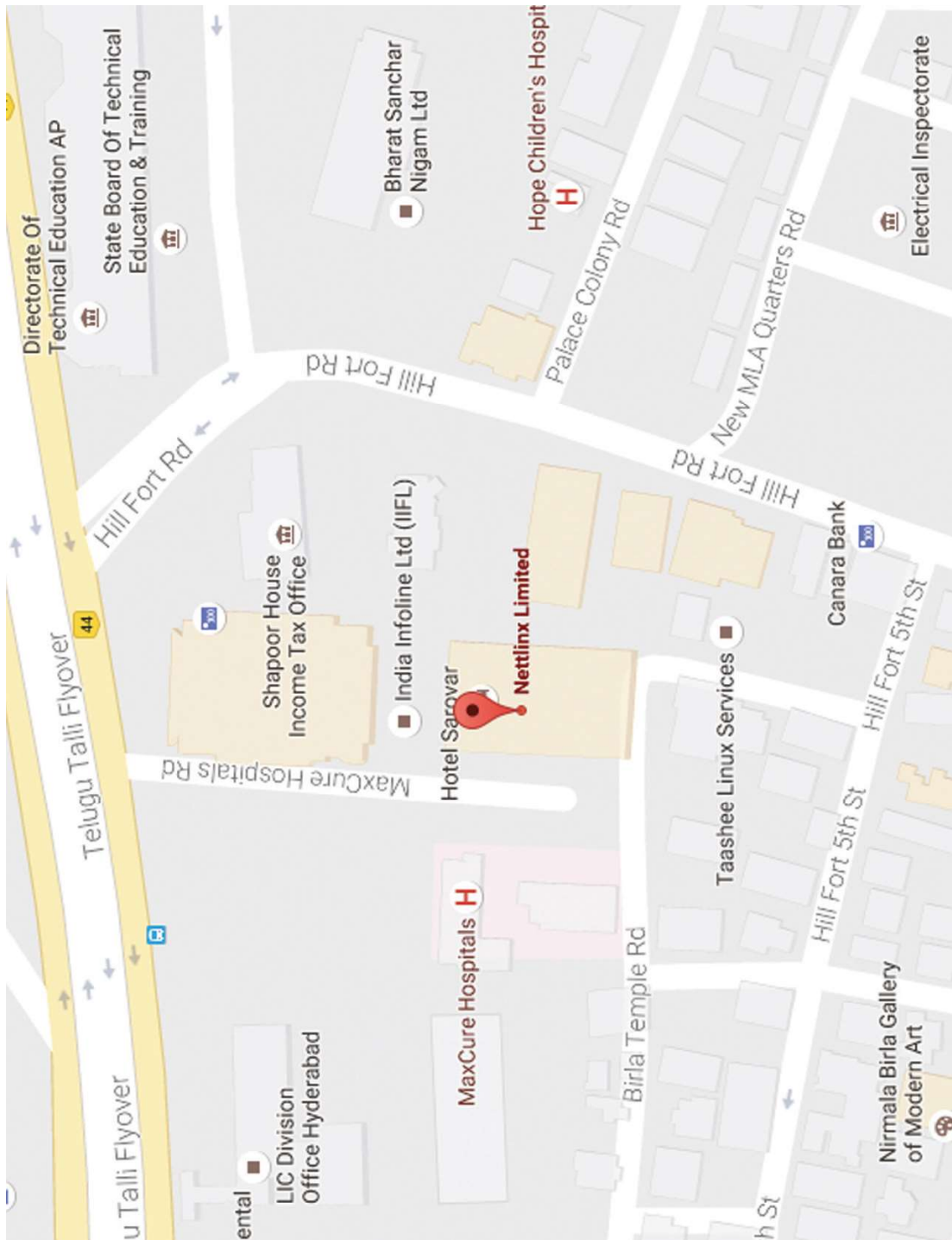
I hereby record my presence at the 26th Annual General Meeting of the Nettlinx Limited held on Wednesday, the 25th September, 2019 at 10.30 AM, at the Registered Office of the company situated at 5-9-22, Flat No.303, 3rd Floor, My Home Sarovar Plaza, Secretariat, Saifabad, Hyderabad, Telangana-500063

(Member's /Proxy's Signature)

EVEN (Remote e-voting Event Number)	USER ID	PASSWORD / PIN

Note:

- Members are requested to bring their copies of the Annual Report to the meeting, since further copies will not be available.
- The Proxy, to be effective should be deposited at the Registered Office of the Company not less than FORTY EIGHT HOURS before the commencement of the meeting.
- A Proxy need not be a member of the Company.
- In the case of joint holders, the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by Proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the vote of the other joint holders. Seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names stand in the Register of Members.
- The submission by a member of this form of proxy will not preclude such member from attending in person and voting at the meeting.



[illegible]

[illegible]

BOOK-POST

TO

If undelivered please return to:

NETTLINX LIMITED

5-9-22, Flat No.303

3rd Floor, My Home Sarovar Plaza,

Secretariat Road, Saifabad,

Hyderabad, Telangana-500 063.

Ph: 91-040-23232200/23231621

Fax: 23231610 E-mail: secretarial@nettlinx.org

Website: www.nettlinx.com